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The Defense Program

THE INFANTRY BOARD

A NEW achievement was chalked up for the Infantry Board recently with the announcement that studies of the use of parachute troops would be carried out at Hightstown, N. J., and at Ft. Benning, Ga., under supervision of officers of the Infantry Board.

The achievement was fleeting mention in the public press after a score of years of anonymity.

But, though virtually unknown outside of the Army, the Infantry Board, like the other permanent boards of the various Arms and Services, has carried on, its members working week in and week out, testing and studying new developments in equipment, arms and supplies; in tactics and organization; in transportation and training.

Created as a permanent board of the service in 1919, the Infantry Board has had an uninterrupted career of service, together with the Infantry School, which it antedates by a few months, and with which it works in the closest harmony.

The objectives of the board are many. For instance, new tactical concepts and new weapons have made obsolete practically every chapter of the Infantry's field manuals. For the past year the board has been rewriting those manuals to incorporate 1940 modes of warfare. This job has required exhaustive tests by the school troops at Ft. Benning, the closest cooperation of Maj. Gen. George A. Lynch, chief of Infantry, and his assistants in Washington.

Another job is the careful study of military developments in Europe and Asia, day by day and week by week. A direct result of the observations of Germany's blitzkrieg has been the necessity of further perfecting anti-tank defenses. The use of parachute troops and the aerial transport of Infantry are receiving study. Equipment and armament must be tested so that the best models may be standardized—whether the new development is a more effective mortar or a lighter tripod for the light machine gun.

How are these tests carried out? The original composition of the board has been changed little through the years. Originally it consisted of the commandant and assistant commandant of the Infantry School, three Infantry officers and an Ordnance officer. There are now eleven officers, including commandant, assistant commandant, and head of the test section. The commandant of the Infantry School, ex-officio, is president of the board; the assistant commandant, ex-officio, is a member. The director of the board is Col. Edwin Butcher.

Section I of the board has general tactics and organization of Infantry; matters pertaining to rifle units; armament, except heavy weapons; tactics, training and organization of units from squad to regiment; tables of organization. The section handles such matters as strip training films, Infantry manuals other than those of heavy weapons and anti-aircraft defense by small arms and machine guns. In this section also are the current para-

(Please turn to Page 44)



Brig. Gen. Augustine McIntyre, USA-Ret., receives Distinguished Service Medal for important contributions to National Defense. Left to right: Maj. Gen. Robert M. Dandford, USA, Chief of Field Artillery, Maj. Gen. William J. Snow, USA-Ret., former chief of Field Artillery, and General McIntyre.

House Passes Bill to Commission Reserve Trainees in Line of Navy

The House of Representatives this week passed and sent to the Senate the bill, H.R. 10406, which authorizes the appointment of graduates of the Naval Reserve Officers' Training Corps to the line of the Regular Navy.

In presenting the bill on the floor, Chairman Vinson termed it "one of the most forward steps with regard to officer personnel that has been proposed to this House for 25 years." In answer to a query, he declared that young men coming into the Navy under the legislation will have every opportunity for promotion afforded Naval Academy Graduates. He declared, "There are some 7,200 boys that will be in these 26 universities and it gives each one of these boys an opportunity and a square deal in getting a commission in the United States Navy as a line officer."

The bill provides that NROTC graduates, commissioned in the Naval Reserve, shall be eligible for commissioned rank in the Navy in numbers designated by the President. All appointees must, on 30 June of the calendar year in which appointed, be less than 26 years of age and shall have completed at least one year of sea duty with the Navy. All would be initially appointed as ensigns, and would subsequently be promoted by selection in the same manner as all other line officers.

The bill also provides that any Naval or Marine Corps Reserve Officer may with his own consent be employed on active duty other than training duty in time of peace for such periods as the Secretary of the Navy may determine.

Reorganization of New Infantry Divisions Ordered by War Dept.

Reorganization of the triangular (streamlined) divisions of the Regular Army, with special emphasis on the artillery component, was ordered by the War Department this week.

In its directive the War Department describes the reorganization as follows:

Division Headquarters

"The commissioned and enlisted personnel of the Artillery Section will be absorbed into the division artillery. The commissioned and enlisted personnel of the Infantry Section will be absorbed into other Infantry elements of the division. The Postal Section, where present, will be transferred to the Headquarters and Military Police Company.

Hq. and Military Police Co.

"The designation of the Mess and Orderly Platoon has been changed to the Special Platoon, and the Postal Section has been transferred from the division headquarters. Otherwise there is no essential change in this unit.

Reconnaissance Troop

"The division reconnaissance troop, already organized, has been added.

Signal Company

"There is no essential change in the organization of this unit.

Infantry Regiment

"(1) The following changes have been made in the Infantry regiment:

"(a) Adding an anti-tank company, absorbing the present anti-tank platoon.

"(b) Doubling the number of 81 mm mortars and .50 caliber machine guns. (Please turn to Page 49)

Army Air Corps Trains Non-Pilot Specialists

The Army Air Corps is embarking on a new phase of its expansion program under which nearly 2,500 men will be trained annually in specialties other than piloting.

Approval was given this week to a policy which will permit the commissioning of such specialists in the Air Corps Reserve. This is the first time in the history of the Air Corps that special training has been given leading to Reserve commissions on a non-piloting status.

Present plans contemplate three phases for this specialized training:

1. Navigators will be trained by the Pan American Airways at the University of Miami, Fla., and also at Barksdale Field, La., under Army instruction.

2. Bombing instructors are to be trained at Lowry Field, Colo. These men will later instruct the flying cadets to be trained as bombardiers.

3. Men are to be sent to five civilian universities to take post graduate courses in meteorology.

Trainees in all three groups will be enlisted in the Air Corps as Flying Cadets (nonpilot). The meteorologists will be commissioned in the Air Corps directly on graduation. Navigators and Bombardiers, after graduation, will be given six months additional training with tactical units of the Air Corps after which they will be commissioned in the Air Corps Reserve. All will be subject to the requirement that they must be willing to accept a tour of extended active duty in their status as reserve officers.

To make possible this training in a non-piloting status, the War Department this week promulgated changes in Army Regulations 615-160 so as to divide the category of Flying Cadet into two divisions, Flying Cadet (pilot) and Flying Cadet (nonpilot). The physical requirements for Flying Cadet (pilot) remain as before, but the physical requirements for Flying Cadet (nonpilot) are somewhat less rigid than those required for pilot training insofar as the requirements in reference to visual acuity are concerned; however, in general, the high physical standards now applicable to flying cadets must be met. The new regulations prescribe that the educational standards for Flying Cadets (nonpilot) will be as prescribed by the Chief of the Air Corps.

The navigator and bombardier courses are being offered to former Flying Cadets, Cadets now in the service who fall because of deficiency in flying, and to certain civilians who meet the prescribed requirements. The use of men "washed-out" from the flying schools is considered particularly fortunate, for while they may have been judged to be inept at piloting they all have passed very rigid examinations and have a good basic knowledge of Air Corps work. Without this opportunity for training and employment as specialists they would be lost to the service.

The Chief of the Air Corps has set the educational qualifications for navigator and bombardier training as follows: first priority, graduates of accredited col-

(Please turn to Page 31)

Editorial Comment on Trade of Old Destroyers for Bases Widespread

A sensation was created by President Roosevelt last week when he informed Congress that he had obtained leases for a series of naval and air bases in British possessions in exchange for 50 over-age destroyers, for though it was known negotiations for bases were progressing, the method of announcing completion was unexpected—first, because Mr. Roosevelt had denied that destroyers were involved in the deal; second, the expected Congressional ratification was not asked.

Nevertheless, the press on the whole favored the deal. Some editors criticized the conduct of the negotiations without consent of Congress, others criticized trade of the destroyers as an act of war.

Outstanding were the comments of two St. Louis papers. The *Post-Dispatch* took a page in two other papers 4 Sept. to protest the deal, and was answered by the *Star-Times* in the same papers on 6 Sept. "Dictator Roosevelt commits an Act of War," stated the *Post-Dispatch*. "The authority which the President quotes for his fatal and secret deal is an opinion from his Attorney General. Whatever legal trickery this yes-man man conjured up, the fact is that the transfer of the destroyers is not only in violation of American law, but is also in violation of the Hague Covenant of 1907, solemnly ratified by the United States Senate in 1908. It is an outright act of war." Stating that it had for ten years urged acquisition of British islands for bases, the paper said the leases "might not be worth the paper they are written upon in a month's time."

After devoting the first part of its reply to a personal attack on the *Post-Dispatch*, the *Star-Times* said: "Unneutral? Of course, it is unneutral, in a world where neutrality has become Hitler's jest and Poland's grave. What kind of a world does the St. Louis *Post-Dispatch* think it is living in? It accused the President, among all his other alleged crimes, of acting 'in violation of the Hague covenant of 1907.' Where is the original of that covenant? What Nazi Storm Trooper's boots are kicking it about, in the shambles of war that has swept over the temple of international peace?"

"There is no doubt," says the Los Angeles, Calif., *Times*, "of the real necessity

of the air and naval bases. Whether we have paid too high a price for them in thus being brought nearer to war, is a question that only time can answer." In the same vein, the New York *Daily News* comments, "There is bound to be a lot of argument over the question whether this virtual act of war against Germany is for weal or woe . . . We hope it will be for weal." Says the Atlanta, Ga., *Constitution*, "The country as a whole will approve it as one of the greatest defense strokes made in behalf of the protection of this country." The *Journal* of that city comments, "No right-minded government would let such an opportunity go by if it could be obtained on reasonable terms. And when the terms were so generous as those offered by Britain, acceptance became a matter of course." "Frankly," says the Cleveland, O., *Plain Dealer*, "we would like it better if some degree of cooperation on the part of Congress had been sought, in spite of what the Attorney General says." Stating that the nation's laws permitted the trade, the Cincinnati, O., *Enquirer* observed, "Under international law, as distinct from our domestic law, the case is not so clear. But our own national security is far more important than compliance with an outmoded international law which our potential enemies do not observe."

The Indianapolis, Ind., *Star*, comments, "While the public will be disposed to the view that the end may have justified the means, in this case there may be a disposition to great anxiety as to what other presidential powers there may be for which the Attorney General might be able to conjure legal authority in the present emergency." The New York *Times* approves, calling the deal "epochal" but suggests "The present agreement would be even more desirable if it had the formal stamp of Congressional approval on it." States the New Orleans, La., *Times-Picayune*, "Our guess is that history will rate this timely trade . . . second only in importance to Jefferson's Louisiana purchase."

Columnist Westbrook Pegler, whose anti-Nazi stand is well known, remarked acidly, "The effects of the trade . . . may be desirable, but the manner of putting across these deals was so shysteresque that only a nation already reconciled to cunning and dishonesty would accept them without protest."

Mackay Trophy to Army Fliers

Officers and men of the Army Air Corps who flew medical supplies to Santiago, Chile, last year, were presented with the Mackay Trophy by Assistant Secretary of War Robert P. Patterson at ceremonies held in his office 12 Sept.

The flight to Santiago was made on 1, 5 and 6 Feb. 1939, at the request of the American Red Cross for the purpose of placing without delay 3250 pounds of urgently needed vaccines and other medical supplies in areas of Chile devastated by the earthquake. Loaded to absolute maximum capacity, the XB-15, piloted by Maj. Caleb V. Haynes, took off from Langley Field, Va., before daylight, 4 Feb., and adhering thereafter to a rigid flight schedule involving the penetration of unfavorable flying weather, a night landing at Panama, night take-offs at Panama and Lima, Peru, landed on schedule at Santiago, Chile, early 6 Feb. 1939.

Members of the flight receiving the award have been widely separated since making the flight. However, most of them were present in Washington for the ceremony. Their names and present stations are as follows:

Maj. Caleb V. Haynes, 41st Recon. Sq., Langley Field, Va.
Maj. William D. Old, 43rd Recon. Sq., MacDill Field, Fla.
Capt. John A. Semford, 52nd Bomb. Sq., MacDill Field, Fla.
Capt. Richard S. Freeman, 28th Comp. Gp., March Field, Calif.
1st Lt. Torgils G. Wold, Hq. Sq., 25th Bomb. Gp., Langley Field, Va.
Mr. Sgt. Adolph Cattarius, 41st Recon. Sq., Langley Field, Va.
Tech. Sgt. Harry L. Hines, 6th Bomb. Sq., MacDill Field, Fla.
Tech. Sgt. William J. Heldt, 41st Recon. Sq., Langley Field, Va.
Tech. Sgt. David L. Spicer, 52nd Bomb. Sq., MacDill Field, Fla.
Staff Sgt. Russell E. Junior, 43rd Bomb. Sq., MacDill Field, Fla.
Staff Sgt. James E. Sands, 41st Recon. Sq., Langley Field, Va.

The Journal Salutes

This week the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL salutes:

Colonels Simon B. Buckner, jr., Thomas A. Terry, and Charles H. Bonesteel upon their elevation to the grade of brigadier general.

Capt. William M. Quigley, USN, who has been appointed chief of the Naval Mission to Peru.

1st Lt. Col. Thomas H. Green, JAGD, USA, who has taken over his new duties as Department Judge Advocate, Hawaiian Department.

Funds for British Children

1st Gen. Hugh A. Drum, commanding general First Army, has accepted a vice-chairmanship in the federal employees' division for solicitation in the campaign of the United States Committee for the Care of European Children. Albert Goldman, chairman of the group, announced this week. The funds are to be used for the reception and care of children evacuated from the British Isles to temporary American foster homes.

Assisting General Drum through the various branches of the service, as reported by Col. Thos. C. Cook of the corps area commander's office, are:

Brig. Gen. Irving J. Philipson, general staff corps, chief of staff; Maj. Gen. Frank W. Rowell, commanding general, New York Port of Embarkation; Col. Avery J. Cooper, commanding 2nd Coast Artillery district; Col. Eley P. Denison, 18th Infantry, commanding officer Ft. Hamilton; Col. Forrest E. Wilford, commanding officer Ft. Hancock; and Capt. Paul A. Jaccard, commanding officer Ft. Tilden.

Also Maj. Sherman E. Willard, 62nd Coast Artillery, commanding officer Ft. Totten; Lt. Col. Holmes E. Dinger, 18th Infantry, commanding officer Ft. Wadsworth; Col. Douglas B. Netherwood, AC, commanding officer Mitchell Field; Col. L. B. Magruder, corps area recruiting officer; Col. John R. McKnight, general dispensary; Lt. Col. Harvey R. Lyles, corps area laboratory; Col. Benjamin O. Davis, senior instructor N. Y. National Guard; Lt. Col. John K. Clement, N. Y. Ordnance District.

Also Col. H. Chay M. Supple, Infantry executive officer 2nd military area; Maj. Cortlandt S. Johnson, Air Corps materiel division; Maj. Harry A. Kuhn, Chemical Warfare procurement division; Capt. G. B. Anderson, office constructing Quartermaster; Col. Edwin Gunner, commanding officer Ft. Slocum; Col. John N. Hodges, division engineer; and Col. Charles L. Hall, district engineer.

West Point Football

West Point, N. Y.—Army's football squad climaxed a week of intensive drill in fundamentals and ball-handling with a full-speed scrimmage on Saturday afternoon, 7 Sept., before a crowd of over 500 officers, cadets and visitors.

Coach Bill Wood pitted the first team against the yellow-jerseyed third team and then matched the second team against the

LE	KEN HANST	JOE GRYGIEL
LT	JACK HARRIS	JIM McKINNEY
LG	RAY MURPHY	JOE HENNESSEE
C	BILL GILLIS (Capt.)	ED EDWARDS
RG	AL MUZYK	JOE WEIDNER
RT	TED MICHEL	RALPH WHITE
RE	STAN HUTSON	JIM KELLEHER
NO. 1	DICK HENNESSY	JOE POWER
NO. 2	BOB EVANS	JOHN ROBERTS
NO. 3	FRANK WADDELL	JOHN HATCH
NO. 4	TED BROWN	HANK MAZUR

Coast Artillery School

The Sixth Refresher Course at The Coast Artillery School, Ft. Monroe, Va., for Battery Officers was held during the period 17 Aug.-14 Sept. 1940. The course is designed to give a thorough review of antiaircraft artillery gunnery and materiel and includes one week of firings. Six courses were given during the period 1 July to 14 Sept. 1940, during which time 370 officers have attended.

The following Coast Artillery Reserve Officers were members of the Sixth Refresher Course:

1st Lt. T. A. Barker	1st Lt. J. A. Beoddy,
2nd Lt. J. S. Bowman	jr.
1st Lt. L. C. Chamberlain	2nd Lt. D. J. Cavallo
1st Lt. J. F. Erwin	2nd Lt. C. G. Chambliss
2nd Lt. W. H. Fox	2nd Lt. Z. W. Chewning, jr.
2nd Lt. H. M. Freedman	2nd Lt. M. R. Cobb
2nd Lt. J. A. Grazioplene	1st Lt. J. E. Dudley
2nd Lt. R. C. Gross	2nd Lt. J. A. Felder
2nd Lt. Harry Hewitt	2nd Lt. H. V. Heim
2nd Lt. P. A. Hutchinson	1st Lt. Fred Hokins
2nd Lt. Russell Jeter	1st Lt. L. G. Hutchins
2nd Lt. G. H. Kimball, jr.	2nd Lt. I. A. Klinger
2nd Lt. R. O. Klossner	1st Lt. R. T. Maddox
2nd Lt. E. L. Lancaster	1st Lt. R. H. Moore
2nd Lt. J. D. McCarthy	1st Lt. W. D. Mudd,
2nd Lt. M. E. McPherson	jr.
2nd Lt. W. E. Porter	1st Lt. W. O. McCall
1st Lt. M. C. Ross	2nd Lt. W. C. Roberson, jr.
1st Lt. T. H. Rousseau	2nd Lt. W. F. Shaver,
2nd Lt. A. H. Sargent	jr.
1st Lt. W. P. Scholl	1st Lt. C. E. Smith
1st Lt. R. E. Shumate	1st Lt. A. D. Truman
1st Lt. J. L. Spackmann	2nd Lt. A. M. Walts
1st Lt. P. M. Stevens	2nd Lt. G. G. Walters
3rd	1st Lt. A. J. Wange
2nd Lt. J. W. Baker	1st Lt. R. D. Barros
1st Lt. L. C. Barden	2nd Lt. H. W. Benson
	2nd Lt. C. J. Bonney
	1st Lt. S. D. Bruns
	2nd Lt. S. J. Cullison

fourth. All members of the squad saw service during the play which was marked by hard tackling and vicious blocking. The coaching staff closely supervised the scrimmage.

Although the squad has been divided into teams, the lineups are tentative and changes are certain to be made as the season progresses. Following are the tentative lineups of the first four teams:

TENTATIVE 1940 ARMY LINEUPS

TOM FARRELL	LOU SEITH
TOM MESEREAU	WILL WILSON
JOHN BUCKNER	MAC HATCH
JIM FRANKS	LIN JORDAN
FELIX GERACE	DON BOLTON
TOM RIENZI	PAUL O'BRIEN
BEN MILLS	GEORGE SEIP
DON THOMPSON	KEARIE BERRY
H. JARRELL	CLAYDE THOMPSON
ELKIN FRANKLIN	ERNE WHITE
JERE MAUPIN	HERB FRAWLEY

2nd Lt. L. D. Curtis	2nd Lt. J. S. Maxwell
1st Lt. C. F. Durgin	1st Lt. H. T. McGhee
2nd Lt. W. G. Efrd,	2nd Lt. R. H. Munson
jr.	1st Lt. R. L. Norton
1st Lt. B. B. Gilbert	1st Lt. E. V. Schneider
1st Lt. G. R. Humel	2nd Lt. H. J. Schutte
2nd Lt. L. W. Hattox	2nd Lt. C. E. Strahan
2nd Lt. S. V. Hinson	2nd Lt. M. D. Strong
2nd Lt. F. L. Jackson	1st Lt. T. J. Swenson
2nd Lt. W. R. Johnson	2nd Lt. A. T. Zelden-
2nd Lt. J. S. Lyell	rust

Awards of Decorations

The War Department has announced the following citation for Distinguished Flying Cross:

"Raymond E. Whitney, private, first class, Medical Department, Regular Army Reserve, then private, first class, specialist third class, laboratory technician, Detachment, Medical Department, United States Army. For heroism while participating in aerial flights. Over a period of more than two years Private First Class Whitney, with complete disregard of his personal safety, voluntarily permitted himself to be subjected to repeated experiments to determine the effects on the human body of prolonged exposure to high altitudes and great pressures. Later, despite a history of failures and fatalities in high level operations of aircraft, he repeatedly participated in test flights of an experimental stratosphere cabin airplane, well knowing that failure of the cabin of the airplane during flight would have been fatal. By his courageous participation in these experiments, Private First Class Whitney contributed greatly to the advancement of aviation medicine and military aviation."

Silver Star awards were announced as follows:

To William R. Houston, formerly corporal, Headquarters Company, 300th Field Artillery, 78th Division, American Expeditionary Forces, "For gallantry in action in the Bois des Loges, France, 1 Nov. 1918."

To Livius J. A. Jähren, formerly corporal, Truck Company C, Army Artillery Park, 1st Army, American Expeditionary Forces, "For gallantry in action at Dannevoix, France, on the night of 19 Oct. 1918."

Did You Read

the following important service stories last week:

Uniform allowances for Army Reserve Officers?

Comdr. Howard Vickery may serve on Maritime Commission?

Air Corps reorganized?

Decision on pay of inducted National Guardsmen?

Additional majors nominated for promotion?

If not you did not read the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL. You cannot get this information from any other source.

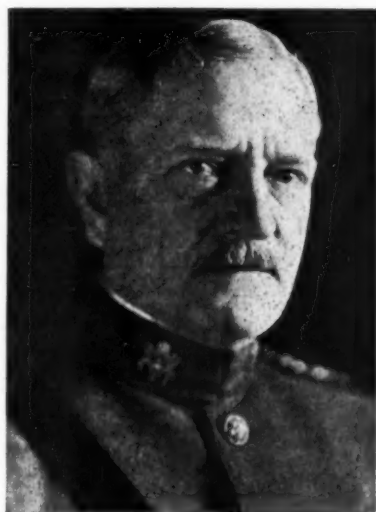
Military Leaders and Statesmen Honor General Pershing on Birthday

BY JOHN CALLAN O'LAUGHLIN

THE country, and its Army and Navy, will be pleased to know that General Pershing has entered upon his eighty-first year, in good health, with that alertness of mind for which he always has been noted, and, as throughout his life, and particularly in these perilous times, deeply interested in National Defense. Occupied with reports, and a voluminous correspondence, and an inveterate reader of newspapers, magazines and books, he is up to date in all matters of national and military interest, and these he discusses with the prominent men and women he receives. He follows developments in the wars in Europe and Asia with the closer attention because of his service in the two continents. The world is well aware today of his distinguished command of the AEF in France, but it barely recalls that he was with the Japanese Armies as an observer when it was battling with the Russian forces in Manchuria in 1903 and 1904. In the former capacity, he acquired intimate knowledge of conditions in Europe, supplemented by annual trips to England and France. In the latter, he informed himself on the situation in the Far East, which was added to by the service he performed in the Philippines. Thus the General is able to interpret current developments, and make estimates of the situation, which are so accurate as to amaze many of his callers.

As the General of the Armies of the United States, General Pershing has been recognized by the President to be in active service, and this makes him the more available for consultation and advice than were he on the retired list. The President has taken occasion to discuss matters of importance to the nation with him, as have the Secretary of War and members of Congress. General Marshall, who was once his aide, lunched with him, on Thursday, as he has frequently done, and talks over questions of Army organization with him. Occasionally, the General speaks over the radio as, for example, when he advocated the delivery of fifty destroyers to England, and yesterday, designated by the American Legion as Legion Day, in his honor, he exchanged greetings with the National Commander of that World War organization. It follows that his days are full from the time, 7.30, he rises in the morning and shaves with an old fashioned blade razor, until he goes early to bed at night.

With many of his friends, the General engages in reminiscence, always to illuminate a point which he wishes to make, and to convey a lesson from his experience, which would be useful especially to the officers and men of the Army. He recalls as a youth fresh from the farm his arrival at West Point, and the grueling and necessary years he spent at the Academy, and he heartily approves its curriculum and its methods of instruction, particularly in leadership and discipline. Assigned to the 6th Cavalry in 1886 and subsequently to the 10th Cavalry, he spent some of his youth on the plains of the West and Southwest, operating against Indians and paving the way for the opening of that rich region to settlement. Asked what was the happiest period of his life, the General mentioned those years as, perhaps, outstanding. There he learned to put into practice the theories he had assimilated at West Point, his instructors being the Sergeants of his command, and to lay the foundation for that leadership which he was to manifest in such an eminent degree in the Philippines, Mexico, and in France. The General does not hesitate to say that service with troops is an absolute necessity for an officer, and his advice to those entering the service is to seek such service, get the feel of the command and gain its confidence. By the training and experience thus acquired, an officer will be fit to conduct his men in action, and can be sure they will follow him wherever he leads. As part of this leadership, the care and needs of the men he considers essential. It will be recalled that when on duty in France, he insisted upon thorough instruction of the men before



GENERAL JOHN J. PERSHING

he placed them into the battle line. Great pressure was put upon him to depart from this principle, but he declined to do so until the troops were comparatively ready; and it was not until necessity forced him in the summer and autumn of 1918 to utilize the green men sent from the states, that he reluctantly fed them into the Armies at the front. He believes now that every effort should be made to train the recruits and conscripts as speedily as possible, and because he wants time for this purpose he strongly advocated the immediate enactment of the draft law. Untrained, undisciplined men, in his judgment, are subjected to a greater percentage of casualties than those who know how to take care of themselves, and he is anxious that every American boy shall be so well instructed that he can perform the maximum service and enjoy the maximum protection.

Moreover, the General is a firm believer in the principle of open rather than trench warfare. This he taught the AEF in spite of the criticism of the Associated Generals, and had not the Germans surrendered, his troops would have been the only forces so instructed. Here it may be said that had the General's advice been followed last September, the United States today would have had a field army of 500,000, well along toward efficiency and able to coordinate with the effectiveness the Hitler Armies displayed in their conquests in Europe.

The men who will comprise the Armies which the United States is now gathering may be assured that the General will watch their training with the most zealous interest, and that he has complete confidence that if called into action they will display the same soldierly gallant spirit as did the men whom, he feels, it was his honor to command.

Greetings to the General

The retiring French Ambassador and his successor called upon the General and presented the felicitation of the latter's World War comrade, Marshal Petain.

Secretary of War Stimson and General Marshall likewise called and congratulated the General.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren Pershing, the General's children, were with their father throughout the day.

Among the many greetings to General Pershing on his birthday were the following:

Secretary of War

"Dear General Pershing:

"Personally and in behalf of all the personnel of the War Department, I wish to extend the warmest congratulations on your eightieth birthday. It is particularly gratifying to know that you are in vigorous health and that your professional skill and sound judgment are at the service of our country in the present emergency.

"Those of us who were privileged to serve directly under you during and subsequent to the World War will ever be grateful for having had the benefit of your inspiring leadership and the example of your patriotic devotion. It is a great pleasure for me to be again associated with you in our national defense.

"With admiration and affection I am, as ever,

"Your sincere friend,
"Henry L. Stimson,
"Secretary of War."

Acting Secretary of the Navy

"To the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

"The eightieth birthday of General Pershing is of particular significance to every one of our citizens. He has devoted his mature years to the service of his country and his career is an example to which all of us may look for guidance in the problems facing us today.

"It is with sincere pleasure that I am permitted, through the courtesy of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, to tender General Pershing the Congratulations and Best Wishes of the entire Naval Service.

"James Forrestal,
"Acting Secretary of the Navy."

Assistant Secretary of War

"My Dear General:

"As Assistant Secretary of War, and also as a former soldier of the American Expeditionary Force, I send my most sincere greetings on the occasion of your eightieth birthday.

"The nation has indeed been favored in having had your services at its disposal for more than half a century. In the early days of our participation in the World War, your clearly foresaw the fundamental necessity of the coordinated use of our country's resources in time of emergency. Your encouragement and your leadership made possible the Industrial Mobilization Plan, the basis of our present effort for adequate national defense.

"In these days of urgency, it is most comforting to know that your invaluable counsel is still available to your country. Every American joins me in the hope that the nation may continue to profit by your devoted service for many years to come.

"Sincerely yours,
"Robert P. Patterson."

Chief of Staff

"My dear General:

"On this eightieth anniversary of your birthday, I am deeply moved in extending the admiring and affectionate greetings of the entire Army to our most distinguished and beloved soldier.

"Your leadership of the two million young Americans in France in the crisis of twenty-three years ago is a splendid example of a great American. In the succeeding years you have come to be recognized, not only as a symbol of the finest soldierly attributes, but of illustrious citizenship, until your position today is unique in the affection and admiration of the American public as well as of the Army.

"Speaking for all ranks of the Army I salute you and congratulate you.

"With great respect,
"Faithfully yours,
"G. C. Marshall
"Chief of Staff."

Commandant, U. S. Marine Corps

"To the General of the Armies of the United States, congratulations on your eightieth birthday from one who recollects with pleasure memories of his service with you in France. With the world once more in turmoil, your continued interest in matters of national defense should be an inspiration to all members of the armed services and to all Americans.

"T. Holcomb,
"Major General Commandant,
"United States Marines."

Commandant, U. S. Coast Guard

"Personally, and as Commandant of the United States Coast Guard, I take great pleasure in extending felicitations

Three Nations Honor General

Participating in the celebration of General Pershing's birthday were the heads of three governments—the President of the United States, Franklin D. Roosevelt; the King of England, George VI, and the Chief of the Vichy Government in France, Marshal Petain.

The President preferred to receive the General and express to him personally his congratulations and best wishes for the future. General Marshall accompanied the General to the White House.

The message from the King of England was as follows:

"I send you my warmest congratulations on your eightieth birthday, together with the best wishes of the people of this country, where you will always be held in affectionate esteem as a distinguished leader and comrade in arms during the Great War."

and heartiest greetings to General John J. Pershing on this occasion of his 80th birthday. The Coast Guard salutes this distinguished soldier, and wishes him many more years of good health, happiness, and the success which has marked (Please turn to Page 49)

President Honors Gen. Pershing

The President in the presence of his Cabinet presented to General John J. Pershing at 3.30 p. m. yesterday the 80th anniversary of the General's birthday, the Distinguished Service Cross with the following citation:

"John J. Pershing, General of the Armies of the United States, retired, then brigadier general United States Army. For extraordinary heroism in action against hostile fanatical Moros at Mount Bagsak, Jolo, Philippine Islands, on June 15, 1913. He personally assumed command of the assaulting line at the most critical period when only about 15 yards from the last Moro position. His encouragement and splendid example of personal heroism resulted in a general advance and the prompt capture of the hostile stronghold."

This courageous act was made a matter of official record at the time, but it was not until nine years later, following the authorization by Congress of the Distinguished Service Cross for gallantry in action, that the Decorations Board of the War Department in reviewing citations for bravery during the Philippine campaign, passed on this particular occasion and recommended the award to General Pershing of the Distinguished Service Cross.

The Secretary of War, John W. Weeks, approved the recommendation of the Board and planned on the afternoon of 23 Jan. 1922, to surprise General Pershing with the bestowal of this decoration for bravery in action. However, while at a luncheon at the British Embassy, a member of the General Staff learned from the press what was contemplated and advised the General. He immediately dispatched an aide to see the Secretary of War, urgently requesting that he be not embarrassed by such action, in view of the fact that he was Chief of Staff of the Army and, therefore, exercised control of the Decorations Board. Mr. Weeks reluctantly acceded to this request.

In commenting upon the award in a press release on that date, the Secretary of War stated that officers who witnessed this act of heroism believed that General Pershing was entitled to the Congressional Medal of Honor, but at that time in Jolo General Pershing would not permit the recommendation to be forwarded. In the same press release of that date, General Pershing is quoted as stating that "he declined to accept the award of the Distinguished Service Cross for the Bagsak episode because he did not consider that his action measured up to the high standard set in the American Expeditionary Force."



THE UNITED STATES ARMY



NBC Broadcasts Maneuvers

The National Broadcasting Company went to war when the Army held its recent maneuvers across 1,300 square miles of up-state New York, with the GHQ for the Army and for NBC at Canton.

Over the air waves from the microphones of portable units as well as from those set up at headquarters went complete word pictures of the strategical fight between the Black and the Blue Armies.

Every detail of the military show from the roar of a dive bomber to a blow-by-blow description of amateur bouts during a recreation period was brought to radio listeners. NBC sent into the field with the Army a staff of sixteen men who, in addition to broadcasting the umpires' decisions from GHQ, converted two Army trucks into mobile units with which to follow both the Blacks and the Blues. From these units went George Hix with the Black Army and Bob Stanton with the Blue to tell radio listeners over the NBC networks the story of the war through the medium of pack sets carried on their backs.

NBC brought Jack McCarthy, noted radio announcer, to the Army games to broadcast the boxing bouts. It also put on the air the show on amateur night when the soldiers performed behind footlights instead of behind guns. Maj. Gen. Stephen O. Fuqua, NBC's military expert, explained over the air the military significance of the big show. The programs were arranged by A. A. Schechter, director of the special events and news department of NBC.

CAA Requires Service Pledge

The Civil Aeronautics Authority this week added to the requirements for entrance to the pilot training program a pledge that the graduates will hold themselves available for military service. Thus, the CAA program will provide a reservoir of potential military pilots.

IN TIME OF PEACE
PREPARE FOR WAR

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ARMY MUTUAL AID
ASSOCIATION
War Department
Washington, D. C.



To Bob Stanton, NBC announcer at left, Capt. Roscoe D. Gaylor and Lt. Raymond F. Schneider of C Battery, 176th Field Artillery, Pennsylvania National Guard, explain the operation of a field piece in the recent Army maneuvers in up-State New York.

Ft. Hoyle and Edgewood Combined

Edgewood Arsenal, Md., which was subdivided in 1922 into two Army posts, Ft. Hoyle and Edgewood Arsenal, reverted to its old title of Edgewood Arsenal on Tuesday, 10 Sept., when that part of the reservation called Ft. Hoyle was transferred back to the control of and became part of Edgewood Arsenal. The post of Ft. Hoyle ceased to exist as such.

Ft. Hoyle, named in honor of Brig. Gen. Eli D. Hoyle, who died on 27 July 1921, was the headquarters of the 6th Field Artillery, part of which has been transferred to Ft. Bragg, N. C., and part to Ft. Benning, Ga. The 1st Battalion, 99th Field Artillery (75-mm howitzer pack) will remain at Edgewood Arsenal.

Army Mutual Aid Association

During the week, Maj. Edwin S. Brewster, Jr., Capt. Oliver H. Waltrip, 1st Lt. Byron W. Ladd, 1st Lt. Joseph H. Hodges, Jr., 1st Lt. Alvin B. Auerbach, 1st Lt. Kenneth R. Elwell, 1st Lt. Robert E. Frith, and 2d Lt. Hobart B. Pillsbury were elected to membership. Four members increased their insurance to \$6,000.

Rescind Clothing Allowance

There will be no more clothing money allowance for enlisted men of the Army after tomorrow midnight, 15 Sept., the War Department informed commanding officers in the field this week. Effective on that date, and for the duration of the current emergency, the normal peace time practice of crediting soldiers with certain sums of money against which they can draw for the purchase and maintenance of clothing will be abolished and in its place all soldiers will be issued clothing in kind as needed.

The money allowance system is employed under normal conditions because it encourages soldiers to take the best of care of their clothing, for if they do not they will have to dip too far into their personal funds to clothe themselves, while if they are very careful with their clothes they will be able to accumulate a savings in their clothing allowance, which savings is paid to them in cash at the time of discharge or reenlistment.

The amount of clothing allowance given to soldiers is set by the President each year and is based on current costs of cloth and fabrication of clothing. Under present conditions, before the allowance was rescinded, a soldier enlisting, or reenlisting, for non-tropical service, that is service in the United States or Alaska, is credited with an initial allowance of \$87.08, and a semi-annual maintenance allowance of \$12.00. Thus for the first year of any enlistment the value of his clothing allowance is \$111.08, while the total value for a three-year enlistment period is \$159.08. For tropical service this is somewhat lower, the initial allowance being only \$46.84, the semi-annual maintenance money being \$10.00, so that the value for a three-year period is only \$106.84. On the other hand, members of the Army Band, receive an initial allowance of \$167.85, and a monthly maintenance allowance of \$1.33, so that their three-year total reaches \$215.85.

The Army is changing from the money allowance plan to issue in kind because it is felt that with the units all embarking on extended training programs, including a great deal of strenuous field work, the wear and tear on clothing would be so great that there would be no equitable way of handling a cash allowance

and that it would be fairer to the men to issue them their clothing as needed without charge against a fixed allowance. During the World War there was no money allowance, for it was frequently necessary to issue complete new outfits after a tour in the trenches.

In a circular yesterday the War Department announced:

"Clothing will be issued in kind in accordance with column 2 (Mobilization), Tables of Basic Allowances, as amended, modified as follows:

(1) Additions—When not already authorized in Tables of Basic Allowances, the following additional issues may be made:

Article	Quantity
Hat, working, denim, each	1
Necktie, cotton, khaki, each	2
Necktie, silk, black, each	1
Shirt, cotton, khaki, each	2
Socks, cotton, tan, pair	3

"(2) Increases in the following to a total of—

Articles	Quantity
Drawers, cotton, shorts, pair	4
Drawers, woolen, pair	3
Socks, woolen, pair	4
Undershirt, woolen or summer, each	0
Undershirt, woolen, each	3
Undershirt, summer, each	4
Shoes, service, pair	2

"(3) Other modifications—The following articles may be issued in lieu of like articles listed in the Tables of Basic Allowances, when authorized, as indicated below:

Cap, service, o.d. shoes, garrison—May be authorized for men who are not members of tactical organizations.

Hat, service—May be authorized for wear in overseas departments by department commanders.

"b. Maintenance—Clothing will be maintained in the quantities necessary and adequate for the service upon which an enlisted man is engaged.

"Settlement of accounts—a. The clothing money accounts of all enlisted men will be settled as of 15 Sept. 1940, in accordance with the provisions of AR 615-40 and 39-3000. Prior to settlement, organization commanders will inspect the clothing in the hands of enlisted men for quantity and serviceability. Items not in the possession of an enlisted man or which are not serviceable, and which were required to complete his equipment in accordance with the tables upon which his clothing money allowance was based, will be charged to his clothing account before settlement is made. Savings except as indicated below will be credited to individuals concerned and will be paid, unless other provisions are made, at the time the individual is separated from the service. No savings will be credited, or paid, to individuals with less than six months' service in their current enlistment. Any amounts that may be due the Government at the time of settlement will be charged against the individual on the next pay roll, except that no charge will be made against enlisted men having less than one year's service in their first enlistment, unless there is evidence of illegal disposal of clothing. New, unused clothing in the possession of an enlisted man in excess of the prescribed allowance in effect on 14 Sept. 1940, which was properly issued and charged to him, may be turned in for credit to his account before settlement is made.

"b. If, after the inspection required in a above, a man is charged for unserviceable clothing, or clothing not in his possession, and he is not at the time furnished like articles to complete his equipment, an entry to that effect will be made on his service record."

Troop Movements to Puerto Rico

The 24th Air Base Group (less detachments already in Puerto Rico), now stationed at Kelly Field, Tex., and the 25th Bombardment Group (less air echelon), now at Langley Field, Va., are being transferred to Puerto Rico for permanent station.

The 24th Air Base Group will embark on the Army transport scheduled to sail from Charleston, S. C., about 26 Oct. Movement to Charleston is to be made by rail.

The 25th Bombardment Group will embark on the Army transport scheduled to sail from Fort Monroe, Va., about 25 Oct.

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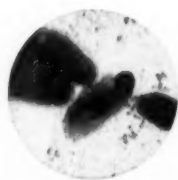
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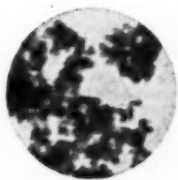
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Radio Eyes

FOR MICROBE HUNTERS



Anthony van Leeuwenhoek of Amsterdam was the first to peer into the universe of the infinitesimal. With his crude microscope, he discovered in 1683 the "small beasties" which Pasteur and Koch and Theobald Smith later branded the most dangerous enemies of man—the germs of disease.

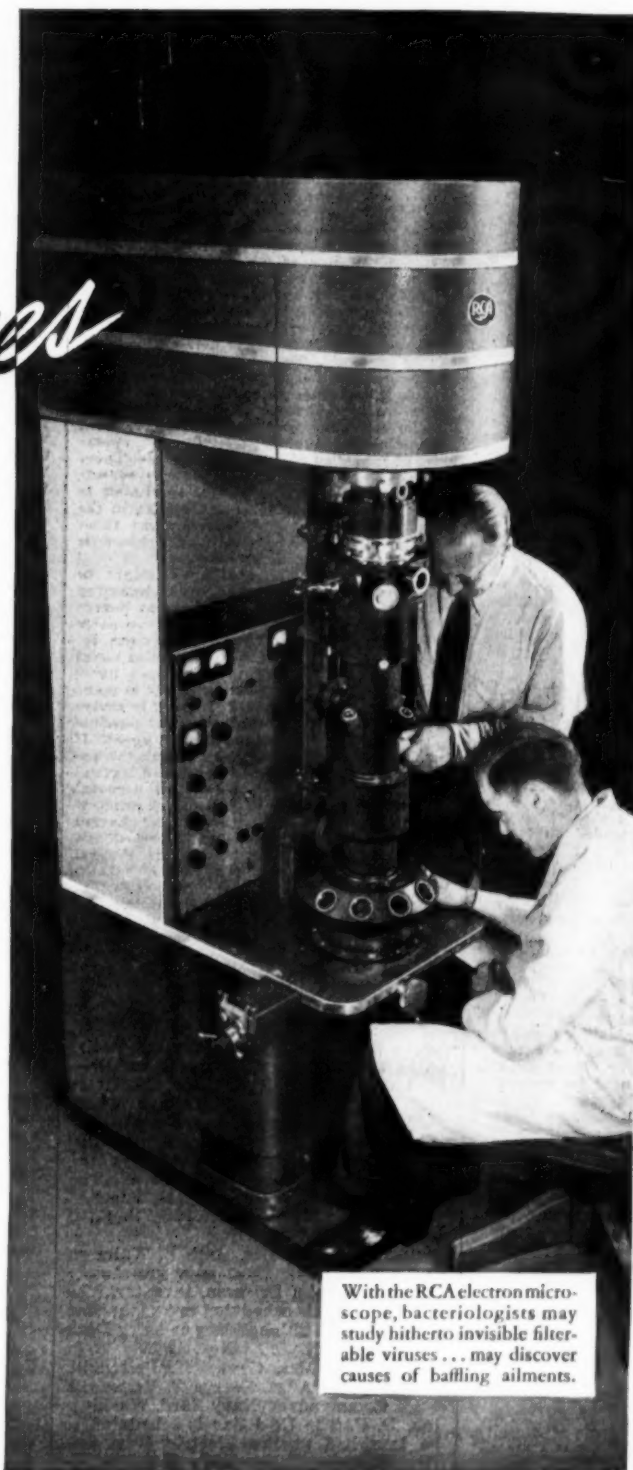
BUT there are micro-organisms too small for optical microscopes to detect. These instruments operate by visible light, which cannot resolve objects much smaller than the wavelength of the light. Bacteriologists have been able to see only the larger microbes. They have been able only to hope that somewhere, somehow, an instrument would be found that would magnify not 1,500, but 20,000... 50,000... 100,000 diameters!

Scientists in RCA Laboratories have engineered such a microscope. They studied the electrons active in radio and television, whose length was but a tiny fraction of that of a light wave. Research proved these electrons could be used as "seeing" rays. Focused by powerful magnets upon photographic film, they would reveal what had hitherto been invisible.

Research is Radio's Road to Progress

RCA's contribution to the development of the electron microscope is the result of a far-seeing policy laid down by the founders of the company in 1919: *that fundamental research must be the keystone of every activity of RCA.*

RCA research has made broadcasting better. It has made receiving sets better. It has perfected a magic voice for the motion picture. It has pioneered in television. It has developed facsimile transmission of pictures and printed matter. It has made substantial contributions to industrial progress in fields outside of radio... From continuing RCA research will come still more progress... still greater services to America and to the world.



With the RCA electron microscope, bacteriologists may study hitherto invisible filterable viruses... may discover causes of baffling ailments.



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THE U. S. NAVY



THE U. S. MARINE CORPS

Navy Day Plans Laid

The Naval Service has been directed by Admiral H. R. Stark, Chief of Naval Operations, to formulate plans for cooperation with the Navy League of the United States in the 19th observance of Navy Day on 27 Oct. The directive was issued after the following exchange of correspondence occurred:

Mr. H. Birchard Taylor, president of the Navy League of the United States and national chairman for Navy Day, sent the following letter to Secretary of the Navy Knox:

"My dear Mr. Secretary:

"The Navy League of the United States sponsors annually the observance of Navy Day, October 27, inaugurated by the League in 1922 as an occasion to pay tribute to our splendid Naval Service and to better acquaint the people of this country with their Navy, its high traditions and its honorable accomplishments.

"The fact that world affairs change and dangerous situations develop in a very short time has been brought forcibly to public attention in the past year. As a result of present world conditions, this country has embarked on an expansion program in all departments of national defense. This program is of such nature that it cannot possibly be completed immediately. It seems to me that we are learning, under duress, the necessity of maintaining our armed forces in a state of readiness and strength adequate at all times for our national security.

"As you are aware, Mr. Secretary, the Navy League of the United States has, since its inception, endeavored to keep this basic necessity uppermost in the minds of the Nation, with specific reference to our Navy. I can see no reason, whatsoever, to change this policy, and propose, therefore, that on Navy Day 1940, the attention of the public be invited to the fundamental proposition that we should 'Keep the Navy strong.' A strong Navy, it is believed, is our best insurance for national security.

"Other patriotic, veterans' and civic societies will cooperate as always in the observance of Navy Day 1940, and I have the honor to request that the Naval Service give the interest and assistance in this observance that has been so splendidly extended on former Navy Days."

Secretary Knox replied to Mr. Taylor: "Your letter of July 27, 1940, informing me that the Navy League of the United States will again sponsor the observance of Navy Day on October 27th, has been received.

"The continuing interest of the Navy League in the development of an adequate Navy for the United States is deeply appreciated. It is gratifying to me, personally, that the League in 1922, when inaugurating an annual Navy Day, chose the birthday anniversary of Theodore Roosevelt as the date for paying homage to the Navy. That sterling American saw clearly the need for maintaining a continuous naval building program so that we might have, at all times, a modern Navy, strong enough to safeguard our national interests.

"I am most firmly of the opinion that a strong Navy is, as you have expressed it, our best primary insurance for national security. I am pleased that on this Navy Day you are to carry the indisputable message to our country that we should 'Keep the Navy strong.'"

"I assure you the Navy will give its fullest possible cooperation in order to make Navy Day 1940 a success."

Vessels in United States waters have been directed by the Chief of Naval Operations to full dress ship from 8:00 a. m. to sundown on 27 Oct.

Admiral Stark has advised the naval service that he regrets under the present circumstances, in the interests of security, general visiting to vessels of the United States and Asiatic Fleets, Navy Yards and industrial plants cannot be permitted.

Navy Enlists 2,679

Nine hundred men were enlisted at Navy recruiting stations during the week ended 6 Sept. Of these 813 were first enlistments, 51 reenlistments and 36 reenlistments of former service men in their old ratings. Applications for first enlistments accepted during the week totalled 1,393.

A total of 1,779 men were added to the Navy during the week ending 30 Aug. 1940. Of these 1,684 were new recruits, 63 were reenlistments and 32 were former service men enlisted in ratings previously held.

Applications for first enlistment accepted during the week totalled 1,442.

Police Powers for Naval Officers

The Navy Department this week asked Congress to enact legislation which would grant to officers of the Naval Intelligence service police power to make arrests, serve warrants and subpoenas and carry out such other enforcement actions as may be necessary to prevent sabotage and espionage.

In a letter to the Speaker of the House requesting the legislation, Secretary of the Navy Frank Knox stated:

"The purpose of the proposed legislation is to authorize the Secretary of the Navy to appoint naval agents and to empower such agents specifically designated by the Secretary of the Navy to serve warrants and subpoenas issued under the authority of the United States; to make seizures under warrant for violation of the laws of the United States; and to make arrests without warrant for felonies which have been committed when the person making the arrest has reason to believe that the person so arrested is guilty of a felony and may escape before a warrant can be obtained. The authority is restricted to matters pertaining to espionage, counter-espionage, sabotage and other matters affecting the national defense and the naval service.

"The authority provided in the proposed legislation is desired primarily for operatives of the Office of Naval Intelligence. There is at present no legal authority for representatives or agents of the Navy Department to make arrests in any place other than in the naval service except, of course, under those exceptional conditions where any citizen is authorized to make an arrest.

"As an example, a naval agent might be standing at the gangplank of a departing vessel and see a known foreign agent boarding the vessel whom he has reasonable grounds to believe, in view of previous investigation, has in his possession stolen naval plans or other secret documents. Such naval operative would be without authority to make an arrest without subjecting himself to severe consequences in the event it were not possible to establish the guilt of the foreign agent. If the naval operative were clothed with the authority contemplated in the proposed legislation he would be protected in his personal capacity from liability to civil suit or criminal action for false arrest or other similar charges to the same extent as exists under present law for agents and investigators of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The lack of authority for agents of the Navy Department to take appropriate action in cases such as that described above and other cases affecting naval interests frequently results in definite detriment to the national defense, particularly in connection with espionage and sabotage."

Sponsor Naval Vessels

The Secretary of the Navy has designated sponsors for four naval vessels—USS Swanson, USS Ericsson, USS Gar and USS Grenadier—which are scheduled for launching in November, 1940.

USS Swanson—Mrs. Claude A. Swanson, widow of former Secretary of the Navy Claude Augustus Swanson. The USS Swanson is scheduled to be launched at the Navy Yard, Charleston, S. C., 2 Nov. 1940.

USS Ericsson—Mrs. Ruth E. Wallgren of Folcroft, Pa., great-great-grandniece of the late John Ericsson, inventor. The USS Ericsson is scheduled to be launched at the Federal Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Co., Kearny, N. J., 23 Nov. 1940.

USS Gar—Mrs. George T. Pettengill, wife of Rear Adm. George T. Pettengill, USN, Commandant, Navy Yard, Washington, D. C. The USS Gar is scheduled to be launched at the Electric Boat Co., Groton, Conn., 7 November 1940.

USS Grenadier—Mrs. Walter S. Anderson, wife of Rear Adm. Walter S. Anderson, USN, Director of Naval Intelligence, Navy Department. The USS Grenadier is to be launched at the Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H., sometime in November, 1940.

Naval Reserve Service

The Comptroller General ruled this week that active service as a member of the Naval Reserve may not be included in the nine months' prior service "abroad a vessel of the Navy in full commission" which the Naval Appropriation Act of 1941 requires of a Navy enlisted man appointed a midshipman as a condition precedent to paying him from the appropriation for midshipmen's pay.

Naval Reserve Instructors

The Navy Department announced this week that sufficient funds are available to the Bureau of Navigation to permit orders to be issued to instructors of the Naval Reserve for travel as follows:

(a) Two visits per month from September to June, inclusive, of the current fiscal year by each instructor to units of the Organized Reserve of which he is the Instructor, but at locations other than that where he is stationed for duty.

(b) One visit annually to the same units allowed in (a), this visit to be made at the time of the annual inspection of the Organized Reserve Unit by the Inspection Board.

The travel contemplated is based on units enumerated below being instructed by officers whose permanent place of duty is as shown:

Unit at	Instructor's Permanent Place of Duty
1st District	
New Bedford	Fall River
Pawtucket	Fall River
Worcester	Boston
Lynn	Boston
Portland	Portsmouth
3rd District	
Dunkirk	Buffalo
Watertown	Rochester
Oswego	Rochester
Whitestone Landing	New York
Hartford	New Haven
Bridgeport	New Haven
Garfield	New York
New Rochelle	New York
Yonkers	New York
4th District	
Erie	Buffalo
6th District	
Georgetown	Charleston
7th District	
Jacksonville	Savannah
9th District	
Benton Harbor	Chicago
Grand Rapids	Detroit
Saginaw	Detroit
Hancock	S. Ste. Marie
Michigan City	Chicago
Peoria	Rock Island
Milwaukee	Great Lakes
Madison	Great Lakes
Green Bay	S. Ste. Marie
Columbus	Cincinnati
Duluth	Minneapolis
Burlington	Rock Island
11th District	
Santa Barbara	Los Angeles
13th District	
Tacoma	Seattle
Aberdeen	Seattle

USNA Age Bill Passes

The United States Senate on 12 Sept. passed the bill, H.R. 10438, passed by the House earlier in the week, which increases the minimum entering age at the United States Naval Academy to 17 and increases the maximum age to 21. These ages at present are 16 and 20 respectively. The change, however, with regard to the minimum age would not go into effect until 1942 as committee members felt that a number of young men may have been planning to enter the academy in 1941 at the age of 16.

Navy Buys Plant

To facilitate its shipbuilding program, the Navy Department has arranged to purchase from the Columbia Steel Company, the West Coast steel manufacturing subsidiary of the United States Steel Corporation, for the sum of \$1,900,000, the land of that Company, including the buildings and improvements thereon known as the Risdon Plant at San Francisco, Calif.

The warehouses and land will be con-

verted for shipbuilding facilities for use by the adjacent Union Iron Works of the Bethlehem Steel Company, which has contracts for 18 destroyers and 4 cruisers.

Naval Reserve Active Duty

A survey this week shows that there are now a total of 2,330 officers of the Naval Reserve and 443 officers of the Marine Corps Reserve on active duty. In addition there are on active duty 8,902 enlisted men of the Naval Reserve and 142 of the Marine Corps Reserve, three commissioned warrant officers and warrant officers of the Naval Reserve and one of the Marine Corps Reserve; 616 aviation cadets of the Naval Reserve and 70 of the Marine Corps Reserve, and 591 merchant marine cadets who are naval reservists.

The number of reserve officers on active duty will continue to increase as the Navy gets delivery of new vessels and the need for commissioned personnel correspondingly increases. It has been stated officially that when the projected navy is completed the total officer requirement will be 25,000. Doubtless a large number of these will come from the reserve components until the inflow into the Navy from the Academy and from Reserve Officer Training Corps units fills out the regular navy sufficiently. The present commissioned strength of the Navy, line and staff, excluding commissioned warrant officers, is 9,888, so it will be seen that an increase of more than 15,000 will have to be taken care of by increased commissions in the regular service and by putting reserves on active duty.

USS Sailfish Holds Trial

The USS Sailfish (ex Squallus) will hold trials off Provincetown, Mass., beginning 17 Sept. and continuing three days. The Sailfish will operate submerged on the outer and inner standardization courses and will also run various submerged speed trials in the Provincetown area.

Lt. Comdr. M. C. Mumma, jr., is commanding officer of the Sailfish.

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Army Promotions

The nominations of majors of the Army to be lieutenant colonels with date from 18 Aug. 1940, which were sent to the Senate 28 Aug., and printed on page 1303 of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL of 31 Aug., were confirmed by the Senate on 6 Sept. These confirmations go down to and include number 1359 of the majors on the promotion list.

The following nominations were received by the Senate on 9 Sept.:

To Be Colonels from 1 Sept. 1940

H. M. Pool, Inf. L. E. Jones, FA
L. T. Gerow, Inf. G. A. Sanford, Inf.
H. J. M. Smith, Cav. A. Le-R. P. Johnson, Inf.
G. D. Murphy, QMC
W. C. Rose, AGD
W. F. Ayer, Inf.
N. P. Morrow, FA

To Be Lieutenant Colonels from 18 Aug. 1940

L. H. Sims, FD J. C. Sandlin, Inf.
J. E. Ray, FA C. E. Brand, JAGD
C. L. Hyssong, AGD A. P. Fox, Inf.
R. J. Williamson, Inf. H. J. Gaffey, FA
Vere Painter, QMC H. B. Smith, Inf.
W. J. Ungethuen, CWS Barlow Winston, QMC
A. E. Billing, FA C. M. Willingham, Inf.
R. O. Wright, Cav. G. R. Mauger, Cav.
J. W. Mott, Inf. J. E. Fraser, Inf.
J. G. Boykin, AGD F. L. Burns, Inf.
J. C. Macdonald, Cav. W. B. Johnson, QMC
Harvey Shelton, Inf. W. H. Steward, CAC
T. R. Gibson, Inf. M. L. Broderick, Inf.
H. B. Hester, QMC L. A. Webb, Inf.
J. M. Roamer, Inf. S. L. Buracker, Inf.
M. E. Scott, FA A. E. Burnap, Inf.
J. D. Bender, Inf. J. H. Donahue, Inf.
L. H. Thompson, CAC T. P. Walsh, FD
G. P. Johnson, AC W. R. Hamby, Cav.
C. V. Flinter, AC H. W. Borntraeger, Inf.
M. C. Shea, FA
P. D. Carter, Inf. E. R. Petzing, SC
P. H. Welland, FA R. C. Mallonee, FA
M. W. Marsh, Inf. Douglas Johnston, AC
H. S. Channess, Inf. L. P. Hickey, AC
J. H. George, Inf. S. T. Wallis, FA
W. C. Kabrich, CWS William May, Inf.
F. U. Greer, Inf. S. T. Williams, Inf.
L. L. Williams, Inf. D. V. N. Bonnett, Inf.
H. C. Harrison, Jr., W. R. McKay, Inf.
FA W. H. Johnson, Inf.
H. N. Lockwood, Jr., Maurice Rose, Cav.
FA J. D. Carter, P. S.
J. M. Ferguson, Inf.

To Be Lieutenant Colonels from 30 Aug. 1940

S. A. Blair, AC Cav.
F. D. Shaw, QMC
Charles Stalsburg, QMC
M. A. McFadden, QMC
C. M. Olivetti, JAGD
J. W. Orent, OD
V. W. Batchelor, Cav.
N. P. Williams, Inf.
G. H. Steele, QMC
J. H. Barbin, QMC
W. H. O'Mohundro, Inf.
H. H. Pohl, CE
K. M. Moore, CE
E. H. Leavey, CE
B. M. Harloe, CE
B. B. Troland, CE
W. O. Reeder, SC
W. R. Gerhardt, OD
T. E. Buechler, FA
H. U. Wagner, OD
T. L. Futch, FA
W. I. Wilson, OD
H. A. Cooney, FA
H. A. Barber, Jr., Inf.
M. A. Cowles, FA
G. G. Heiner, Jr., FA
G. W. Hirsch, OD
F. C. Shaffer, OD
F. F. Reed, OD
J. W. Coffey, OD
G. C. Woodbury, OD
R. A. Willard, SC
C. H. Morgan, OD
R. W. Hashbrouck, FA
J. T. deCamp, CAC
S. P. Huff, OD
W. H. Donaldson, Jr., CAC
D. G. McGregor, OD
T. J. Hoovey, Cav.
H. M. Black, CWS
J. A. Stansell, SC
L. H. Smith, AC
F. V. Segundo, P. S.
R. E. S. Williamson, Cav.
D. C. G. Schlenker, SC
W. H. W. Reinburg, Cav.
J. E. Carr, QMC
F. E. Bertholet, Cav.
Marion Carson, Cav.
R. H. Garity, Cav.
S. F. Reyes, P. S.
R. MacD. Graham, Cav.
L. B. Conner, Cav.
A. B. Custis, OD
L. V. H. Durfee, Inf.
Desmond O'Keefe, JAGD
H. M. Rose, Cav.
J. T. B. Bissell, FA
J. B. Bollinger, OD
G. S. Eyster, Inf.
H. R. Anderson, Inf.
W. M. Chapman, Inf.
Norman McNeill, Inf.
G. H. Anderson, Inf.
B. E. Moore, Inf.
L. V. Warner, AGD
Alston Deas, Inf.
H. W. Bobrink, QMC
O. S. Rolfe, Inf.
H. P. Gantt, FA
J. B. Matlack, FA
P. W. Lewis, CAC
E. W. Timberlake, CAC
W. W. Jenna, Inf.
H. C. Barnes, Jr., CAC
R. J. Hoffman, Inf.
C. W. Woodward, QMC
J. S. Mallory, FA
W. S. Barrett, Inf.
P. R. Goode, Inf.
H. N. Rising, OD
H. C. Donuth, FA
L. M. Riley, FA
Emil Krause, Inf.
R. L. Bacon, Inf.
A. C. Purvis, Inf.
J. J. Hea, Inf.
C. B. Wilson, Inf.
H. L. Milan, Inf.
Horace Harding, FA

To Be Lieutenant Colonels from 17 Sept. 1940

J. A. B. Gibson, OD
F. E. Christine, AC
Patrick Kelly, QMC
Simon Jacobson, QMC
E. W. Lachmiller, QMC
Talmage Phillips, QMC
J. P. Tillman, FD
C. H. Brammell, FA
J. A. Davis, QMC
G. D. Gamble, QMC
C. E. Goodwyn, QMC
H. A. Gardner, QMC
J. I. Lambert, Cav.
L. B. Gallagher, CE
C. N. Fry, CE
Hugh Whitl, FD
R. A. Dunn, AC
C. McM. Kellogg, CWS

To Be Chaplain With Rank of Captain from 8 Aug. 1940

Terence Patrick Finnegon.
Transfer to Finance Department
Lt. Col. Hugh Andrew Wear, Inf.
Maj. Robert Robinson, SC.
Capt. Elmer Wentworth Gude, Inf.

Transfer to Ordnance Department

Capt. William George Devens, CAC.
Before the Senate, but not yet acted upon, are the nominations for the promotion to the grade of lieutenant colonel (not colonel as a typographical error made it appear in last week's ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL) of majors from promotion list number 1360 to number 1726, inclusive.

Air Specialists Training

(Continued from First Page)

leges and universities who have received a degree in Engineering; second priority, graduates of accredited colleges and universities who have had mathematics to include Plane Geometry, College Algebra, and Trigonometry; third priority, those who have satisfactorily completed two years of accredited college work and who have had the mathematics listed in second priority; and fourth priority, (for bombardier only) satisfactory completion of at least two years of college work.

To take the meteorology course the applicant must be a college graduate who has specialized in the sciences, engineering, etc.

During the coming year it is proposed to train approximately 1,000 Flying Cadets (nonpilot) as navigators. A number of the men now in training with the Pan American Airways will be used as instructors but the bulk of the graduates will be assigned to tactical units immediately upon graduation. The Navigation courses to be conducted by the Army at Barksdale Field, La., will start 2 Nov. 1940. These courses will be of 12 weeks duration.

The bombing instructors to be trained at Lowry Field will be employed in courses to be established at Barksdale Field, La., and Ellington Field, Tex. Two classes of bombing instructors already have entered training and there will be one more class commencing 28 Oct. 1941. The course of training is ten weeks, after which the candidate is to be given additional training at an Air Corps station. The first class for bombardiers at Barksdale Field will start 15 March 1941, while on 26 April 1941 new classes will start at both Barksdale and Ellington Fields. New classes will commence each five weeks thereafter. Classes at Barksdale will be about 107 each and classes at Ellington Field will be about 145 each. Like the navigators, the bombardiers will be sent to tactical units for further training before being commissioned. It is planned to train approximately 1,000 bombardiers the first year.

The courses for the meteorologists will be of a full scholastic year and will be conducted at the following institutions: Massachusetts Institute of Technology, New York University, California Institute of Technology, University of California at Los Angeles, and Chicago University. The latter two schools established the courses at the instance of the War Department. Because of the shortage

of meteorologists about 20 men already have been sent to M.I.T. for a special intensive three months' course. These men will be used as instructors in the flying schools to give the cadets the necessary ground work in meteorology. The graduates of the full course will be sent to the new Air Corps stations to do the actual weather forecasting needed by the Air Corps. It is hoped to have about 150 men enlisted as Flying Cadets (nonpilot) to take the meteorology post graduate courses beginning the end of this month.

In connection with the meteorology training program the Civil Aeronautics Authority has agreed to give graduate training in meteorology to qualified graduates of the civilian pilot training course. These men will go to the same universities as those employed by the Air Corps and will be required to pass an Army or Navy physical examination. They must be willing upon successful completion of their course to accept employment in the Army or Navy reserves or the Weather Bureau. For these CAA trainees the government will pay tuition as well as expenses approximating \$75.00 per month for board and room.

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Naval Reserve Units Commended

Upon the recommendations of the Naval Reserve Inspection Board in its report to the Secretary of the Navy regarding the organization, administration, and qualifications of Naval Reserve aviation bases and Naval Reserve aviation squadrons for the fiscal year, 1940 the following letters of commendation have been written:

By the Secretary of the Navy

Lt. Comdr. Henry P. MacComsey, USN, commanding the U. S. Naval Reserve Aviation Base, Chicago, Ill., the Naval Reserve aviation base attaining the highest final merit.

Lt. Comdr. Edwin H. Walter, A-O, USNR, commanding Squadron VS-15R, Oakland, Calif., the Naval Reserve aviation squadron attaining the highest final merit.

By the Chief of the Bureau of Navigation

Lt. Comdr. Murr E. Arnold, USN, commanding the Naval Reserve Aviation Base, Detroit, Mich., the Naval Reserve aviation base attaining the second highest final merit.

Comdr. Edward W. Rounds, A-O, USNR, commanding Squadron VS-6R, Annapolis, D. C., the Naval Reserve aviation squadron attaining the second highest final merit.

The Naval Reserve Inspection Board also recommended that the Edwin Francis Conway Memorial Trophy be awarded to the Chicago Naval Reserve Aviation Base and that the Noel Davis Trophy be awarded to Squadron VS-15R, Oakland.



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SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1940

"None but an armed nation can dispense with a standing army."—THOMAS JEFFERSON.

OUR PRIORITY LIST

1. Upward revision of pay schedules for commissioned, warrant, and enlisted personnel, active and retired.
2. Revision of the promotion system for the Staff Corps of the Navy in accordance with the sentiment expressed by the officers concerned; perfection of the Navy Line Personnel Act; authorization for the retirement of colonels of the Army with the rank of brigadier general; clarification of the coast guard promotion system.
3. Expansion of the Regular Army and the National Guard to a strength of at least 550,000 men with provision for complete personnel and materiel and training for 100 per cent efficiency; personnel for the Navy and Marine Corps capable of fully manning all vessels of the fleet and the Fleet Marine Force.
4. Additional increases in grades and ratings, with compensation for technical knowledge and skill required by modernization.
5. Active duty training and service school attendance for available officers of the Reserve Corps; appropriations for the expansion program of the Naval Reserves.
6. Revision of pension laws to assure widows of the Regular Services a living income.
7. Compensation for service personnel whose privately owned automobiles are employed on Government business.

BY PLACING CONTRACTS THIS WEEK for the construction of a balanced Fleet, supplementing the Fleet in being and building, which will make the United States the preponderant naval power four years hence, the President and his advisers have demonstrated adherence to the traditional doctrine that our sea defense remains in the Navy. In other words, in their view, the lessons of the wars in Europe and Asia do not justify at this stage of air development, the discard of the battleship and heavy cruiser for the long range sea plane and bomber. As the construction program shows, however, they do realize the imperative need of air power. This is evident from the large number of aircraft carriers to be laid down, the increase of plane equipment for the capital ships, the changes in the characteristics of these ships so as to provide more protection against the bomb and torpedo, and the augmentation of anti-aircraft fire. To put in another way the thought which the program represents, it has been decided that Air Power still constitutes an arm of the Fleet, albeit a more important arm, and that for at least a decade to come it will not have attained a superiority which would warrant abandonment of weapons that have developed over the years and contributed so greatly to the safety of the nation and its vital interests. There is controversy over this conclusion. It is pointed out that battleships and heavy cruisers have been damaged by bombs, and light cruisers, destroyers and submarines, sunk by them, that it is dangerous for a Fleet lacking ample air defense, to operate in waters close to shore based aircraft, and that the menace of the plane has forced the British Fleet to maintain a long distance blockade. While this is admitted, the answer given is that the battleship and heavy cruiser, as the backbone of the Fleet, are enabling Britain to bottle up the enemy Navies and to control the seas, including the Mediterranean; that Germany and Italy are pushing similar craft to completion, and that the bomber is not able to prevent the free movement of British squadrons and transports conveying troops to Egypt and any other point where military operations are planned. Irrespective of the merits of the controversy, this much is clear, that the Navy Department is conscious of the increasingly vital role aircraft are playing. It was the cooperation of planes, tanks and troops that facilitated the speedy victories Germany has won on land, and this lesson has served as a guide in the construction program, which contemplates a preponderant organization of surface vessels, planes and submarines that will be parts of a coordinated striking force.

GENERAL MARSHALL HAS laid down a guiding rule for supply that will appeal to the Army and be acclaimed by the country. It is based upon instant provision for the well being of the men inducted into the ranks. The procedure of peace times, caused by niggardly appropriations, which demanded observance of the utmost economy, called for the order, the requisition, the contract if the goods were not on hand, the receipt of the goods, and finally their delivery at a Quartermaster Depot whence they were sent to the organization for which intended. Delays were unavoidable under this heretofore necessary procedure. In this time of emergency, the General will not tolerate them. Anything needed by troops has been given precedence over all other matters. There is speedy action and speedy results. This has promoted an acceleration of supply, which will be nationally apparent when the National Guard contingents and the Conscripts begin to arrive in camp. The preparations made, in which the Quartermaster Department has been alert and active, will mean that the boys on entrance into service will be quickly furnished with uniforms, comforters and blankets. In consequence, there need be no fear of distress in the winter months to come. That will be impossible under the orders General Marshall has issued. It should be comforting news for parents that the Chief of Staff has each boy in mind, and that everything that humanly can be done for his welfare has been arranged for, and will be done.

Service Humor

Willing to Oblige

One day a lady entered a large establishment and asked to see some blankets. After she had viewed a quantity of blankets and not made any purchases, the clerk said: "I am very sorry, madam, but I am afraid we have no more blankets in stock."

"It's quite all right," replied the lady. "I am only looking for a friend."

"Madam," said the perspiring clerk, "if you think your friend is among the blankets, I should be very pleased to go through them again for you."

—5th Corps Area News.

Short Story

A party of visitors were being shown over a large lunatic asylum. The doctor who acted as guide paused before a cell in which a man sat nursing a large doll which was dressed in the gay and gaudy colors of an up-to-date young lady.

"This poor fellow," he explained, "has a very sad history. See how he is bending over that doll and fondling it so tenderly. He spends most of his time like that. He was engaged to a girl of whom he was very fond. She jilted him, however, and married another man, while this one lost his reason over the affair."

The visitors were much touched and uttered various expressions of sympathy.

They passed to the next cell, which was barred and thickly padded. "And this," resumed the doctor, "is the other man."

—Contributed.

Dash Man

Puffing and blowing, the sailor just managed to jump into a carriage as the train left the station.

The middle-aged man in the corner eyed him with scorn.

"When I was your age, my lad," he said, "I could run half a mile catch a train by the skin of my teeth, and yet be as fresh as a daisy."

"Yes," gasped the young fellow, "but I missed this one at the last station."

—Oklahoma Plover.

Punch Line

The following item appeared in a Western paper:

"Dr. Briggs is once more among us for a brief season. He says and does exactly as he thinks right, without regard to the opinion and belief of others."

"His wife is not with him."

—Contributed.

Honorable mention this week goes to "P. T. N." who disposed of the unfinished limerick concerning the colonel who was so set against gambling.

There was a C. O. at Foochow.

Who gambling just would not allow,

He invoked the regulations.

And men's family obligations.

And ended up by loading up the 'gaw. Herewith is presented the limerick for the week of 28 Sept., for which the limerick editor hopes some agile service mind will conceive a last line.

There was a recruit from Buffalo,

And oh his mother loved him so.

She hated to lose him.

She just knew they'd abuse him.

(Any similarity to any mother or recruit living or dead is purely coincidental.)

ASK THE JOURNAL

SEND your queries to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL QUESTION EDITOR and an answer will be given in this column as soon as possible after receipt.

DEMI.—Details of increases of grades and ratings for the Army cannot be given until the President signs the necessary order. However, it is understood that DEMI, Panama Canal Department, will get a small increase and a number of higher grades.

L. G. A.—The increases in enlisted grades and ratings for the fiscal year 1941, made effective 6 Aug., were for the authorized Army of 375,000 men.

A. J. W.—You have been promoted to staff sergeant, Ordnance Department, with rank from 7 Aug. 1940.

In the Journal

10 Years Ago

Maj. Gen. Harry L. Gilchrist, Chief of the Chemical Warfare Service, has been designated as the representative of the Chemical Warfare Service on the Division of Federal Relations of the National Research Council, vice Maj. Gen. Amos A. Fries, USA.

20 Years Ago

Capt. George W. Steele, Jr., USN, commanding the Air Detachment, U. S. Atlantic Fleet, has reported to the Navy Department that the transmitting equipment installed on Naval aircraft, recently modified to operate on the new standardized wave length, has proved entirely successful under tests. A major portion of ignition disturbance has been eliminated.

30 Years Ago

Lt. Joseph K. Taussig, USN, has returned to the Norfolk Navy Yard after several weeks with the fleet in connection with target practice.

50 Years Ago

President Diaz is said to be considering a plan to reduce the size of the Mexican Army, to eliminate undesirable elements.

75 Years Ago

It is alleged that four Fenian counties, Tipperary, Cork, Limerick and Kerry have been "proclaimed," i.e., put under martial law. At all events there and elsewhere there have been riotous processions of Fenians, singing "The Wearing of the Green" and parading with shot-guns and shillalabs.

War Department Organized Reserves



OFFICIAL ORDERS



Navy Department Marine Corps

ARMY ORDERS

Secretary of War
Henry L. Stimson
Assistant Secretary of War
Robert P. Patterson
Chief of Staff
General George C. Marshall

GENERAL OFFICERS

Brig. Gen. Thomas A. Terry, to 1st CA Dist., Boston, Mass.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPT.

MAJ. GEN. E. S. ADAMS, AG
Maj. John G. Brackinridge, from Chicago, Ill., to C&GS Sch., Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., for duty with the AGD.

JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S DEPT.

MAJ. GEN. ALLEN W. GULLION, JAG
Maj. Paul S. Jones, from Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., to JAG, Washington, D. C. Sall S. F., 17 Sept. 1940.

QUARTERMASTER CORPS

MAJ. GEN. EDMUND B. GREGORY, QMG
Lt. Col. Edward H. Besse, from Ft. Hayes, Ohio, to QM Motor Supply Depot, Ft. Wayne, Mich.

Lt. Col. George F. Spann, from Brooklyn, N. Y., to New Orleans QM Depot, New Orleans, La.

Lt. Col. Wilbert V. Renner, retired 31 Dec., upon his own request, after 23 years' service.

Maj. Elmer D. Pangburn, from Ft. Jay, N. Y., to asst. to QM, Ft. Dix, N. J.

Maj. Clifford J. Moore, from Ft. Ontario, N. Y., 10 Sept., to asst. to QM, Ft. Jay, N. Y.

Maj. Clough F. Gee, from Madison Bks., N. Y., to constr. QM, Camp Joseph T. Robinson, Little Rock, Ark.

Maj. Clarence J. Blake, prior orders revoked.

Maj. Augustus S. Harrison, from Hamilton Fld., Calif., to QM, AC Advanced Flying Sch., Stockton, Calif.

Capt. James M. Lemont, from Philadelphia, Pa., to asst. to constructing QM, Westover Fld., Mass.

1st Lt. Howard H. Reed, from Ft. Devens, Mass., with station at Ft. Williams, Me., to asst. to constructing QM, Boston and vicinity, Mass., with same station.

1st Lt. Maynard D. Pedersen, (Cav.), from Ft. Snelling, Minn., to asst. to constr. QM, San Antonio and vicinity, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. JAMES C. MAGEE, SG

Medical Corps

Col. Wilson C. Von Kessler, from 7th Div., to 1st Med. Regt., Ft. Ord, Calif.

Lt. Col. David L. Stewart, from Cleveland, O., 1 Oct., to Aberdeen Proving Ground, Aberdeen, Md.

Lt. Col. Edwin F. Shaffer, from Columbus, Ohio, 25 Sept., to 3rd Evacuation Hospital, Ft. Benning, Ga.

Maj. Ellis M. Altfather, from Ft. Logan, Colo., to Anchorage, Alaska. Sall S. F., Calif., 19 Oct. 1940.

Maj. Dwight M. Young, from Chanute Fld., Ill., to Orlando Air Base, Orlando, Fla.

Maj. Herbert E. Tomlinson, from Wash., D. C., 15 Dec., to Med. Dept. Procurement Dist., Chicago, Ill.

Capt. Frederick C. Kelly, from Ft. Myer, Va., to AC Advanced Flying Sch., San Angelo, Texas.

Capt. Howard A. Van Anken, from Philippine Dept., to Army Medical Center, Wash., D. C.

Capt. Gustave E. Ledfors, from Wash., D. C., 2 Jan. 1941, to Ft. Sam Houston, Texas.

1st Lt. David E. Thomas, from Ft. Devens, Mass., 25 Sept., to 1st Armored Corps, Ft. Knox, Ky.

Medical Administrative Corps

Edward C. Rogowski, apt. 2nd Lt., MAC, Regular Army, with rank from 11 Sept. 1940; to Carlisle Bks., Pa.

Following 2nd Lts., from station indicated, to Brooklyn, N. Y.; Sall S. F., 18 Oct. 1940: Woodrow C. Herbert, Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo.; Claude B. LaFors, Ft. Lewis, Wash.; and Emerson B. Taylor, Letterman General Hospital, Calif.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. HOWARD K. LOUGHRAN, C. of F.

1st Lt. George L. Eatman, (Inf.), from Ft. Monroe, Va., to Ft. George G. Meade, Md.

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

MAJ. GEN. JULIAN L. SCHLEY, C. of E.

Maj. William H. Crosson, from Panama Canal Dept., to C. of E., Wash., D. C.

Capt. William J. Matteson, prior orders revoked.

2nd Lt. Andrew V. Inge, from 4th Div., to 2nd Armored Div., Ft. Benning, Ga.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. CHARLES M. WESSON, C. of O

Following officers, from Ft. Knox, Ky., to 1st Armored Corps, Ft. Knox, Ky.: Maj. Floyd C. Devenback, and Capt. Nelson M. Lynde, Jr., (Inf.).

Capt. Winston R. Maxwell, (Inf.), from Moffett Fld., Calif., to Ft. Douglas, Utah.

SIGNAL CORPS

MAJ. GEN. JOSEPH O. MAUBORGNE, CSO

Col. Consuelo A. Seoane, retired, 30 Sept., age 64 years.

CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE

MAJ. GEN. WALTER BAKER, C. of CWS

Lt. Col. Edward Montgomery, to CW section, San Antonio Gen. Depot, Texas, in addition to other duties.

Maj. Horace McP. Woodward, Jr., from College Station, Texas, 25 Sept., to Edgewood Arsenal, Edgewood, Md.

NATIONAL GUARD BUREAU

MAJ. GEN. JOHN F. WILLIAMS, C. of NGB

Col. Benjamin M. Bailey, (FA), prior orders revoked; from NGB, Wash., D. C., 15 Sept., to 4th CA, Atlanta, Ga.

Maj. Elbert Tower Kimball, (Inf.), (NGTS), to Lt. Col., 6 Sept. 1940.

CHAPLAIN CORPS

CH. WILLIAM R. ARNOLD, C. of Ch.

Capt. James G. DeLaVergne, from Ft. Hoyle, Md., to San Fran. Calif. Sall S. F., New York, N. Y.

Capt. John K. Connelly, to 68th CA, Ft. Williams, Maine.

CAVALRY

MAJ. GEN. JOHN K. HERR, C. of CAV.

Maj. Ernest F. Dukes, prior orders revoked.

Maj. Hugh F. T. Hoffman, prior orders revoked.

Capt. Frank J. Thompson, prior orders amended; Sall S. F., 18 Oct., to New York City.

2nd Lt. Ira B. Richards, Jr., from Ft. Bliss, Texas, to 1st Armored Div., Ft. Knox, Ky.

2nd Lt. John K. Boles, Jr., from Ft. Bliss, Texas, 1 Oct., to 1st Armored Div., Ft. Knox, Ky.

2nd Lt. Rowland H. Renwanz, from Lincoln, Neb., to 12th Cav., Ft. Brown, Texas.

FIELD ARTILLERY

MAJ. GEN. ROBERT M. DANFORD, C. of FA

Col. Alfred L. P. Sands, from Atlanta, Ga., apt. 1 Oct. 1940, to Ft. Sill, Okla.

Maj. Lawrence E. Heyduck, from 20th FA, to 4th Div., Ft. Benning, Ga.

Capt. Paul R. Weyrauch, from Ft. D. A. Russell, Texas, 15 Sept., to 1st Obsn. Bn., Ft. Bragg, N. C.

2nd Lt. John C. Nickerson, Jr., from Hawaiian Dept., to 4th Div., Ft. Benning, Ga.

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS

MAJ. GEN. JOSEPH A. GREEN, C. of CAC

Lt. Col. Donald B. Greenwood, from Ft. Williams, Me., to 8th CA, Ft. Preble, Me.

Lt. Col. Carroll G. Riggs, from Lawrence, Kans., to Instructor, CA, Mich. NG, Detroit, Mich.

Maj. Lee A. Benson, Jr., from Ft. Bragg, N. C., to O. of C. of S., Washington, D. C.

Maj. E. Carl Engelhart, prior orders amended; from Ft. Winfield Scott, Calif., to 4th Philippine Dept. Sall S. F., 8 Oct.

Maj. Isaac H. Ritchie, prior orders revoked.

1st Lt. Edgar H. Thompson, Jr., from Hawaiian Dept., to 2nd CA, Ft. Monroe, Va.

INFANTRY

MAJ. GEN. GEORGE A. LYNCH, C. of INF.

Col. Kirwin T. Smith, from Richmond, Va., 31 Jan. 1941, to retirement, age 64 years.

Col. William A. Smith, Boston, Mass., to Ft. Devens, Mass.

Lt. Col. Albert F. Christie, from Providence, R. I., to Recruit Reception Center, Ft. Devens, Mass.

Maj. Robert W. Burke, upon his own application retired 31 Jan. 1941, after 23 years' service.

Maj. John P. Lake, prior orders amended; from Arkadelphia, Ark., 1 Oct. 1940.

Maj. Charles Ennis, det. in AGD, Philippine Dept., 9 Sept.

Maj. John C. Sandlin, prior orders amended; from State College, Miss., to home and await retirement.

Maj. Jerome D. Cambre, to duty with the QMC, 11 Sept. 1940, to asst. to the C. O., Schenectady General Depot, Schenectady, N. Y.

Maj. Fremont B. Hodson, det. in AGD, 16 Sept., from Ft. Hayes, Ohio, to office of AG, Wash., D. C.

Capt. Theodore A. Seely, from Ft. Ontario, N. Y., to 28th Inf., Ft. Jackson, S. C.

Capt. Marvin W. Peck, det. 9th Inf., Ft. (Continued on Next Page)

NAVY ORDERS

Secretary of the Navy

Frank Knox

Undersecretary of the Navy

James V. Forrestal

Assistant Secretary of the Navy

Lewis Compton

Chief of Naval Operations

Admiral Harold R. Stark, USN

5 September 1940

Capt. Ross P. Schlabach, det. Asst. Supvr. of Shipbldg., Newport News Shipbldg. & Dry Dock Co., Newport News, Va., 14 Sept.; to Insp. of Nav. Matl. and addl. duty Supvr. of Shipbldg., Cleveland and Lorain, O.

Lt. Comdr. Howell C. Fish, det. USS Arkansas about 14 Sept.; to CO, Subm. Base, St. Thomas, V. I.

Lt. Bernhard Tieslau (SC), det. Navy Yd., Phila., Pa., in Sept.; to USS Boreas.

Lt. (jg) Irwin S. Moore (SC), det. Navy Yd., Ports., Va., in Sept.; to USS Laramie.

Ens. Richard E. Welsh (SC), det. Neutrality Patrol Dsh. Officer, San Juan, P. R., in Oct.; to 10th Nav. Dist.

Lt. (jg) Walter S. Peck, Jr. (ChC), to Bu. Nav., Navy Dept.

Ens. Emmett E. O'Donnell, SC-V(G), det. Instn. Georgetown Univ., Wash., D. C. in Sept.; to Dest. Div. 82.

Ens. A-V(N), USNR, det. Instn. Naval Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., to stations indicated:

Bernard L. Antisdel, Utility Sqd. 2 (Norfolk Det.).

Russell R. Barrett, Jr., Patrol Sqd. 26.

Joseph A. Ekar, Utility Sqd. 2.

Charles S. Fegan, Utility Sqd. 2 (Norfolk Det.).

Robert F. Layher, Patrol Sqd. 12.

Jack F. Litsey, Patrol Sqd. 41.

William C. Roper, Patrol Sqd. 11.

Donald H. Shiley, Patrol Sqd. 14.

Ralph S. Snyle, Patrol Sqd. 52.

Asiatic Orders

Lt. Comdr. George M. Brooke, det. 16th Nav. Dist. about 3 Aug.; to CO, USS Luzon.

Lt. Comdr. Harold B. Herty, det. USS Langley about 3 Aug.; to 12th Nav. Dist.

Lt. Comdr. Burton G. Lake, det. USS Marblehead about 10 Aug.; to staff, Cdr. Subm. Sqd. 5.

Lt. Comdr. Wilfred E. Lankenau, det. CO, USS Luzon; to USS Marblehead.

Lt. Charles R. Carroll, det. CO, USS Heron about 3 Aug.; to Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.

Lt. Rob R. McGregor, det. CO, USS S-36 about 3 Sept.; to cfo USS S-1 and in command when comm.

Lt. (jg) Otis R. Cole, Jr., det. USS Marblehead about 2 Aug.; to 12th Nav. Dist.

Comdr. Leslie O. Stone, det. 16th Nav. Dist. about 3 Sept.; to Nav. Disp., Wash., D. C.

Lt. Comdr. John Q. Owsley (MC), det. USS Langley about 3 Sept.; to 16th Nav. Dist.

Lt. (jg) Derrick C. Turnipseed (MC), det. USS Tutuila in Aug.; to 16th Nav. Dist.

Lt. (jg) Darryl S. McClung (DC), det. USS Canopus about 21 Aug.; to Navy Yd., Phila., Pa.

Lt. (jg) Vernon S. Robinson (DC), det. 4th Marines about 28 Aug.; to Navy Yd., Mare Is., Cal.

Gun. Irvin F. English, to 16th Nav. Dist.

Pharm. John E. Kelley, det. 16th Nav. Dist. about 25 Aug.; to Nav. Med. Supply Depot, Bklyn., N. Y.

Pay Clk. Marcus H. Lambert, det. USS Asheville; to USS Augusta.

6 September 1940

Lt. Robert S. Ford, det. Nav. Trng. Sta., Newport, R. I., in Oct.; to cfo USS Eberle and on bd. as exec. off. when comm.

Lt. Russell R. Ross, det. USS Preston about 10 Oct.; to USS Houston.

Lt. Comdr. William W. Davies, Jr. (MC), det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., about 21 Sept.; to Nav. Air Sta., Miami, Fla.

Lt. (jg) Edward F. Ritter, Jr. (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Bklyn., N. Y., about 1 Oct.; to Asiatic Flt.

Comdr. Thomas S. Wyllie (SC), upon disch. trt. Nav. Hosp., Pearl Harbor, T. H., to trt. nearest nav. hosp. on Pacific coast.

Lt. (jg) Harry S. Atherton (SC), ors. modified. To Navy Yd., Mare Is., Cal., instead Rec. Ship, San Fran., Cal.

Lt. (jg) Charles H. Keyser (SC), det. Navy Yd., Charleston, S. C., in Sept.; to USS Regular.

Ens. Robert G. Lavenson (SC), det. Dest. Div. 62 in Oct.; to cfo USS Curtiss and on bd. when comm.

Act. Pay Clk. Howard J. Stewart, to Asiatic Fleet.

Helen J. Lord, Ch. Nurse, det. USS Relief; (Please turn to Page 40)

MARINE CORPS

Major General Commandant

Maj. Gen. Thomas Holcomb

Col. John Potts, Retd., on 12 Sept., assigned to active duty as CO, MB, Wash., D. C.

Col. Frank Halford, Retd., on 15 Sept., assigned to active duty at Southern Recruiting Div., New Orleans, La.

Col. William H. Rupertus, on or abt. 10 Sept., det. MB, Wash., D. C., to duty at CO, MB, NS, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, and CO, 4th Def. Bn., FME.

Lt. Col. Harold D. Shannon, det. MCB, San Diego, to duty as Inspector-Instructor, 22d Bn., MCR, (Arty.), Los Angeles, Calif.

Lt. Col. Howard N. Stent, orders to 20th Bn., MCR, Portland, Ore., revoked; ordered to MCB, San Diego, Calif.

Maj. Arthur W. Ellis, orders assigning to duty at MB, Wash., D. C., modified; ordered to duty as Inspector-Instructor, 20th Bn., MCR, Portland, Ore.

Maj. Julian N. Frisbie and Capt. William R. Williams, detail as AFM revoked as of 31 Aug. 1940.

Capt. Raymond T. Presnell, Retd., on or abt. 30 Sept., detached MD, RR, Wakefield, Mass., to MB, NYd., Portsmouth, N. H.

Capt. Roy M. Gulick, AFM, on 1 Oct., det. NOB, Norfolk, Va., to MB, Norfolk NYd., for duty as PM, S. E. Pay Area.

1st Lt. John M. Bathum, MCR, on 24 Sept., assigned to active duty at MB, Norfolk NYd.

1st Lt. William W. Buchanan, on or abt. 30 Sept., det. MD, RR, Wakefield, Mass., ordered to temp. duty at MB, NYd., Boston, until about 15 Oct., then to duty at MB, Parris Island, S. C.

1st Lt. Cornelius C. Smith, Jr., MCR, promoted to 1st Lt., Marine Corps Reserve.

1st Lt. Clayton O. Tolman, det. MCB, San Diego, to duty as CO, MD, NAS, Sitka, Alaska.

1st Lt. Henry S. Masde, 1st Lt. Paul R. Byrum, Jr., 2d Lt. Richard A. Beard, Jr., 2d Lt. Maurice W. Fletcher, abt. 9 Sept., relieved duty at MB, NAS, Pensacola, Fla., and assigned to duty at NAS, Pensacola.

2d Lt. Russell D. Rupp, MCR, on 10 Sept., when directed by the C&G, FME, San Diego, detached that station, ordered home, and relieved from active duty.

2d Lt. Robert W. Shaw, on or abt. 30 Sept., det. MD, RR, Wakefield, Mass., to MB, Parris Is.

2d Lt. George T. Fowler, on arrival USS Quincy at Norfolk, and when directed by CO, det. Quincy to MB, Norfolk NYd.

Ch. Pay Clk. Delmar J. Dee, on 1 Oct., det. NOB, Norfolk, Va., to MB, Norfolk NYd., for duty in Office of PM, S. E. Pay Area.

The following officers were promoted to the grades indicated by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, on 6 September, 1940, with rank from the dates shown opposite their names:

Maj. J. P. S. Devereux, 1 April 1940, No. 3.

Maj. A. R. Peley, 8 July 1940, No. 4.

Maj. E. W. Snedeker, 1 Aug. 1940.

Capt. E. L. Hutchinson, 1 July 1939, No. 30.

Capt. J. L. Dickey, 1 Aug. 1939, No. 1.

(Please turn to Page 40)

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Army Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Sam Houston, Texas, 16 Sept.; to asst. to the QM, Ft. Sam Houston, Texas.

Capt. Christian H. Clarke, Jr., from Governors L., N. Y., to 9th Div., Ft. Bragg, N. C. 1st Lt. Oral G. Willis, prior orders amended; to New York City, sail S. F., 18 Oct.

1st Lt. Maynard N. Levenick, prior orders revoked; from Ft. Bragg, N. C., to Army Finance Sch., Holabird QM Depot, Md., for temp. duty abt. 15 wks., thence to Ft. Jackson, S. C.

2nd Lt. Percy DeW. McCarley, Jr., from Hawaiian Dept., to 9th Div., Ft. Bragg, N. C.

AIR CORPS

MAJ. GEN. HENRY H. ARNOLD, C. of AC

1st Col. Walter F. Kraus, from Hawaiian Dept., to C. of AC, Wash., D. C.

Maj. Bennett E. Meyers, from Wright Fld., Ohio, to office of C. of AC, Wash., D. C., abt.

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20 Sept. 1940.

Maj. Earle E. Partridge, (Capt.), from Montgomery, Ala., to Barksdale Fld., Shreveport, La., 1 Oct. 1940, for temp. duty until 15 Feb. 1941, thence to AC Specialized Flying Sch., Selma, Ala.

Capt. William L. Lee, from Kelly Fld., Texas, to Langley Fld., Va.

Capt. Daniel A. Cooper, from Randolph Fld., Texas, to AC Specialized Flying Sch., Selma, Ala., 1 Oct. 1940.

Capt. John W. Egan, from Langley Fld., Va., to Barksdale Fld., La., 1 Oct. 1940.

1st Lt. Harry N. Renshaw, prior orders amended; from Randolph Fld., Texas, to Quito, Ecuador. Sail Balboa, C. Z., 19 Sept. 1940.

1st Lt. James Y. Parker, from Brooks Fld., Texas, to Philippine Dept. Sail Charleston, 9 Jan. 1941.

1st Lt. J. Paul Craig, from Randolph Fld., Texas, to Philippine Dept. Sail Charleston, 9 Jan. 1941.

1st Lt. Elvin S. Ligon, Jr., from Belleville, Ill., to AC Tech. Sch., Chanute Fld., Rantoul, Ill.

2nd Lt. Francis E. Brenner, from Shreveport, La., to Hamilton Fld., Calif.; sail Charleston, 17 Oct. 1940.

2nd Lt. Joseph A. Morris, from Moffett Fld., Calif., to Hawaiian Dept. Sail S. F., 7 Nov. 1940.

2nd Lt. John N. Carlton, from Hamilton Fld., Calif., to Wright Fld., O. Sail S. F., 18 Oct.

2nd Lt. Carter E. Duncan, from Kelly Fld., Texas, to Selma, Ala., 12 Oct. 1940.

Following 2nd Lts., from Randolph Fld., Texas, to Moffett Fld., Calif., 1 Oct. 1940: Walter J. Alsop, Hugh A. Griffith, Jr., John C. Habecker, Perry M. Holington, 2d, Carl W. Hollstein, Oliver B. Taylor, Robert M. Wray, and George W. R. Zethren.

Following 2nd Lts., from Randolph Fld., Texas, to Maxwell Fld., Ala., 7 Oct. 1940: Frank W. Isenman, Jr., and Robert J. Rogers.

Following officers, from Moffett Fld., Calif., to Hamilton Fld., Calif.: 1st Lt. Clinton D. Vincent, 2nd Lt. Kermit A. Tyler, 2nd Lt. John A. Pechulis.

Following officers, from Maxwell Fld., Ala., to Ft. Douglas, Utah: Lt. Col. Arthur J. Melson, (Maj.), Capt. Dwight B. Schanep.

Following officers, from Moffett Fld., Calif., to Ft. Douglas, Utah: Lt. Col. Earle G. Harper, (Maj.), Capt. Robert O. Cork, Capt. Fred O. Tally, 1st Lt. Robert E. Jarnon, 1st Lt. Joseph J. Nazzaro, 1st Lt. Conrad F. Neerason, 2nd Lt. Landon G. Eskridge, Jr.

Following officers, from Randolph Fld., Texas, to Basic Flying School, Montgomery, Ala.: 1st Lt. Jerome E. Blair, II, 1st Lt. Daniel I. Moler, 2nd Lt. William H. Connell, 2nd Lt. C. Conrad Pratt, 2nd Lt. William K. Skner.

Following officers, from station indicated, to AC Tech. Sch., Lowry Fld., Denver, Colo.: Capt. James W. Andrew, Randolph Fld., Texas, and 1st Lt. Laurence B. Kelley, Kelly Fld., Texas.

Following officers, from Philippine Dept., to station indicated: 1st Lt. German P. Culver, to Kelly Fld., Texas, and 1st Lt. Charles B. Harvin, to Randolph Fld., Texas.

Following officers, from Randolph Fld., Texas, to AC Basic Flying Sch., Moffett Fld., Calif.: Capt. Gerald Hoyle, 2nd Lt. George A. Bosch, 2nd Lt. George Y. Jumper, 1 Sept. Capt. Lambert S. Callaway, Capt. Thomas J. DuBoise, 1st Lt. Tom J. Cunningham, 1st Lt. Joseph G. Russell, 2nd Lt. Donald W. Eisenhart, 2nd Lt. Howard W. Gray, 2nd Lt. Donald E. Meade, 2nd Lt. Ashley B. Packard, 1 Oct.

Following officers, from station indicated, to AC Specialized Flying Sch., Barksdale Fld., La., 1 Oct. 1940: Capt. John P. Ryan, Maxwell Fld., Ala.; Capt. Norris B. Harbold,

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Maxwell Fld., Ala.; Capt. Edgar R. Todd, Kelly Fld., Texas, and 2nd Lt. Audrin R. Walker, Kelly Fld., Texas.

PROMOTIONS

Announcement is made of the promotion to lieutenant colonel with rank from 18 Aug. of the majors whose names were printed on page 1303 of the 31 Aug. issue of this paper.

TRANSFERS

Capt. Charles L. Olin, (Inf.), SC, to SC, 17 Aug. 1940.

ORDERS TO RETIRED OFFICERS

Lt. Col. Rowland D. Wolfe, det. at Ohio State Univ., Columbus, Ohio.

Lt. Col. Harry H. Van Kirk, 15 Sept., det. at Western Res. Univ., Cleveland, Ohio.

Maj. Ira F. Peak, det. at Indiana University, Bloomington, Ind.

Maj. Harry N. Fuller, to Presidio of Monterey, Calif., with rank of Capt.

Capt. James R. Brownell, 16 Sept., to engineer section, General Intermediate Depot, Columbus, Ohio.

Capt. Emmett H. Emanuel, det. at Clemson Agricultural Col., Clemson, S. C.

WARRANT OFFICERS

Cpl. John W. Keenan, appointed as a W. O., 2nd Mate, AMP8, with rank 10 Sept. 1940, from AMP "Ellery W. Niles," to ANP "Baird."

W. O. Peter C. Tyler, retired with rank of Capt., 30 Nov., upon his own application after more than 30 years' service.

W. O. Charles Cake, from AGD, hq. 3rd CA, Baltimore, Md., to JAGD, that hq.

W. O. John E. Heathcote, to retire, 31 Oct. 1940, with rank of Capt., after more than 31 years' service.

W. O. Carl Mueller, from Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to home and await retirement.

ORDERS TO ENLISTED MEN

Pvt. 1st Herman R. Drake, prior orders revoked.

Sgt. Chester L. Mitchell, MD, prior orders amended; to read "Ft. Bragg, N. C."

Sgt. Oscar E. Marshall, and Sgt. Quinton Slay, MD, prior orders amended; to read "Ft. Jackson, S. C."

Sgt. Stephen A. Billee, prior orders amended; to read, Ft. Monroe, Va.

Sgt. George S. Hill, MD, prior orders amended by substituting the name of Cpl. Albert L. Longbean, MD, Ft. George G. Meade, Md.

Cpl. Alfred C. Jaime, prior orders amended; to read "Cpl. Alfred W. Stephenson."

Cpl. George C. Armonavicz, prior orders revoked.

Sgt. Edward G. Blackmore, prior orders revoked.

RETIREMENT OF ENLISTED MEN

Sgt. Felix Delmendo, Co. B, 57th Inf., (PS), at Ft. Wm. McKinley, P. I., 30 Sept.

M. Sgt. Carl C. Crockett, Hq. and Hq. Btry., 82nd FA, at Ft. Bliss, Tex., 30 Sept.

ORDERS TO RESERVES

Extended Active Duty With AGD

2nd Lt. Belmont P. Goethe, cont'd at Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., until 30 June 1941.

Maj. Claude Hinkley, 16 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 15 Sept. 1941.

Extended Active Duty With JAGD

Capt. Clio E. Straight, 10 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 9 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Donald P. Mayhew, 18 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 17 Sept. 1941.

Extended Active Duty With QMC

Maj. Maurice W. Cochran, 6 Sept., to QMG, Wash., D. C., until 5 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Lewis Muhlfelder, prior orders revoked.

Following officers, 9 Sept., to Mitchell Fld., N. Y., until 8 Sept. 1941: Capt. James G. Collins, and Capt. Lorenzo G. Voigt.

2nd Lt. Jack E. Miller, 12 Sept., to Jefferson Bks., St. Louis, Mo., for duty with AC, until 11 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. William H. Walkart, prior orders revoked.

1st Lt. Joseph M. Geoghegan, from Ft. Devens, to asst. to the constructing QM, Boston, Mass.

2nd Lts. Elliott Smith English, Albert R. Lederer, and Eugene P. Mackley, 12 Sept., to Langley Fld., Va., until 11 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Alden C. Reynolds, 12 Sept., to Mitchell Fld., N. Y., until 11 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Robert Lee Richardson, 11 Sept., to QMG, Wash., D. C., until 10 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Albert Lord Keneman, Jr., prior orders revoked, 16 Sept., to office of Asst. Sec. of War, Wash., D. C.

Capt. John G. Hritz (FA), 12 Sept., Wash., D. C., to Detroit, Mich.

Extended Active Duty With MC

1st Lt. Horace E. Burton, 10 Sept., to Chanute Fld., Ill., until 9 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Wilfred W. Eastman, 9 Sept., to Phila., Pa., until 8 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Thomas N. Lide, 10 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 9 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Udell M. Gessel, 9 Sept., to Lowry Fld., Colo., until 8 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Forrest A. Rowell, Jr., 8 Sept., to Carlisle Bks., Pa., for temp. duty; thence to Ft. Devens, Mass., until 7 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Charles T. Garcia, 7 Sept., to Ran-

dolph Fld., Tex., for temp. duty; thence to Ft. Dix, N. J., until 6 Sept. 1941.

Following officers, 26 Nov., sail New York, N. Y., to Honolulu, T. H.: Capt. Milton A. Juster, 1st Lt. Walter H. Ketchum III.

1st Lt. David P. Thomas, 9 Sept., to Carlisle Barracks, Pa., for temp. duty; thence to Camp Jackson, S. C., until 8 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. John W. Montgomery, 12 Sept., to West Coast Training Center, Stockton, Calif., until 11 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Louis E. Dickinson, Jr., 12 Sept., to Ft. Douglas, Utah, until 11 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Jacob DeVita, 9 Sept., to Carlisle Bks., Pa., for temp. duty, thence to Ft. Bragg, N. C., until 8 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Frank H. Thome, from Ft. Douglas, Utah, 23 Sept., to Ft. Lewis, Wash.

1st Lt. Domenic S. Messina, prior orders revoked.

Capt. Nathan M. Smolens, prior orders revoked.

1st Lt. Samuel G. Reisman, 14 Sept., to Scott Fld., Ill., until 14 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Webster W. Bennett, Jr., 15 Sept., to Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

1st Lt. James B. French, 16 Sept., to Randolph Fld., Tex., until 15 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Thomas A. Broderick, 15 Sept., to Letterman General Hospital, Calif., until 14 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Kenneth J. Harmon, 15 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 14 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Robert W. McDermott, 15 Sept., to New York, N. Y., until 14 Sept. 1941.

Extended Active Duty With DC

1st Lt. Garnet P. Francis, Jr., from Selfridge Fld., Mich., 10 Sept., to Wash., D. C.

Capt. Howard A. McCurdy, 10 Sept., to Ft. Lewis, Wash., until 9 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Luther D. Hill, 9 Sept., to Ft. McClellan, Ala., until 8 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Robert J. Henderson, 10 Sept., to Ft. Knox, Ky., until 9 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Fred H. Worthington, 10 Sept., to Ft. Monroe, Va., until 9 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Arthur Stone, 10 Sept., to Wm. Beaumont Gen. Hospital, El Paso, Tex., until 9 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Thomas B. Connell, 10 Sept., to Ft. Knox, Ky., until 9 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Robert C. Sample, from MacDill Fld., Fla., thence to Hawaiian Dept., sail Charleston, 17 Oct. 1940.

1st Lt. Hugh B. Morris, 9 Sept., to Madison Bks., N. Y., until 8 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Paul J. Longshore, 20 Sept., to 2nd Armored Div., Ft. Benning, Ga., until 19 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Kenneth P. Reynolds, 15 Sept., to Ft. Totten, N. Y., until 14 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Philip Edward Handler, 12 Sept., to Ft. Dix, N. J., until 11 Sept. 1941.

Capt. William E. Tripp, 15 Sept., from Langley Fld., Va., to Ft. Hayes, Ohio.

Maj. Frederick M. Dimas-Aruti, 12 Sept., to Ft. Meyer, Va., until 11 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Carl Marvin Hood, 15 Sept., to Camp Jackson, S. C., until 14 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Lawrence T. Jerry, 15 Sept., to Hot Springs, Ark., until 14 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Jean H. Romaine, 15 Sept., to Ft. Lewis, Wash., until 14 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Karl A. Edgerton, 16 Sept., to Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Ind., until 15 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Raymond D. Ney, 15 Sept., to Ft. Benning, Ga., until 14 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Frederick W. Hooper, Jr., 15 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 14 Sept. 1941.

Extended Active Duty With VC

1st Lt. Hilding M. Marlowe, 12 Sept., to Presidio of Monterey, Calif., until 11 Sept. 1941.

Extended Active Duty With MAC

Capt. Chester G. Tvedt, from St. Louis, Mo., 7 Sept., to Columbus Gen. Depot, Columbus, Ohio.

1st Lt. Albert L. Sahn, 12 Sept., to Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., until 11 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Warren C. Blaisdel, 16 Sept., to Army Medical Center, Wash., D. C., until 15 Sept. 1941.

Extended Active Duty With Fin.

1st Lt. David L. Chamberlin, 20 Sept., to Ft. Mason, Calif., until 19 Sept. 1941.

Extended Active Duty With Engr.

1st Lt. Charles H. Mason, 12 Sept., to Mitchell Fld., N. Y., until 11 Sept. 1941.

Following Capt., from Ft. Devens, Mass., to asst. to the Constructing QM, Boston, Mass.: William C. Ready, Emil E. Taylor, 2nd Lt. Ignatius G. Klug, 12 Sept., to Mitchell Fld., N. Y., until 11 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Charles Elmer Jung, Sands G. Wilmer, 12 Sept., to Langley Fld., Va., until 11 Sept. 1941.

Maj. Harold L. Algeo, from Wash., D. C., 10 Sept., to Camp Edwards, Falmouth, Mass.

Capt. William W. Brotherton, prior orders amended; date of relief 17 Sept. 1940.

Capt. Frank A. Ray, 15 Sept., to Camp Blanding, Fla., for duty as asst. to the constructing QM, until 14 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Daniel Jackson Faustman, 14 Sept., to Hamilton Fld., Calif., until 13 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Robert L. Mushen, 14 Sept., to Hamilton Fld., Calif., until 13 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Kenneth B. Metcalf, prior orders revoked.

Extended Active Duty With Ord.

Capt. Spencer G. Hillard, 9 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 8 Sept. 1941.

(Continued on Next Page)

Army Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

2nd Lt. George R. Killam, Jr., prior orders revoked, 9 Sept., to Birmingham, Ala., until 8 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Harold W. Gear, 9 Sept., to Ft. Knox, Ky., until 8 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Robert C. Leech, 9 Sept., to Watertown, Mass., until 8 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Rush A. Bowman, 9 Sept., to Pittsburgh, Pa., until 8 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Floyd L. Strawn, from Wash., D. C., 10 Sept., to Radford Ord. Works, Radford, Va.

Capt. Justin D. Hillyer, from Wash., D. C., 10 Sept., to Ravenna Ord. Plant, Ravenna, Ohio.

2nd Lt. Bonnie W. Embrey, 12 Sept., to 17th Ord. Co., Ft. Benning, Ga., until 11 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Clarence S. Wilcox, from Wash., D. C., 10 Sept., to Radford Ord. Works, Radford, Va.

Capt. Randolph M. Smith, prior orders amended; to 1st Armored Corps, Ft. Knox, Ky.

1st Lt. William S. Toothacker, Jr., 23 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 22 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Bruce Pierce, 20 Sept., to 80th Ord. Co., Benicia Arsenal, Benicia, Calif., until 9 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Wilmer L. Myers, 12 Sept., to 30th Ord. Co., Ft. George G. Meade, Md., until 11 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Adoniram J. Ellis, 23 Sept., to Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., until 22 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Bernard W. Stone, to Panama Canal Dept. Sail New York, N. Y., 14 Sept. 1940.

1st Lt. Roland S. Biersach, 16 Sept., to 1st Armored Corps, Ft. Knox, Ky., until 15 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Rufus D. Keiser, 16 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 15 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. William O. Cribbs, 23 Sept., to 1st Armored Corps, Ft. Knox, Ky., until 22 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Thomas N. Williamson, 23 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 22 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Jim Eng, 20 Sept., to 4th Air Force, Langley Fld., Va., until 20 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Russell E. Greenawalt, 23 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 22 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Richard H. Wimer, 23 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 22 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Raymond T. Abernethy, 30 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 29 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Allen E. Staley, 1 Oct., to Ft. Benning, Ga., until 30 Sept. 1941.

Maj. Howard W. Dix, 14 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 13 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Walter C. Summer, 23 Sept., to Ft. Benning, Ga., until 22 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Harmer L. Cox, 23 Sept., to Pittsburgh Ordnance Dist., until 22 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Rex J. Howard, 16 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 15 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Louis G. Kelly, 14 Sept., to Rochester, N. Y., until 13 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Cornelius H. Menger, 16 Sept., to Alexandria, La., until 15 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Francis D. Beyer, 14 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 12 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Robert P. Williams, 23 Sept., to Birmingham, Ala., until 22 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Sidney L. Gibson, 16 Sept., to Springfield, Mass., until 15 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Riley P. Miner, 16 Sept., to Curtis Bay, Md., until 14 Sept. 1941.

Extended Active Duty With Sign.

Maj. Ralph A. Dutton, 7 Sept., to Baltimore, Md., until 6 Sept. 1941.

Maj. Robert L. Finkenstaedt, 9 Sept., to East Hartford, Conn., until 8 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Alfred F. Truax, 9 Sept., to Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., until 8 Sept. 1941.

Capt. James C. Pruitt, 9 Sept., to Ft. Benning, Ga., until 8 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Gordon K. Parks, 9 Sept., to New York, N. Y., until 8 Sept. 1941.

Maj. Joseph M. Piner, 12 Sept., to Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., until 11 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Reginald J. Elmore, 12 Sept., to March Fld., Calif., until 11 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Charles L. Watson, 12 Sept., to March Fld., Calif., until 11 Sept. 1941.

Following officers, 12 Sept., to Selfridge Fld., Mich., until 11 Sept. 1941: Capt. Conrad L. Gran, and 2nd Lt. Maurice A. Broner.

2nd Lt. Verne E. Lampiris, 12 Sept., to Selfridge Fld., Mich., until 11 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Albert E. Harrison, 9 Sept., to 8th Sign. Co., Camp Jackson, S. C., until 8 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Frank Placko, 12 Sept., to Ft. Monmouth, N. J., until 11 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Quentin S. Quigley, prior orders revoked.

Capt. Arthur E. Stanat, 12 Sept., to Mitchell Fld., N. Y., until 11 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Robert C. House, 12 Sept., to Mitchell Fld., N. Y., until 11 Sept. 1941.

Following officers, 12 Sept., to Ft. Douglas, Utah, until 11 Sept. 1941: Capt. Rudolph G. Winckler, and 2nd Lt. Taylor S. Shreve.

1st Lt. Lloyd H. Wade, 12 Sept., to 31st Sign. Aviation Co., Hamilton Fld., Calif., until 11 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. James D. Hansen, prior orders amended; to 4th Sign. Co., Ft. Benning, Ga.

1st Lt. Harry E. Roderick, prior orders

amended; to 2nd Operations Co., Mitchell Fld., N. Y.

Capt. Dwight H. Thomas, 12 Sept., to Selfridge Fld., Mich., 322nd Sign. Aviation Co., until 11 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Stanley Smith, 15 Sept., to MacDill Fld., Fla., until 11 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. William E. Willey, 23 Sept., to March Fld., Calif., until 22 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Louis B. Eldson, 15 Sept., to Barksdale Fld., La., until 14 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Henry J. Heuer, 18 Sept., to McChord Fld., Wash., until 17 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Richard M. Ludlow, 23 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 22 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. James E. Dupres, 15 Sept., to Hamilton Fld., Calif., until 14 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Norbert C. Miller, 23 Sept., to Ft. Monmouth, N. J., until 22 Sept. 1941.

Extended Active Duty With Ch.

1st Lt. John P. Young, 14 Sept., to Ft. Slocum, N. Y., until 13 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Walter T. McCracken, 14 Sept., to Ft. Devens, Mass., until 13 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Robert L. Wasson, 20 Sept., to 5th Div. Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Ind., until 19 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Thomas J. Seezina, 18 Sept., to Barksdale Fld., La., until 17 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Thomas E. Hayes, 18 Sept., to Hamilton Fld., Calif., until 17 Sept. 1941.

Extended Active Duty With CWS

Maj. John L. Miles, 15 Sept., to Boston Procurement Dist., Boston, Mass., until 14 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Elliott H. Parks, 12 Sept., to Mitchell Fld., N. Y., until 11 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Albert B. Allen, 12 Sept., to Scott Fld., Belleville, Ill., until 11 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Philip R. Tarr, 25 Sept., to Boston Chemical Warfare Procurement Dist., Boston, Mass., until 24 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Leland N. Stead, prior orders revoked.

2nd Lt. Paul D. Vermette, 30 Sept., to Edgewood Arsenal, Md., until 14 Sept. 1941.

Extended Active Duty With FA

1st Lt. Marcus Peterson, prior orders revoked.

Capt. Robert L. Luck, 12 Sept., to Pope Fld., Ft. Bragg, N. C., until 11 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Joseph E. LaLuda, 12 Sept., to Langley Fld., Hampton, Va., until 11 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. David S. Blackwell, 12 Sept., to Langley Fld., Hampton, Va., until 11 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Leslie I. Neher, 12 Sept., to Scott Fld., Belleville, Ill., until 11 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Theron O. Clark, 12 Sept., to Scott Fld., Belleville, Ill., until 11 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Clarence W. Lilley, 12 Sept., to Scott Fld., Belleville, Ill., until 11 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Paul K. Walker, 15 Sept., to Gulf Coast AC Tng. Center, Randolph Fld., Tex., until 14 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Isaac G. Siemens, 15 Sept., to AC Det., Jefferson Bks., Mo., until 14 Sept. 1941.

Maj. Thomas A. Cox, Jr., 11 Sept., to Camp Shelby, Miss., as constructing QM.

2nd Lt. Solomon P. McCurdy, from Ft. Ord, Calif., to Hawaiian Dept., sail S. F., 19 Sept. 1940.

1st Lt. Joe Lee, prior orders revoked.

Following officers, to Hawaiian Dept., sail S. F., 19 Sept. 1940: 1st Lt. Thomas J. Bridwell, 2nd Lt. George W. Grisamore, and 2nd Lt. Frank J. Sabee.

Capt. Paul Michel, 23 Sept., to Lowry Fld., Denver, Colo., until 22 Sept. 1941.

Extended Active Duty With CAC

1st Lt. Willie C. Lowe, 12 Sept., to Pope Fld., Ft. Bragg, N. C., until 11 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Albert W. Hand, 12 Sept., to Jefferson Bks., St. Louis, Mo., for duty with AC, until 11 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. James E. Burch, 12 Sept., to AC Tng. Det., Love Fld., Tex., until 11 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Benson Guyton, Henry C. Herzog, Jack Phillip Johns, 12 Sept., to Pope Fld., Ft. Bragg, N. C., until 11 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Charles O. Baird, Jr., 12 Sept., to Mitchell Fld., N. Y., until 11 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Firman K. Hayman, 12 Sept., to Langley Fld., Va., until 11 Sept. 1941.

Maj. Morris T. Whitmore, 10 Sept., to duty as const. QM Camp Savannah, Savannah, Ga.

1st Lt. Raymond C. Hass, det. in the QMC, 15 Sept., to Wash., D. C., reporting to QMG, until 14 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Wayne L. Wood, 15 Sept., to Ft. Monroe, Va., as instructor, until 14 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. John Leonard Lanford, 15 Sept., to Gulf Coast AC Tng. Center, Randolph Fld., Tex., until 14 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Joseph William O'Connell, 15 Sept., to Kelly Fld., Tex., until 14 Sept. 1941.

Following officers, from station indicated, to Hawaiian Dept., sail S. F., 19 Sept. 1940: 1st Lt. Raymond C. Ball, Ft. MacArthur, Calif.; 1st Lt. Robert E. Butts, Ft. Winfield Scott, Calif.; 1st Lt. Peter A. Helfert, Ft.

Winfield Scott, Calif.; 1st Lt. Theodore F. Kane, Jr., Ft. Winfield Scott, Calif.; 1st Lt. Raphael F. Tonge, Ft. Winfield Scott, Calif.; 1st Lt. Thomas D. Woodward, Ft. MacArthur, Calif.; 2nd Lt. William G. Sylvester, Ft. Rosecrans, Calif.; 2nd Lt. William S. West, Ft. Winfield Scott, Calif.

1st Lt. Richard Charles Low, 15 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 14 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Robert J. Jones, 15 Sept., to Ft. Monroe, Va., until 14 Sept. 1941.

Capt. James P. Maloney, 15 Sept., to Ft. Monroe, Va., until 14 Sept. 1941.

Extended Active Duty With Cav.

Capt. Frank L. Howley, 14 Sept., to Chanute Fld., Rantoul, Ill., until 13 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Edwin B. Bates, Jr., 12 Sept., to Maxwell Fld., Ala., until 11 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Thomas B. Carnahan, Jr., from Miami, Fla., 12 Sept., to AC Tng. Det., Miami, Fla.

1st Lt. Rex LeRoy Blanton, 12 Sept., to Pope Fld., Ft. Bragg, N. C., until 11 Sept. 1941.

Extended Active Duty With Inf.

Capt. Gilbert H. Davis, 9 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 8 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Robert B. Kinkaid, 9 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 8 Sept. 1941.

Maj. Paul M. Brewer, det. in the QMC, 13 Sept., to QMG, Wash., D. C., until 12 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Donald R. Johnston, 12 Sept., to AC Tng. Det., Parks Air College, East St. Louis, Ill., until 11 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Frederick R. Merritt, 12 Sept., to AC Det., Glenview Airport, Glenview, Ill., until 11 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. William C. Bauer, Jr., 12 Sept., to Mitchell Fld., N. Y., until 11 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Cecil M. Sanders, to Philippine Dept., sail New York, N. Y., 14 Sept. 1940.

Prior orders revoked.

Following Lts., 12 Sept., to Langley Fld., Hampton, Va., until 11 Sept. 1941: 1st Lt. Richard N. Bolton, 1st Lt. John S. Shockey, 1st Lt. Charles B. Terrill, 2nd Lt. John D. Geiser, 2nd Lt. Thomas H. Llewellyn, 2nd Lt. Andrew R. Meyneke, 2nd Lt. Martin Fisher Peters, 1st Lt. Willard B. Owen.

1st Lt. Walter G. W. Clatanoff, 12 Sept., to Mitchell Fld., N. Y., until 11 Sept. 1941.

Capt. James C. Belda, from D. C., 11 Sept. 1940, to duty as asst. to the constructing QM, Camp Savannah, Savannah, Ga.

1st Lt. George L. Gruber, 16 Sept., to Mitchell Fld., N. Y., until 15 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Dwight H. Bridges, 20 Sept., to Sikston, Mo., until 19 Sept. 1941.

Following 2nd Lts., to Hawaiian Dept., sail

S. F., 19 Sept. 1940: Donn R. Pepke, and William G. Thomsen.

Following 1st Lts., 15 Sept., to Kelly Fld., Tex.: Herbert W. Rogers, and Phillip S. Rahill.

2nd Lt. Walter P. Traub, prior orders revoked.

2nd Lt. Fred J. Griffin, Jr., to Honolulu, T. H., sail S. F., 19 Sept. 1940.

2nd Lt. Olin M. Horner, prior orders revoked.

Capt. Jack H. Turner, 18 Sept., to Scott Fld., Ill., until 17 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Harold C. Sheffield, prior orders revoked.

Capt. William E. Harper, Jr., 15 Sept., to Chicago, Ill., until 14 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Raymond A. Nelson, 13 Sept., to Hamilton Fld., Calif., until 12 Sept. 1941.

Following Lts., 12 Sept., to Pope Fld., Ft. Bragg, N. C., until 11 Sept. 1941: 1st Lt. Paul J. Brown, 2nd Lt. Mark A. Jackson, 2nd Lt. Cecil A. Lemon, 2nd Lt. James M. Madden, 2nd Lt. Dixon Rudolph, and 2nd Lt. Richard J. Wade.

Following Lts., 12 Sept., to Langley Fld., Hampton, Va., until 11 Sept. 1941: 1st Lt. Jarvis M. Harper, 1st Lt. Jesse J. Moorhead, 1st Lt. Earl J. Newblitt, 1st Lt. Harold H. Williams, and 2nd Lt. Francis M. Waring.

Following Lts., 12 Sept., to Mitchell Fld., N. Y., until 11 Sept. 1941: 1st Lt. George H. Brush, Jr., 1st Lt. Jarvis R. Kingston.

Following Lts., 12 Sept., to Scott Fld., Belleville, Ill., until 11 Sept. 1941: 1st Lt. Gordon A. Douglas, 1st Lt. William C. Ewbank, 1st Lt. John T. Gilmore, and 1st Lt. James A. Beaulieu.

Following Lts., 12 Sept., to Scott Fld., Belleville, Ill., until 11 Sept. 1941: 1st Lt. William E. Cochran, 2nd Lt. Addison C. Ford, 2nd Lt. Benjamin T. Ellis, and 2nd Lt. Henry N. Moore.

Capt. Roy W. Fleming, 12 Sept., to Scott Fld., Belleville, Ill., until 11 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Daniel A. Gomes, 14 Sept., to Hamilton Fld., Calif., until 13 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Henry G. MacDaniel, 15 Sept., to Gulf Coast AC Tng. Center, Randolph Fld., Tex., until 14 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Ralph K. Johnson, 15 Sept., to Gulf Coast AC Tng. Center, Randolph Fld., Tex., until 14 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Raymond Egan, 15 Sept., to Gulf Coast AC Tng. Center, Randolph Fld., Tex., until 14 Sept. 1941.

Extended Active Duty With AC

1st Lt. Albert B. Norrod, Jr., 9 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 8 Sept. 1941.

(Please turn to Page 40)



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Second Army Critique

In his address at the critique of the Second Army Maneuvers, Lt. Gen. Stanley H. Ford, USA, commanding general of the Second Army, declared that the "time has come for the National Guard to submerge itself in a common military purpose and not be required to carry the handicap of home-state influence whenever in the Federal service."

After all, General Ford asserted at the critique which was held at Camp McCoy, Wisc., on 28 Aug., regardless of the point of origin, Regular Army of National Guard, proficiency will be measured by degree of training—"the idea of one Army means just that."

The full text of General Ford's address follows:

"1. The culminating exercise of the Second Army Maneuvers was terminated in accord with the tactical situation. There was no exact time set for its conclusion; it might have been earlier or later as the tactical employment of troops demanded. You may say to yourselves that regardless of adverse weather conditions there is the eminent satisfaction of having executed a difficult maneuver well, and, in accord with the best military tradition of the American soldier, you have demonstrated the spirit of persistent effort; you have been able to respond to every demand.

Low Physical Fitness

"2. Great demands have been made upon the troops, bringing to the fore certain deficiencies relating to the low physical fitness upon the part of some, and this deficiency was reflected in the lack of leadership. You must accept the fact that true leadership cannot be exercised effectively from a sedan or command car traversing the highways, or from a tent in a command post. Not only must the commander be actually in personal contact with his officers and men, but he must supplement his personal efforts by those of agent officers and coordinating officers with front line elements. Troops should be led, and you should not be content to force them from the rear.

"3. You will recognize in my comments today references to subjects presented to you in my orientation talk at the beginning of the maneuvers. Coordination of effort was one of these subjects. The commander, to exercise superior leadership, must be better physically and professionally than his officers and men. This is not always the case.

"4. The commander has a few officers, both line and staff, who are not equal to the demands made upon them. Generally, this is due to lack of training, but whatever the cause, the deficiency should be corrected. The time has come for the National Guard to submerge itself in a common military purpose and not be required to carry the handicap of home-State influence whenever in the Federal service. For, after all, regardless of the point of origin, Regular Army or National Guard, your proficiency will be measured by your degree of training—the idea of one Army means just that.

"5. The public press, represented in these maneuvers by a superior group, has been most helpful in presenting to the public those accounts which are informative and educational, and those human interest stories which have done so much in a praise-worthy manner in sustaining, improving and stimulating morale. Whenever false impressions are depicted in the press, it is usually found that unconsciously or deliberately, the organization commander is responsible for the unfavorable comment. The press representative has been unfortunate in interviewing someone who was unable to present the facts. For example, I have seen articles accentuating the discomfort of the soldier, discomfort due to various and necessary reasons. The trained soldier is prepared physically and mentally to endure all the so-called hardships, provided his commander is professionally trained and capable of exercising the leadership qualities his men have a right to expect.

Unnecessary Duties

"6. It is fundamental in the military profession that the organization commander seek to bring his organization to such a high state of proficiency that every member will believe that his organization is the best, and that his organization is

entitled to that belief by reason of demonstrated excellence of performance. This recognition, however, can never be gained by the organization commander if his men are required to perform unnecessary and useless duties. The attainment of a common objective by the National Guard and Regular Army demands a sincere attitude on the part of both components to measure accomplishment by training and to give less attention to the accentuation of local interest. Training will bring this condition about eventually because it will be seen that proficiency is a matter of training.

"7. Many of the subjects brought out during the early period of training will shrivel into insignificance in course of time, and permit attention being given to more important subjects. What appears to be inconsequential after a long period of training were, nevertheless, important ones during earlier stages of instruction, and their mastery have contributed immeasurably in making for excellence.

"8. There has been a notable improvement in the conduct of military operations since the beginning of the maneuvers, and this improvement is largely due to the fact that all military personnel have been living the life of the soldier 24 hours per day. You will recall in my orientation talk that I made brief reference to military discipline. The kind of discipline which enters into every act of the soldier. Reports which have come to me upon the subject, including those of the Judge Advocate and Provost Marshal, have been examined and studied with care, and I find that the personal bearing and conduct of military personnel in cities and towns within this large Army maneuver area have left little to be desired, and has reflected an intense pride in organization—the true source of sound discipline. Unauthorized use of motor vehicles constituted the most serious cases. You will recall also that it was stated that the violation of instructions, even upon the part of a single individual, is far reaching in its effect, that the discipline called for is that of implicit obedience of orders—for example, the tactical employment of certain elements of one division was in violation of Corps orders, and as a consequence the scheme of maneuver was disrupted. And as a further consequence, the opposing force was able to seize a vital area. This enemy occupation of the vital area necessitated a long and difficult use of large forces to dislodge the enemy and retarded the advance to such an extent as to endanger the Corps mission and, incidentally, it increased the fatigue of the troops, already tired and in discomfort by reason of weather conditions. The commander is not justified in departing from express orders. In time of war, harsh disciplinary action would be the result. There is no such thing as independence of command unless there is independence of mission.

Food and Ammunition

"9. Even an Army Commander becomes disappointed at times when he observes a violation of obvious requirements, particularly those relating to the supply of food and ammunition. No leader would permit his men to suffer in this respect. I am happy to say that improvement was noted as the final phase progressed. Action was taken which reflects credit upon responsible unit commanders and demonstrates the flexibility of basic organization within combat teams.

"10. It is believed that these maneuvers have impressed upon all unit commanders their responsibility in maintaining the health of their commands. The sick soldier is not only useless, but he requires others for his care. Considering the inclement weather, the health of the command has been remarkably good. The sick have never exceeded 1.3% of the command.

"11. During the early period of the maneuvers, organization kitchens and other installations, with one exception, were over-run with flies to the extent of endangering the health of the command. This increases the necessity of training in sanitation by unit commanders and sanitary inspectors in regiments. Generally, the police around organization activities was poor. The organization commander is responsible for sanitary conditions and appearance of his entire area.

"12. There were some instances of men being evacuated direct to Corps hospital without passing through division stations. This resulted in having men with minor ailments in the Corps hospital, whereas, they should have been cared for by local medical installations.

"13. Regardless of the deficiencies in Engineer equipment, there were many instances during Exercise Nos. 4 and 5 where no road maintenance provision was made. The roads were permitted to deteriorate and had operations continued a few days longer, many of the roads would have been unusable.

Use of Air Force

"14. Perhaps the greatest disappointment from a larger viewpoint was the prohibitive weather for the use of GHQ Air Force Composite Group at any time during the final exercise, even though attempts were made from its base at Madison Airport on both August 25th and 26th to break through to Camp McCoy, but the effort was without success. The use of heavy and light bombardment would have been particularly valuable through Exercise No. 5. The 15th Observation Squadron was able to carry out two light bombardment missions only. It has been noted that difficulty was experienced in having some organization commanders to display their panels. Obviously, panels may be displayed without endangering the command post if a proper alert system is provided.

"15. Information should be definite. In one division, only one Infantry headquarters sent messages that included coordinates. Every one of their messages was of value, while the other messages lost their value because the points referred to could not be definitely located on the map.

"16. In one exercise one force made most effective use of observation post—one of Infantry and one of Cavalry patrol. At one stage these two posts reported a complete picture of the enemy front, and included the battery position and enemy observation post. In another case, when there was no ceiling for air operations, a column of foot troops a mile long marched on a road which was plainly visible from a peak several miles from the front without knowledge of the hostile force which held the peak.

"17. The use of pigeons for carrying overlays has been most satisfactory, when the pigeons were handled by military personnel.

"18. On the subject of counter-intelligence, the most frequent violation was that relating to the use of lights. Further, there should be a definite limit on data carried to front lines. Overlays in this respect should be carefully watched.

"19. Losing contact with the enemy in a ground reconnaissance mission is well nigh unpardonable. If contact is lost, it is analogous to cutting communication wire. The operation must be begun anew in order to reestablish contact. Constant pressure of fire and movement are the proper means of holding contact.

Good Administration

"20. Good administration is vitally important in the success of organized forces. Troops efficiently administered can be more effectively employed tactically. For a proper supply of food and ammunition, accurate and timely strength reports are required.

"21. There are many other subjects falling in the category of fundamental principles of troop leading which deserve persistent attention on the part of commanders. E.G., the combat practice problems fired with ball ammunition were of great value but for many organizations, indicated the necessity for much further training. Weapons must be utilized to the utmost and to the limit of their capabilities. Vigorous leadership is required at all times. Specifically, training has for one of its purposes the preparation of men to meet and defeat a well-trained enemy without suffering unnecessary losses. Obviously the training should be complete enough to effect avoidance of losses during the first hostile operation. Training deferred for the period of actual war is too costly.

"22. Troops should detruck not only out of artillery range but should march under cover off the roads wherever possible. The advance of one division in these

maneuvers was successful in this respect and this method is standing operating procedure.

"23. While many deficiencies in performance have been noted, there have been duties performed in an outstanding degree of excellence. No one could fail to acknowledge the unusually high spirit of officers and men and the strength of will to succeed, prevailing throughout the command.

Acknowledgments

"24. There are many acknowledgments due from the Army Commander to those who have contributed without reservation to the success of the Second Army Maneuvers, 1940. These acknowledgments are made to the federal, state, county and municipal authorities and to the press; to all those officers who have been detached from their normal duties for duty pertaining to plans and preparations; to those who have been detached for participation as instructors, umpires, and staff duties; to the Reserve Officers for their faithful performance of duties in organizations of the Regular Army and the National Guard; to my Army staff and Corps staff for their unmeasured contribution throughout. There could be no more notable contribution to the success of the maneuvers than earnest manifestation of spirit and understanding of the troops themselves. Their performance of duty was characterized throughout by sincerity of purpose and wholehearted response. This observation has been uniformly made by all observers throughout the Second Army Maneuvers, 1940. To all these, more appropriate recognition will be given besides mere reference here at this time.

"25. The Second Army Maneuvers have constituted the means of teaching us those lessons which are important in the successful employment of troops. They have accentuated the deficiencies of various kinds. They have impressed upon us that there is much more to the proper training of troops than the mere possession of weapons and equipment alone. They have emphasized that adequate training of the soldier demands high professional ability and skill, and you will share with me the view that this training should continue for months to come until adequate proficiency will be reached.

"26. I commend the officers and men of the Second Army for the faithful performance of duty—an achievement which will bring you satisfaction in that you have participated in maneuvers which have given you an opportunity to gain experience in battlefield cooperation and coordination required of you in modern war. For after all, modern battlefield tactics consist of careful planning with a view to bringing modern means together into one coordinated effort."

New Naval ROTC Units

The Navy Department this week announced that following approval by the President of legislation increasing the Naval Reserve Officers' Training Corps from 2,400 to 7,200, eight new units are to be established immediately at the following universities:

Brown Univ., Providence, R. I.
Marquette Univ., Milwaukee, Wis.
Univ. of North Carolina, Chapel Hill.
Univ. of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia.
Univ. of South Carolina, Columbia.
Univ. of Southern California, Los Angeles.
Univ. of Texas, Austin.
Univ. of Virginia, Charlottesville.

In addition to the units at the above universities, the quotas at the colleges already maintaining Naval ROTC units are being increased, and the Navy Department plans to establish eight more units at new universities and colleges next summer.

The newly established units will be ready for operation when the fall semesters commence this year.

The Navy already has units established and operating at Harvard University, Yale University, Georgia School of Technology, Northwestern University, University of California, University of Washington, The Tulane University of Louisiana at New Orleans, University of California at Los Angeles, University of Minnesota, University of Michigan, and University of Oklahoma.

Army Construction Projects

The War Department announced this week that projects for temporary construction totaling \$70,314,657 are now in progress or in the process of initiation under the supervision of the Quartermaster General of the Army.

An analysis of the projects included in this program for shelter and housing of the augmented defense forces follows (the location of the project is given first, followed by the price, the unit for which the construction is intended, and the type of construction):

Projects not Previously Announced

Army War College, Washington, D. C., \$5,000, Increased Garrison, Temp. Shelter.
Ft. Benning, Ga., \$352,550, Increased Garrison at Lawson Field, Temp. Barracks and facilities.

Bolling Field, D. C., \$12,000, Air Corps, \$5,000, Increased Garrison, Temp. Hdqtrs. Bldg., and Tent Camp.

Brooks Field, Texas, \$18,900, Air Corps, \$5,400, Increased Garrison, Temp. Warehouse and Tent Camp.

Chanute Field, Ill., \$3,443,525, Air Corps Technical Schools, Temp. Facilities.

Edgewood Arsenal, Md., \$20,200, Chemical Warfare Service, Temp. Dispensary and Storage.

Eglin Field, Fla., \$468,075, Aviation Training Camp, Temp. Bldgs.

Ellington Field, Tex., \$2,007,850, Aviation Training Camp, Temp. Facilities.

Ft. Eustis, Va., \$106,500, "Air Corps" Engineers, Mobilization Bldgs.

Hamilton Field, Calif., \$40,500, Aviation Training Camp and Tent Camp, Temp. Bldgs. and Tents.

Hensley Field, Tex., \$2,420, Increase in Air Corps Personnel, Temp. Mobilization (Lavatory).

Holabird QM Depot, Md., \$79,840, Headquarters and Motor Transport School, Temp. Construction.

Ft. Knox, Ky., \$2,476,500, 1st Armored Division Armored Corps Troops, Miscellaneous Troops, Temp. Construction.

Langley Field, Va., \$1,600, Air Corps Troops, Tent Camp.

Letterman General Hospital, San Francisco, Calif., \$56,000, Increased Personnel, Temp. Construction (Wards).

Lowry Field, Colo., \$1,231,800, Technical School Facilities, Temp. Barracks and operating facilities.

Mather Field, Sub-Post Hamilton Field, Calif., \$3,976, Air Corps, Temp. Barracks.

March Field, Calif., \$10,800, Increased Air Corps Personnel, Temp. Post Office and Tent Camp.

Maxwell Field, Ala., \$58,100, Increased Air Corps Personnel, Temp. Aviation School Facilities and Tent Camp.

Middletown Air Depot, Pa., \$237,000, Increased Air Corps Personnel, Temp. Warehouse and Barracks.

Montgomery Municipal Airport, Sub-Post Maxwell Field, Ala., \$39,425, Aviation Training Camp, Temporary.

Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., \$35,250, Increased Personnel, Temp. Barracks and Quarters.

Patterson Field, O., \$530,000, Increased Air Corps Personnel, Temp. Air Corps Tents and Warehouses.

Ft. Constitution, New Hampshire, \$40,000, Harbor Defense Unit, Temp. Construction.

Presidio of Monterey, Calif., \$2,000 Miscellaneous Units, Alteration and Rehabilitation of Existing Structures for Reception Centers.

Ft. Riley, Kansas, \$43,000, Increased Personnel, Temp. mess and barracks.

McClellan Field, Sacramento Air Depot, Calif., \$405,000, Increased Air Corps Personnel, Temp. Warehouses.

Salt Lake Municipal Airport, Salt Lake City, Utah, \$661,100, Aviation Training Center, Temporary Warehouses.

Duncan Field, San Antonio Air Depot, Texas, \$405,000, Increased Air Corps Personnel, Temp. Warehouses.

Scott Field, Ill., \$1,710,150, Increased Garrison, Temp. Warehouses.

Selma, Ala., Sub-Post Maxwell Field, Ala., \$1,131,800, Aviation Training Center, Temp. Barracks and Tent Camp.

Camp Upton, N. Y., \$30,000, Miscellaneous Units, Tent Camps and Facilities (temporary).

Schofield Barracks, Hawaii, \$15,000, Increased Personnel, Temp. Barracks.

Ft. Shafter, Hawaii, \$15,000, Increased Personnel, Temp. Barracks.

Rio Hato, Panama, \$175,000, Light Bombardment Squadron, Temp. Barracks.

Ft. Buchanan, Puerto Rico, \$220,000, Increased Personnel, Temp. Barracks.

Kiatschie National Forest, vicinity Camp Beauford, La., \$3,300,000, 2 Divisions, Tent Camp and Facilities.

Brownwood, Texas, \$1,650,000, 1 Division, Tent Camp and Facilities.

Mitchell Field, Long Island, N. Y., \$750,800, Increase in Air Corps Personnel, 7th Wing, Temp. Bldgs., and Facilities.

Barksdale Field, La., \$248,700, Increase in Air Corps Personnel, Temporary Bldgs. and Facilities.

U. S. COAST GUARD

THE shortage of officers is becoming an ever increasing problem to the Coast Guard and much thought is being expended on ways and means to increase the commissioned personnel. The Coast Guard is in a particularly difficult situation inasmuch as it has no military reserve and a comparatively small retired list. The Navy, due to the operation of the selection system and the creation of the Naval Reserve, has considerable officer material to draw from, while the Army, through the operation of the ROTC, the CMTC and the National Guard likewise has considerable resources.

The recently formed Coast Guard Reserve has no military value and was not organized on a military basis. Several lines of thought are being pursued, one of these being a proposal to ask Congress for authority to commission Coast Guard enlisted men in a military Coast Guard Reserve, with the possibility that they might be ordered to active duty in their reserve capacities, reverting to their former status when the emergency is concluded. The Navy has already asked Congress for such authority, and the Senate Naval Affairs Committee has reported the bill favorably. In reporting this measure, the Committee stated, "There are many persons of the above categories who, in event of war, would be of greater value to the Navy in the status of commissioned officers than in their present status in the Regular Navy."

However, as far as the Coast Guard is concerned, no concrete theory has yet been evolved.

Heather to War Department

The tender type cutter Heather, built in 1903, has been transferred to the War Department by the Coast Guard for a one year period. Under terms of the transaction, the War Department will be responsible for the upkeep of the vessel and the ship will be held available to the Coast Guard at any time circumstances require that it be returned.

New Professor

Professor Jerry Barton Hoag, an instructor at the University of Chicago since 1922, has been appointed to the position of professor (temporary) with the rank of Lieutenant Commander in the U. S. Coast Guard, and will be assigned to the Coast Guard Academy at New London, Conn. Professor Hoag is a native of Colorado Springs, Colo., where he was born in 1898. He was graduated with honors from Colorado College receiving the degree of bachelor of arts, and from the University of Chicago with the degree of doctor of philosophy. Prior to his teaching appointment at the University of Chicago, he was with the physics department of Colorado College, and during the World War he taught at the Army Radio School at that College.

CPO Examinations

The following petty officers, first class,

Puerto Rico:

Borinquen Field, \$800,550, Additional Personnel, 13th Wing, Temp. Barracks and Facilities.

Arecibo, \$247,450, Air Corps Troops, Temp. Barracks and Facilities.

Juana Diaz, \$295,450, Air Corps Troops, Temp. Barracks and Facilities.

Mayaguez, \$247,450, Air Corps Troops, Temp. Barracks and Facilities.

Bowman Field, Louisville, Ky., \$1,103,250, Air Corps Troops, Temp. Barracks and Facilities.

Ft. Monmouth, N. J., \$195,700, Expansion of Signal Corps School, Temp. Barracks and Facilities.

Ft. Stevens, Ore., \$150,000, Harbor Defense Troops, Temp. Barracks and Facilities.

Ft. Worden, Wash., \$150,000, Harbor Defense Troops, Temp. Barracks and Facilities.

Chemical Warfare School, Edgewood Arsenal, Md., \$37,000, Increased Personnel, Temp. Barracks, Administration Bldgs. and Misc. Facilities.

Salinas, Calif., \$349,750, Air Corps Troops, Temp. Barracks, Administration Bldgs. and Misc. Facilities.

Ordnance School, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., \$120,900, Increased Personnel, Temp. Barracks, and Administration Bldgs.

Westover Field, Chicopee Falls, Mass., \$733,700, Increased Air Corps Troops, Temp. Barracks, Administration Bldgs. and Misc. Facilities.

have been designated to take examinations for advancement in rating, commencing on or about 2 Dec. 1940.

Bowswains' Mates, 1st

Alfred E. Phalen
Robert J. Earnest
William P. Hodgdon
Alexander Schultz
Robert T. Green
Edward F. Gierhofer
Irwin T. Yost
Arthur J. Housley
Francis P. Horner
Ted Moore
James W. Harrison
Albert R. Gagnon
Stuart G. Sandys
Lorenzo D. Wear
Parker R. Johnson
Joseph M. Thomas
Milton C. Mason
Renhard W. Niemon
Eugene A. Gosselin
Edward L. Libby
Joseph N. Hitchcock
Peter Bitto, Jr.
Allan A. M. Smedburg
Melville J. Brown
George Manko, Jr.
Peter H. Austin
Clarence W. Clemons
Walter Hunkler
Byron M. Wineke
James E. Barr
John R. Hudson
Axl R. Mattson
Matthew L. Stansell
Alexander Standish
Stan. U. Hodorowski
Robert G. Logan
Caldwell Davis

Bowswains' Mates, 1st (L)

William E. Burton
Stanley L. Coleman
William d'Routra
Louis C. Holstad
Berlie C. Plner
Thomas Daly
August S. Hess
R. L. Flewelling
Herman Lance
Boyd L. Midgett
Paul Somerville
John C. Salter

Yeomen, 1st

Wesley M. Cooper
Emmett M. Partain
Herman A. Lomann
Peter R. Thompson
Gordon White
Roy E. Grosser
Ray E. Brown

Water Tender, 1st

Michael F. Buckley
John G. Bartolotta

Ship's Cook, 1st

Raney Bryant
Charles J. Worpek
Grady N. Stuffs

AMM, 1st

Frank W. Dryden
Joseph A. Webber
Felix J. McNeil
Juel Nass

Electrician's Mate, 1st (T)

Isadore J. Trombley
George H. Shimer

Gunner's Mate, 1st

George A. Bauhof

Brooks Field, San Antonio, Tex., \$297,750, Increased Air Corps Troops, Temp. Barracks, Administration Bldgs. and Misc. Facilities.

Savannah Alrooft, Savannah, Ga., \$2,042,200, Air Corps Troops, Temp. Barracks, Administration Bldgs. and Misc. Facilities.

Projects Announced 8 July 1940

Kelly Field, Tex., \$40,900, Aviation Training, Temp. bachelor officers' quarters and mess.

Randolph Field, Tex., \$132,200, Aviation Training, Temp. housing and training facilities.

San Angelo, Tex., \$622,800, Aviation Training, Temp. housing and training facilities.

Brooks Field, Tex., \$149,550, Aviation Training, Temp. housing and training facilities.

Stockton Airport, Calif., \$894,250, Aviation Training, Temp. housing and facilities.

Moffett Field, Calif., \$96,000, Aviation Training, Temporary housing and training facilities and tent camp.

MacDill Field, Fla., \$78,300, Aviation Personnel, Engr. Bn., Temp. housing and operating facilities.

Wendover Field, Utah, \$558,900, Increased Personnel, Temp. barracks and operating facilities.

Orlando Airport, Fla., \$1,314,025, Air Corps Depot and Aviation Troops, Temp. barracks, quarters, and operating facilities.

Ft. Benning, Ga., \$352,550, Air Corps Bombardment Squadron and Misc. Units, Temp.

barracks, quarters, and operating facilities.
Ft. Bragg, N. C., \$200,000, Increased Personnel, Temp. barracks and Mess, Administration buildings.

Ft. Story Va., \$28,750, Increased Personnel, Temp. Recreation and Administration buildings.

Projects Announced 24 August 1940

Ft. McClellan, Ala., \$524,000, 1 Division and Misc. Troops, Temp. Construction, Tent Camp and Facilities.

Camp Jackson, S. C., \$2,114,350, 8th Division and Misc. Troops, Temp. Construction, Tent Camp and Facilities.

Ft. Sill, Okla., \$422,450, Misc. Troops, Temp. Construction.

Massachusetts Military Reservation, Falmouth, Mass., \$1,176,000, 1 Division, 3 Regiments of Coast Artillery and Misc. Troops, Mobilization Buildings and Facilities.

Harbor Defenses of Boston, Boston, Mass., \$400,000, 241st Coast Artillery (Harbor Defense), Mobilization Buildings and Facilities.

Harbor Defenses of Long Island, N. Y., \$310,000, 242d Coast Artillery (Harbor Defense), Mobilization Buildings and Facilities.

Harbor Defenses, Narragansett Bay, R. I., \$310,000, 243d Coast Artillery (Harbor Defense), Mobilization Bldgs. and Facilities.

Harbor Defenses, Portland, Me., \$55,000, 240th Coast Artillery (Harbor Defense), Mobilization Bldgs. and Facilities.

Harbor Defenses, Sandy Hook, \$100,000, 245th Coast Artillery (Harbor Defense), Mobilization Bldgs. and Facilities.

Harbor Defenses, Chesapeake Bay, \$310,000, 246th Coast Artillery (Harbor Defense), Mobilization Bldgs. and Facilities.

Ft. Dix, N. J., \$6,765,650, 44th Division, Recruit Reception Center, Misc. Units, and Expansion of Flying Field, Mobilization Bldgs. and Facilities.

Ft. Bragg and Pope Field, N. C., \$2,176,750, 9th Division, Misc. Troops and Recruit Reception Center, Mobilization Bldgs. and Facilities.

Camp Custer, Mich., \$3,377,700, 5th Division, Misc. Troops and Recruit Reception Center, Mobilization Bldgs. and Facilities.

Ft. Benning, Ga., \$3,410,310, 4th Division, 2d Armored Division, Mobilization Bldgs. and Facilities.

Virginia State Camp, Virginia Beach, Va., \$330,000, 244th Coast Artillery (155 mm Gun), Mobilization Bldgs. and Facilities.

Camp Blanding, Fla., \$3,400,000, 2 Divisions, 2 Field Artillery Regiments, Tent Camp and Facilities.

Camp Shelby, Miss., \$3,300,000, 2 Divisions and Misc. Units, Tent Camp and Facilities.

Ft. Monmouth, N. J., \$90,100, Increased Signal Personnel, Mobilization Bldgs. and Facilities.

Ft. Belvoir, Va., \$90,900, Misc. Engineer and Quartermaster Units, Mobilization Bldgs. and Facilities.

Ft. Brown, Tex., \$53,100, Increase in Personnel, Mobilization Bldgs. and Facilities.

Ft. Crockett, Tex., \$141,300, Increase in Personnel, Mobilization Bldgs. and Facilities.

Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., \$416,700, Misc. Units and Recruit Reception Center, Mobilization Bldgs. and Facilities.

Normale General Depot, Tex., \$45,750, Increase in Personnel, Mobilization Bldgs. and Facilities.

Camp Ord, Calif., \$2,414,270, 7th Division and Misc. Units, Mobilization Bldgs. and Facilities, plus Tent Camp.

Camp McQuade, Calif., \$200,000, 250th Coast Artillery (155 mm gun), Tent Camp and Facilities.

Camp Joseph T. Robinson, Ark., \$1,880,000, 1 Division, plus 1 Infantry Regiment, Tent Camp and Facilities.

Ft. Devens, Mass., \$284,778, Recruit Reception Center, Mobilization Bldgs. and Facilities.

Ft. Sheridan, Ill., \$254,450, Recruit Reception Center, Mobilization Bldgs. and Facilities.

Ft. Snelling, Minn., \$125,400, Recruit Reception Center, Mobilization Bldgs. and Facilities.

Ft. George G. Meade, Md., \$276,114, Increased Personnel and Recruit Reception Center, Mobilization Bldgs. and Facilities.

Ft. Lewis, Wash., \$1,170,783, Additional for 41st Division and Misc. Units and Recruit Reception Center, Temporary Construction.

Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., \$125,400, Recruit Reception Center, Mobilization Buildings and Facilities.

Expert Aerial Gunners

Langley Field, Va.—Four members of the 25th Bombardment Group (Heavy), GHQ Air Force, have recently qualified as expert aerial gunners. It was announced by Lt. Col. Theodore J. Koenig, the group commander.

The four men to qualify are: Staff Sergeants Jack A. Terrell, Warren R. Caywood; and Corporals Royal V. Treese and Paschal C. Robbins.

VITAL INFORMATION is in every issue of the Army and Navy Journal. Prompt renewal of your subscription will insure you against missing copies.

SERVICE NEWS AND GOSSIP

Foreign Affairs—Diplomatic circles in Washington, reflecting the opinions of their Government, are now agreed that the destroyer-base exchange with Great Britain has implications far beyond what appeared in the notes of the two Governments. It is regarded as another step toward complete cooperation and, in respect of the British Fleet guarantee, is accepted as an understanding that that Fleet will operate in the Atlantic, while our own will maintain American-British rights and territories in the Pacific and Far East. Further, as a part of the cooperation, the American-Canadian agreement provides that the naval and military forces of the two Governments can use each other's bases; and it is suggested that if Canada is to be granted this privilege in our waters and territory, it is but a minor advance to permit British ships and forces to do so.

Nor are these the only indications of the measures we are taking to help Britain in her extremity. An analysis of the note of the British Ambassador regarding the Atlantic and Caribbean Sea bases, discloses the significance of the statement that they were to be "in exchange for naval and military equipment and material which the United States Government will transfer to His Majesty's Government." It has been assumed that the delivery of the fifty destroyers completed our obligation, but this assumption obviously is incorrect when the language employed by the Ambassador is carefully considered. It might conceivably cover the destroyers, but it does not cover that of military equipment and material. Moreover, the transfer required, as the note shows, is to occur in the future, which means that the transaction does not relate to those that have occurred in the past. Thus the question has arisen whether additional vessels, perhaps of types other than destroyers, will be turned over to Britain. The terms "munitions and materials" can relate to planes, and there is talk in official circles of providing Britain with a number of the Army's big flying Fortresses. One suggestion is that they could be sold to Canada, which thereupon could send them to England. To enable them as well as other American aircraft to be flown and fought, there is under consideration a proposal to have young Canadians taught in our flying schools.

That the understanding in force is of world wide character, is shown not only by the statements issued by Secretary Hull regarding Shanghai and Indo-China, but by the reaction of the Axis Powers and among neutrals, particularly those of this hemisphere. The Japanese now know that the United States is more than ever the protagonist of British, as well as American interests, in the Far East and the Pacific. We have told them that we will not permit the realization of the dream of a hegemony over East Asia and the South Pacific. We are saying we will not allow the final crack in the open door of China (that at the Shanghai water front), to be closed to the democratic powers. We are saying we will not agree to their dominance of Indo-China, and this means, of course, Burma, India and Siam. Weeks ago, we gave notice that we would not allow the Dutch East Indies to pass into their hands, and we are watching with the utmost attention the commercial negotiations which a Japanese delegation is conducting with the Dutch authorities. In short, we are insisting upon the status quo ante in that section of the world, and our Fleet at Hawaii gives force to our position. The Japanese Government is now estimating what course it is safe to pursue. It anticipates we will abandon the licensing system for the export of iron and steel scrap and impose an embargo upon these materials. At State Department suggestion, the National Defense Advisory Commission is considering a recommendation that this action be taken on the ground that we need all the metal for our own armament program. Tokyo knows we are promoting an entente with Russia, and that that entente has a chance of realization because of the Balkan situation. The rape of Roumania, which the Axis Dictators believed could be accomplished without difficulty, has developed into a rebellion, which compelled King Carol to abdicate his throne in favor of his son, and that young man is controlled by German satellites. It is believed here that the German controlled Government will have no more success in quieting Roumania than Carol has had. This will affect German transport of Roumanian oil and such food surpluses in what is left of that country. More than this, it is of grave concern to Stalin, and explains the call to colors of so many Russian reservists.

Army Medical Department—During the period from October to May, in conformity with the custom established in 1923, monthly meetings of officers of the Medical Department residing in and near the District of Columbia will be held at the Army Medical Center. The purpose of these meetings is to foster closer social and professional relations among Medical Department officers, and between those officers and corresponding professional groups in other governmental departments and in civil life, and at the same time to provide instruction of distinct professional value. Past meetings have been productive of much good, both from the training standpoint and by increasing the friendly personal relations and esprit among officers of the Medical Department.

Meetings will be held promptly at 8 o'clock at the Sternberg Auditorium (Center Wing, School Building), Army Medical Center, on the third Monday evening of each month from October to May, inclusive, unless notices to the contrary are distributed. The program for each meeting will consist of three parts: 1st, a talk, an address, a demonstration, a clinic, or the presentation of a paper, or a combination of two or more of these; 2nd, a discussion; 3rd, a social hour during which refreshments will be served. The presentation of the first part of the program should not require more than one hour. Upon completion of the discourse or demonstration of the evening, the subject presented will be open for discussion for not more than 30 minutes. After the discussion, refreshments will be served. Distinguished leaders of the medical and allied professions are being invited to speak at the meetings.

Commissioned officers (active, reserve and retired) and physicians of the Medical Services of the Army, Navy, U. S. Public Health Service, and Veterans Administration, and members of the District of Columbia medical, dental and veterinary professions residing in Washington or vicinity are cordially invited to be present. The Surgeon General desires that officers of the Medical Department of the Regular Army on duty in Washington and vicinity attend these meetings in so far as official duties and conditions of service permit and that social engagements not be made which will prevent attendance.

Admiral Sexton Kept at Post—Rear Adm. Walton R. Sexton, USN, chairman of the General Board of the Navy Department will, on the personal request of the

President, continue in his present post after 1 Oct. 1940, on which date Admiral Sexton is due for retirement because of reaching the age of 64 years. The request of the President was made in view of the emergency conditions now obtaining and of the shortage of experienced officers available for employment on especially important duties. The request was made on the basis that Admiral Sexton continue in his present capacity as Chairman of the General Board after his retirement until such time as sufficient additional officers of flag rank become available to ease the present situation.

In his letter to Admiral Sexton, the President stated: "I feel sure that under your chairmanship the General Board will continue the high caliber of work that has characterized its efforts during the strenuous twelve months that have just passed." Admiral Sexton has served as chairman of the General Board since June, 1939.

Super-Bombs—Reports of the use by the Germans of "super-bombs," with great loss of life and destruction of property in the streets of London, recall similar reports from Spain during the revolution there. The bombs used on a few occasions against Spanish cities were reputedly made in Germany and their reported effect was about the same as that now represented from London.

According to Ordnance experts the "super-bomb" contains a charge with high blasting effect enclosed in a light casing. It is incapable of any penetration but when exploded in confined areas, such as in city streets enclosed by buildings, the blasting effect is such as to create considerable damage to property and to kill large numbers of people. The bombs are said to be a light aluminum alloy shell containing ammonium nitrate mixed with powdered charcoal and powdered aluminum. It is said that the bomb is virtually worthless if exploded in open areas such as fields, for the blast dissipates itself into the surrounding areas and personnel protected from the direct force of the blast are not affected. Even those in trenches or fox holes are said to be safe, for the force is spent going over the shelter and virtually none enters it.

Navy Line Changes—The new commander of the Alaskan Sector, 13th Naval District, is now on an inspection tour of that sector in a Navy destroyer, it was revealed this week by the Navy Department. Announcement that the new commander, Capt. Ralph Chandler Parker, was on the inspection trip was the first intimation of the identity of the man who would fill the post which was created last month by Secretary of the Navy Knox. Captain Parker is accompanied on the inspection trip by Brig. Gen. Simon B. Buckner, USA, commander of Army forces in Alaska. Captain Parker recently was detached from duty as inspector of ordnance in charge of the Naval Ammunition Depot, Dover, N. J.

Rear Adm. Charles S. Freeman has relieved Rear Adm. Edward B. Fenner as commandant of the 13th Naval District and commandant of Puget Sound Navy Yard. Admiral Fenner retired from active service on 1 Sept. Admiral Freeman has been a member of the Navy's General Board since last year.

Three officers have been ordered to duty with the naval mission to Peru—Capt. William M. Quigley, USN, Office of Naval Operations, who will be chief of the mission; Col. James T. Moore, USMC, on duty with the Fleet Marine Force, San Diego, Calif., and Maj. Vernon E. Megee, USMC, on duty with the 2nd Marine Aircraft Group, San Diego, Calif.

Army Units to New Building—The first of the War Department agencies to occupy the new government buildings between B and D, and 3rd and 4th Streets, Southwest, originally designed for the Social Security Board and the Railroad Retirement Board, will be the Office of the Quartermaster General which will begin the move about 16 Sept. Included in the trek are not only those agencies of the Quartermaster General which remained in Munitions building but the agencies which moved this summer from Munitions across the street to Temporary building No. 2.

The Office Chief of Engineers which sweltered this summer in the second floor of a warehouse at 1st and M streets Northeast, or in the Triangle building at North Capitol street and New York avenue Northwest, will move to the new Social Security building in about a month. The lineup of the other agencies which will occupy one or another of the two new buildings is still tentative.

Navy Shipbuilding Progress—Allocation this week of contracts for 200 combatant vessels and one repair ship for the Navy tended to distract attention from the progress being made in current naval construction. Actually, the speed-up in shipbuilding in both private and Navy yards is hurrying vessels along. A number of vessels have passed one of the definite stages of construction—keel-laying, launching or commissioning—since the time of the July construction report.

No changes were reported in the status of the 10 battleships and five aircraft carriers which are building, exclusive of the new orders of this week. The 35,000-ton battleships North Carolina and Washington were launched in June and orders to duty in connection with the fitting out of the North Carolina have already been issued to a number of chief petty officers. Nor was there any change in the status of construction of the 21 cruisers or 40 submarines on order.

Since July, however, the destroyers Benson, Madison, Niblack and Plunkett have been completed and commissioned. During the period, keels of two destroyers were laid—the Livermore at Bath Iron Works on 3 Aug., and the Grayson at Charleston Navy Yard on 7 Aug. The last of the destroyer tenders under construction, the Prairie, was delivered by New York Shipbuilding Corp. on 5 Aug. and placed in commission. Status of construction of other auxiliaries remained unchanged.

Coast Artillery Corps—Brig. Gen. Thomas A. Terry has been assigned to command the First Coast Artillery District with headquarters at Boston, Mass. General Terry is at present in command of the 6th Coast Artillery at Ft. Winfield Scott, Calif. He was promoted from colonel to brigadier general on 1 Sept. 1940.

Sweeper Bids Postponed—Date of opening of proposals for constructing eight mine sweepers in lots of two, three or four has been postponed by the Navy Department from 18 Sept. to 30 Oct.

Supplementary bidders' data changing characteristics of these vessels will be furnished prospective bidders by the Navy Department as soon as available.

Ordnance Department—The World War system of decentralized procurement for the Ordnance Department has been reestablished. Following a meeting of ordnance district chiefs in Washington recently, it was decided to activate 13 districts and

two regions, leaving only the Baltimore District inactive, with purchases in that district being handled from Philadelphia. Under the district system, each district is allotted its proportion of materials to be obtained and proceeds to advertise and let contract for them independently and to supervise production and delivery. Thus a great load is taken from the Washington office and much travel time saved.

The ordnance districts, with their chiefs and executive officers, are: Birmingham, Ala., Col. Theodore Swann, ORC, chief; Mr. George M. Morrow, jr. and Capt. Allen Rushton, ORC, assistant chiefs; Lt. Col. W. F. Vander Hydan, executive officer. Boston, Mass., Col. Charles H. Tenney, ORC, chief; Mr. Alvan Simonds and Mr. Millar Brainard, assistant chiefs; Maj. James S. Crawford, executive officer. Chicago, Ill., Mr. Frederick A. Preston, chief; Mr. C. Raymond Messinger and Mr. Phelps Kelley, assistant chiefs; Col. Donald Armstrong, executive officer. Cincinnati, O., Mr. Edward A. Muller, chief; Mr. Frederick V. Geier and Mr. Harvey C. Knowles, assistant chiefs; Maj. Fred A. McMahon, executive. Cleveland, O., Col. Winthrop Withington ORC, chief; Mr. George C. Brainard, assistant chief; Maj. H. M. Reedall, executive.

Detroit, Mich., Mr. Alex Dow, chief; Mr. Frank W. Steere and Mr. William B. Hurley, assistant chiefs; Maj. Richard Z. Crane, executive. Hartford, Conn., Col. Frederick H. Payne, ORC, chief; Col. Robert Sears, executive. New York, N. Y., Brig. Gen. Samuel McRoberts, ORC, chief; Col. Thomas F. Brown ORC, assistant chief; Col. John K. Clement, executive. Philadelphia, Pa., Mr. Charles J. Ingersoll, chief; Mr. William D. Disston, assistant chief; Maj. D. N. Hausman, Capt. Waldemar S. Broberg, executive. Pittsburgh, Pa., Mr. Frank B. Pell, chief; Mr. John Daniel Berg, assistant chief; Lt. Col. James L. Guion, executive. Rochester, N. Y., Mr. Erwin C. Davenport, chief; Lt. Col. Roy L. Bowlin, executive. St. Louis, Mo., Col. Harry Soullin, ORC, chief; Mr. Willard R. Cox and Mr. H. B. Deal, assistant chiefs; Capt. Randall J. Hogan, executive. San Francisco, Calif., Mr. Samuel Kahn, chief; Mr. Dean Witter and Mr. Alexander Harrison Brawner, assistant chiefs, Lt. Col. Oscar Krupp, executive. Wilmington, Del., Region—Maj. John P. Harris, executive. Los Angeles, Calif., Region—Maj. A. R. Baird, executive.

Owing to the sudden illness of L. A. Miller, recently promoted to lieutenant colonel, Col. Ira A. Crump, assistant PMS&T at the University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Mich., has been ordered to Washington, where on 9 Sept. he assumed post as public relations officer in the Ordnance Department, succeeding Colonel Miller. Assisting Colonel Crump are two Reservists on extended active duty—Capt. W. J. Mason, Ord.-Res., and 1st Lt. R. G. Van Ness, Ord.-Res.

The Adjutant General has issued, under date of 16 Aug., allotments of grades and ratings for enlisted men of the Ordnance Department. The letter is an addition to the general Army allotment of grades and ratings, issued 7 Aug.

Marine Corps—A further increase of 4,600 men in the Marine Corps was authorized by the President this week. This increase will bring total authorized strength of the corps to 38,600 enlisted men. No new tactical units will be created as a result of the increase. The 4,600 men will be distributed among units of the Fleet Marine Force and the Marine air force, among Navy Yard and ship detachments, and in detachments for the new bases leased from Great Britain.

Marine Corps officials emphasized that tactical Marine units would not be organized for the bases, and the job of defending them if it is decided to do so will be left to the Army. The Marine detachments will be similar to those at any naval establishment in continental United States—for interior guard duty and the protection of property.

Convening dates for two selection boards were announced this week. A board to select brigadier generals for promotion to major general will convene 15 Nov., and a board to select colonels for promotion to brigadier general will meet 14 Oct. Meeting date of the first board is that of the senior Navy line board, and composition of the Marine board, when announced, will probably be found almost identical to that of the Navy board. Last year there was but a single replacement of membership. The number of officers to be selected for promotion by the boards has not yet been announced. However, it is probable that at least two brigadier generals and four colonels will be named for promotion.

Due to retire during the period for which selections are to be made are Maj. Gen. James C. Breckenridge (on 13 Sept. 1941) and Maj. Gen. Louis McC. Little (on 16 Jan. 1942). No brigadier generals are scheduled for retirement but a vacancy exists by reason of the recently ordered retirement of Brig. Gen. John C. Beaumont for physical disability. There will also be another vacancy when the new redistribution of officers is made 1 July 1941.

College graduates are being offered an opportunity to qualify for commissions in the Marine Corps Reserve and to obtain active duty in the Corps, with pay for the period of training. Three classes of 400 college graduates each are to be processed through a six months' training course at Quantico, Va. The first class will start 1 Nov. and for three months the enrollees will undergo training as privates first class, with pay of that grade. Those who complete this course successfully will begin 1 Feb. a second three months' basic training as probationary second lieutenants of the Marine Corps Reserve. At the same time the second class of 400 will begin the privates' course. Those who complete the basic officers' course will have their Reserve commissions made permanent and will be offered extended active duty in the Marine Corps. A number of these officers will eventually be offered permanent commissions in the Marine Corps. The last group will go to Quantico, 1 May 1941, and will complete both courses about 1 Oct. 1941.

College graduates who are unmarried, physically fit, between the ages of 20 and 25, and who can obtain recommendations from the presidents of their colleges, are invited to make application for any of the classes to Marine Headquarters in Washington.

Permanent commissions are shortly to be given 26 of the first group of Reserve Officers to be put on extended active duty in the Marine Corps. This first group of 114 were called to duty last October, shortly after proclamation of a national emergency. They have now nearly completed a year's service and are eligible for permanent commissions. Twenty-six of the group will receive such commissions. The next group of Reserve officers to be called to active duty will complete a year of service in April 1941.

Col. John Potts, retired since 1936, was recalled to active duty and assigned effective 12 Sept. as commanding officer of the Marine Barracks, Washington, D. C., relieving Col. William H. Rupertus, who will be detached 16 Sept. to become commanding officer of the Marine Barracks at the Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, and commander of the 4th Defense Battalion. Col. Frank Halford, retired,

has been assigned to active duty, effective 15 Sept., in the Southern Recruiting Division, New Orleans, La. 1st Lt. Clayton O. Totman, now at San Diego Marine Corps Base, has been assigned as commander of the Marine Detachment at the new Sitka, Alaska, Naval Air Station.

Naval Bases—In a speech which Assistant Secretary of the Navy Compton delivered on Wednesday before the Baltimore Advertising Club, he made this cogent observation: "There is no more important phase of our National Defense program than the rapid development and expansion of outlying bases." In making this statement, Mr. Compton was familiar with the conclusion expressed by Rear Admiral Hepburn that "Actually to get full value out of the magnificent ships we have we must have bases; and until we get them we will have only fractional efficiency."

It is because all Powers are aware of the importance of bases strategically located that they are impressed with the measures which have been and are being taken to acquire them for the United States. They realize that the lease to us of sites for bases in British possessions in the Western Hemisphere, the interuse of bases by the United States, Canada and Pan-America, and the construction of the Hepburn bases, will tremendously facilitate the operations of the United States Fleet not only in American waters but in the Pacific Ocean. It is obvious to them that if we have access to Canadian bases, we will have access to British bases wherever located. The effect thereof will be to enable our Fleet or individual ships to operate and repair, without reliance as has been the case heretofore upon tankers and repair ships.

This new power which the Navy and its air arm has in prospect calls for immediate construction of the bases where authorized. The Naval Mission, headed by Rear Adm. J. W. Greenslade, has submitted to the President its recommendation for the site to be leased at Bermuda. It is now about to proceed to Newfoundland to select the site for a base in that Colony, which will enable domination of the stretch of water reaching to Greenland, and thereby close the entrance to the Hudson Bay area, which could serve as a strategic point of air attack upon Canada and the United States. Inspections are being made likewise of the British islands of the West Indies where we have been authorized to establish bases. Once the sites are selected, land must be acquired, dredging done, docks built, landing fields established, and quarters and barracks erected and proper fortifications constructed and armed.

Modify Warrant Officer System—The unprecedented peacetime expansion of the Army seems likely to cause several modifications in the proposed changes to the warrant officer system. It will be remembered that the present authorized number of warrant officers (exclusive of band leaders and officers of Army mine planters) is 600. There are carried as extra numbers about 120 former field clerks. To fill vacancies in the authorized strength there is an eligible list of about 500 men of several years standing on the list.

To give added importance to the warrant grade, it was proposed last March that warrant officers be classified according to duties performed—technical, fiscal, supply and clerical, with sub-grades—that separate examinations be set up for each classification, and that the old eligible lists be cancelled in whole or in part, and new lists be set up.

Some objections have been made to these proposals by those now on the eligible lists. They point out that they took a stringent competitive examination and were assured upon successful completion that they had places on the eligible list. To meet these objections, the Army has (1) stated that the reduction in the maximum age at time of appointment as warrant officer from 58½ to 45 years would not apply to present eligibles, and (2) that eligibles would be given "substantial credits" on the new eligible lists if they requalify.

It now appears that the new examinations, originally scheduled for this autumn, will not be held until the spring of 1941 at the earliest. This factor, in itself, will result in the promotion of a number of additional men from the present eligible list before it can be cancelled. Another new factor, however, may also enter the situation. To meet the need for warrant officers which will arise when draftees begin to enter the Army, a large number of warrant officers may be appointed from the present list.

War Department officials are now considering legislation which will cover the salient points desired in a new warrant officer system, so that details may be worked out in conformity with such law. One point under consideration in the proposed law is the establishment of a chief warrant grade as well as a warrant grade. A certain percentage of the warrant officers would be given the higher rank, together with increased pay and allowances.

Also under study at the War Department is the effect of the calling to active duty of Reserve officers on the warrant officer eligible list. The probable decision will be that an eligible on the present list will not lose his status by reason of accepting a discharge from the Army to serve on extended active duty as a Reserve officer. Should his place on the list be reached, he will not, of course, be appointed, but upon return to the enlisted ranks will be eligible for appointment to warrant grade with rank from the date the vacancy for his original position on the eligible list occurred.

It is also believed that a warrant officer eligible who goes on active duty as a Reserve officer will not be precluded from studying for and competing in any examinations which may be held to set up new warrant officer eligible lists.

Industrial Advertisers Conference

A program mobilizing the resources of industrial advertising and marketing, and directing its energies nationally towards achievement of America's defense objectives, has been outlined for the 18th annual Conference of the National Industrial Advertisers Association, 18-20 September, at Detroit, Mich.

"Make America Strong!" is the theme around which the Conference has been planned. Advertising and marketing experts representing the nation's leading industrial companies will meet to decide on the action each can take so he can make the most of his opportunities to contribute toward making America strong.

Methods of speeding the defense program will be given first consideration—and at the same time the Conference will anticipate the inevitable readjustments in industry when defense demands subside.

Featured speakers at the Conference opening session on Wednesday, 18 Sept., will be: Lionel D. Edle, a leading economist, John Abbink, president of Business Publishers International Corp.; Judge Robert Porter Patterson, assistant Secretary of War; Edward J. Noble, recently Under Secretary of Commerce; Walter H. Gebhart, of Henry Disston & Sons, Inc., Philadelphia, and Harry W. Fortey, of Warner & Swasey Co., Cleveland; J. M. McKibbin, of Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Co., East Pittsburgh, Pa., and Philip Wilcox, Kenell & Esser Co., Newark, N. J.

Army Orders

(Continued from Page 35)

2nd Lt. James C. Boyd, 10 Sept., to Fairfield, Ohio, until 9 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Marion L. Dickson, 10 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 9 Sept. 1941.

Following 2nd Lts., from Kelly Fld., Tex., 9 Sept., to McChord Fld., Wash.: Howard C. Allers, Lorraine F. Armstrong, Jr., Archibald Campbell, Jr., Wesley E. Carter, Gove C. Cello, Jr., Louis A. DeLapp, Ralph E. Dobrusky, William F. Duncan, Allen P. Forsyth, Leslie W. Holman, Everett W. Holstrom, Richard G. Horne, Charles R. Keller, Jr., Guy G. Kintner, Brooks A. Lawhon, Robert W. N. Martin, Kirk R. Mitchell, Peter L. M. Packard, Herman J. Pardey, Malcolm E. Peterson, Charles A. Polansky, Jr., Boardman C. Reed, James F. Roberts, Jr., John C. Ruse, Robert E. Speer, Keith H. Thomas, Frank M. Tuttle, Harold F. Watson, Cyrus A. Whittington, Willard W. Wilson, Robert W. Witte, Wilson R. Wood.

Following 2nd Lts., from Kelly Fld., Tex., 12 Sept., to Lowry Fld., Denver, Colo.: Everett C. Plummer, William W. Walmsley, and Howard E. Watkins.

Following 2nd Lts., from Kelly Fld., Tex., 9 Sept., to MacDill Fld., Fla.: George T. Bursard, Gordon Curtis, Jr., Charles W. Dunn, Frank W. DeLong, Jr., Charles F. Franklin, James J. Griffith, Jr., James E. Gunner, Jr., Stanley I. Hand, Frederick S. Harlow, Robert J. Hoss, Charles W. Inskip, John J. Kramer, John H. Kunkel, Jr., John S. McIntosh, Jr., Clarence C. McPherson, Albert Orant, Robert J. Reed, John C. Reid, John L. Robinson, Herbert I. Shingler, Jr.

Capt. James Allison Moore, 12 Sept., to March Fld., Calif., until 11 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Cecil Scott McFarland, to Philippine Dept., sail S. F., 8 Oct. 1940.

2nd Lt. Roy Landrum, 15 Sept., to Fairfield Air Depot, Fairfield, Ohio, until 14 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Clyde Daniel Gasser, 15 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 14 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Homer E. Fackler, 14 Sept., to MacDill Fld., Tampa, Fla., until 13 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. John H. Ruggles, prior orders revoked.

Following 2nd Lts., to Panama, C. Z., sail S. C., 10 Oct. 1940: Carl W. Barrow, John H. Brown, Jr., Murdoch W. Campbell, Hiram F. Conant, Frank L. Davis, Walter H. Ellis, James K. Johnson, Richard G. Jones, William A. Jones, Laurence R. Jordan, Joseph F. Kowack, Steve Lathan, David M. Lewy, William J. Meng, Renson N. Munro, Charles R. Plosser, Jr., John R. Reynolds, Rolland H. Rue, Harold G. Seufert.

1st Lt. Philip Woodworth Hatch, 20 Sept., to Kelly Fld., Tex., until 19 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. William C. Gunnell, 20 Sept., to Barksdale Fld., Shreveport, La., until 19 Sept. 1941.

Maj. Norman B. Ames, 20 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 19 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Ralph A. Von Deran, 14 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 13 Sept. 1941.

Maj. Floyd M. Showalter, 16 Sept., to AC Flying Cadet Bd., Detroit, Mich., until 15 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Marion L. Dickson, prior orders revoked.

Capt. Harry W. McGee, 10 Sept., to Ft. Hayes, Columbus, Ohio, until 9 Sept. 1941.

Maj. Leslie Granger Mulper, 9 Sept., to MacDill Fld., Tampa, Fla., until 8 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Ben Wilfred Barclay, 9 Sept., to Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., until 8 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Richard A. Morehouse, 9 Sept., to Bowman Fld., Louisville, Ky., until 8 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Harland Harwood Font, 9 Sept., to Langley Fld., Va.

Following 2nd Lts., from Kelly Fld., Tex., 9 Sept., to Langley Fld., Va.: William W. Bennett, Jr., Richard P. Belden, Raymond W. Boggs, Lloyd V. Bradbury, William V. Ellis II, Fletcher M. Glenn, David H. Harris, Jack W. Huttig, Arthur J. Kusch, Thornton J. Mostyn, John A. Urlick, Robert H. Walroth, Rush H. Willard, Louis M. Abernathy, Robert R. Brouk, Sherman E. Denny, Charles G. Goff, Joe K. Hinton, Everett B. Howe, Howard C. Junkermann, Robert L. Little, Max McNeil, John N. Melcher, William W. Moore, Robert W. Myers, John V. Ready, George A. Reeve, Jr., Thomas M. Ridley, Charles W. Sawyer, James C. Stewart, Robert N. Thayer, Gordon F. Thomas, Robert J. Waugh.

Extended Active Duty MI

1st Lt. John C. Marchant, 16 Sept., to Mitchell Fld., N. Y., until 15 Sept. 1941.

Extended Active Duty Spec.

Capt. Andrew J. Lewis, 12 Sept., to Asst. C. of S., G-1, Wash., D. C., for duty, until 11 March 1941.

Capt. Ernest M. Culligan, 12 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 11 Sept. 1941.

Short Term Active Duty Training

1st Lt. Campbell R. McCullough, Ord.-Res., 8 Sept., to Dover, N. J.

1st Lt. Earl A. Cryne, Spec.-Res., 8 Sept., to New York, N. Y.

2nd Lt. Alfred S. Hodgson, QMC-Res., 9 Sept., to Wash., D. C.

2nd Lt. John H. Midlen, QMC-Res., 8 Sept., to Ft. George G. Meade, Md.

2nd Lt. William T. Ricks, QMC-Res., 9 Sept.,

to Ft. George G. Meade, Md.

2nd Lt. Lanahan Meyers, QMC-Res., 8 Sept., to Ft. George G. Meade, Md.

2nd Lt. Seymour L. Mischel, QMC-Res., 8 Sept., to Ft. George G. Meade, Md.

2nd Lt. David W. O'Rear, QMC-Res., 8 Sept., to Ft. George G. Meade, Md.

Capt. William M. Hall, Sign.-Res., 8 Sept., to Wright Fld., Dayton, Ohio.

Maj. Cecil E. Watts, Ord.-Res., prior orders revoked; 8 Sept., to Picatinny Arsenal, Dover, N. J.

Col. Harry F. Wanvig, FA-Res., 11 Sept., to Wash., D. C.

Capt. Frank W. Decker, Spec.-Res., 16 Sept., to N. Y. Sign. Corps Proc. Dist., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Maj. Raymond A. Phelps, CWS-Res., 15 Sept., to Edgewood Arsenal, Md.

2nd Lt. Louis T. Burns, Jr., QMC-Res., 15 Sept., to Ft. Reno, Okla.

2nd Lt. Linwood LeB. Clark, AC-Res., 15 Sept., to McClellan Fld., Sacramento, Calif.

Capt. Donald E. Dick, CWS-Res., 18 Sept., to Chicago, Ill.

Maj. James H. Peacock, Fin.-Res., 15 Sept., to Ft. George G. Meade, Md.

PROMOTIONS OF RESERVES

2nd Lt. Jonnie R. Dyer, QMC-Res., to 1st Lt., 6 Sept.

2nd Lt. Francis G. Gregory, Jr., CA-Res., to 1st Lt., 9 Sept.

1st Lt. August R. Huberwald, DC-Res., to Capt., 9 Sept.

Following officers, to rank indicated, 20 Sept.: 1st Lt. Marden M. Munn, AC-Res., and 1st Lt. Charles E. Trostle, AC-Res.

Following officers, to 1st Lt., Inf. Res., 10 Sept. 1940: Lewis M. Gable, and Ferman H. Croskey.

Following officers, to rank indicated, 11 Sept.: 1st Lt. James L. Farmer, Jr., Ord.-Res., and Capt. Thomas W. Johnson, QM-Res.

2nd Lt. Richard K. Preston, Cav. Res., to 1st Lt., 12 Sept. 1940.

2nd Lt. J. Stricklin, CA-Res., to 1st Lt., 12 Sept. 1940.

ORDERS TO NATIONAL GUARD

1st Lt. Russell York Moore, CAC, NGUS, is relieved from active duty, 10 Sept. 1940.

Marine Corps Orders

(Continued from Page 33)

Capt. M. T. Ireland, 14 Aug. 1939, No. 7.

1st Lt. J. L. Stewart, 1 July 1940, No. 1.

1st Lt. J. F. Warner, 1 July 1940, No. 2.

1st Lt. K. B. McCutcheon, 1 July 1940, No. 3.

1st Lt. A. C. Shofner, 1 July 1940, No. 4.

1st Lt. F. R. Emerson, 1 July 1940, No. 5.

1st Lt. R. R. Van Stockum, 1 July 1940, No. 6.

1st Lt. R. H. Ruud, 1 July 1940, No. 7.

1st Lt. Z. W. Burriss, 1 July 1940, No. 8.

1st Lt. F. L. Brown, Jr., 1 July 1940, No. 9.

1st Lt. G. J. Weissenberger, 1 July 1940, No. 10.

1st Lt. L. C. Hays, Jr., 1 July 1940, No. 11.

1st Lt. R. D. Heintz, Jr., 1 July 1940, No. 12.

1st Lt. H. R. Nutter, 1 July 1940, No. 13.

1st Lt. C. R. Boyer, 1 July 1940, No. 14.

1st Lt. H. N. Shea, 1 July 1940, No. 15.

1st Lt. A. T. Greene, 1 July 1940, No. 16.

1st Lt. V. E. Harris, 1 July 1940, No. 17.

1st Lt. B. H. Hatch, 1 July 1940, No. 18.

1st Lt. G. L. Clark, Jr., 1 July 1940, No. 19.

1st Lt. P. R. Colmer, 1 July 1940, No. 20.

1st Lt. T. M. Trotter, 1 July 1940, No. 21.

1st Lt. J. D. Hittle, 1 July 1940, No. 22.

1st Lt. N. R. MacIntyre, 1 July 1940, No. 23.

1st Lt. J. A. Embry, Jr., 1 July 1940, No. 24.

1st Lt. D. N. Otis, 1 July 1940, No. 25.

1st Lt. W. W. Lewis, 1 July 1940, No. 26.

1st Lt. R. A. Beard, Jr., 1 July 1940, No. 27.

1st Lt. F. G. Umstead, 1 July 1940, No. 28.

1st Lt. S. M. Stewart, 1 July 1940, No. 29.

1st Lt. F. W. Williams, 1 July 1940, No. 30.

1st Lt. W. F. Lantz, 1 July 1940, No. 31.

1st Lt. J. E. Dunlap, 1 July 1940, No. 32.

1st Lt. D. W. Silvey, 1 July 1940, No. 33.

1st Lt. J. P. Conroy, 1 July 1940, No. 34.

1st Lt. C. N. Endweiss, 1 July 1940, No. 35.

1st Lt. C. W. Shisler, 1 July 1940, No. 36.

1st Lt. E. M. Glick, 1 July 1940, No. 37.

1st Lt. W. F. Prickett, 1 July 1940, No. 38.

1st Lt. C. J. Quilter, 1 July 1940, No. 39.

1st Lt. H. F. Bowker, Jr., 1 July 1940, No. 40.

1st Lt. M. I. Shuford, 1 July 1940, No. 41.

1st Lt. W. J. O'Neill, 1 July 1940, No. 42.

1st Lt. J. J. Gormley, 1 July 1940, No. 43.

1st Lt. G. E. Fissell, 1 July 1940, No. 44.

1st Lt. G. E. Fissell, 1 July 1940, No. 45.

Navy Orders

(Continued from Page 33)

to Nav. Hosp., Ports., Va. Ors. 6 Aug. revoked.

Officers detached instn. submarine base, New London, Conn., about 21 Sept., to assignments designated opposite names:

Lt. (jg) Benjamin E. Adams, Jr., USS Snapper.

Lt. (jg) John J. Foote, USS Spearfish.

Lt. (jg) Albert S. Fuhrman, USS Sturgeon.

Lt. (jg) Francis A. Greenup, USS Seal.

Lt. (jg) David H. McIntock, USS R-5.

Lt. (jg) Peter G. Molteni, Jr., cfo USS S-31 and on bd. when comm.

Lt. (jg) Jud F. Yoho, Jr., cfo USS Barracuda and on bd. when comm.

Ens. Edward E. Conrad, USS S-11.

Ens. Carl R. Dwyer, USS Saury.

Ens. John A. Leonard, USS R-16.

Ens. Frank C. Lynch, Jr., USS R-1.

Ens. Gordon G. Matheson, cfo USS S-32 and on bd. when comm.

Ens. Willard de L. Michael, USS R-6.

Ens. Raymond Atkinson Moore, USS Stingray.

Ens. James M. Palmer, USS S-21.

Ens. Maurice H. Rindskopf, USS R-4.

Ens. Walter L. Small, Jr., USS R-3.

Ens. Roger N. Starks, USS R-12.

Ens. Eugene T. B. Sullivan, USS R-5.

7 September 1940

Lt. Comdr. Edward L. Beck, ors. 9 Aug. modified. To cfo USS Chew and in command when comm. instead USS Tillman.

Lt. (jg) Ted A. Hilger, det. USS Marblehead in Oct.; to instn. Japanese language, Tokyo, Japan.

Ens. Robert C. Giffen, Jr., det. instn. Subm. Base, New London, Conn. about 21 Sept.; to USS S-30.

Lt. (jg) Walter N. Hanson (MC), to Nav. Hosp., Phila., Pa.

Ens. James F. Parker (SC), det. Neutrality Patrol Disb. Officer, Nav. Sta., Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, 30 Sept.; to Nav. Sta., Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

Reserve officers detached instn. submarine base, New London, Conn., about 21 Sept., to assignments as indicated opposite names:

Lt. (jg) George W. Albin, Jr., D-V(G), to cfo USS S-1 and on bd. when comm.

Ens. George Augustus Brackett, D-V(G), to cfo USS Bass and on bd. when comm.

Ens. James L. Hunnicutt, D-V(G), to USS R-12.

Ens. Robert C. Huston, D-V(G), to USS S-30.

Ens. Walter M. Kanes, D-V(G), to cfo USS S-31 and on bd. when comm.

Ens. William W. Knight, D-V(G), to USS R-16.

Ens. Robert B. Satterford, D-V(G), to cfo USS Bonita and on bd. when comm.

9 September 1940

Comdr. Carl F. Holden, det. Nav. Oper., Navy Dept. in Oct.; to USS Pennsylvania as exec. off.

Lt. Comdr. Philip S. Reynolds, det. USS Bridge abt. 30 Aug.; to CO, USS Cormorant. Lt. Comdr. Thayer T. Tucker, det. CO, Cruiser Setg. Sqd. 6; to Nav. Air Sta., Corpus Christi, Tex.

Lt. Arthur F. Blaslar, det. USS Trinity. Upon disch. trnt. Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Cal. to fur. trnt. Nav. Hosp., Mare Is., Cal.

Lt. William E. Kenna, det. Patrol Sqd. 23; to Cruiser Setg. Sqd. 5 (USS Chicago).

Lt. Gordon A. McLean, det. Cruiser Setg. Sqd. 5 (USS Chicago); to CO, Cruiser Setg. Sqd. 6.

Lt. William R. Shaw, ors. modified. To USS Lexington instead Rec. Ship, San Fran., Cal.

Lt. (jg) James S. Tyler, det. NRAB, New York (Bkln.), N. Y. in Sept.; to Nav. Air Sta., Cape May, N. J. and duty Setg. Sqd. 5-D4 when comm.

Ens. Norman Bennett, ors. 15 Aug. fur. modified. To USS Non instead USS Hunt.

Ens. John F. Woodruff, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., abt. 28 Aug.; to USS Houston.

Capt. Joel T. Boone (MC), det. staff, Cdr., Base Force. Upon disch. trnt. Nav. Hosp., Pearl Harbor, T. H. to fur. trnt. Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Cal.

Comdr. Charles P. Archambeault (MC), det. Mar. Brks., Quantico, Va.; to Nav. Sta., Key West, Fla.

Comdr. Alva A. Shaday (MC), det. USS Milwaukee; to Nav. Hosp., Charleston, S. C.

Comdr. George W. Wilson (MC), det. Nav. Air Sta., Norfolk, Va.; to Nav. Air Sta., Cape May, N. J.

Lt. Benjamin N. Ahl (MC), det. Navy Retg. Sta., Cleveland, O., abt. 1 Oct. to Nav. Sta.

Lt. Joseph V. Land (MC), det. Navy Retg. Sta., St. Louis, Mo.; to Dest. Div. 19. Ors. 23 and 28 Aug. revoked.

Lt. (jg) Thomas P. Connelly (MC), det. Dest. Sqd. 27 abt. 1 Sept.; to Dest. Div. 54.

Lt. (jg) Marion D. Sims, Jr. (SC), ors. 4 Sept. to Nav. Trng. Sta., Norfolk, Va. revoked; continue USS Prairie.

Lt. (jg) Stanton M. Trott (SC), det. Neutrality Patrol Disb. Officer, Norfolk, Va. in Oct.; to USS Hannibal.

Comdr. William A. Best (SC), det. Army Industrial Col., Wash., D. C. abt. 1 July; to Nav. Mission to Peru, Lima, Peru.

10 September 1940

Lt. Benjamin N. Ahl (MC), det. Navy Retg. Sta., Cleveland, O. abt. 1 Oct.; to Nav. Sta., Guam.

Bosn. Samuel H. Riggan, ors. modified. To c. f. o. USS Osprey instead duty 12th Nav. Dist.

Ch. Gun. Eugene F. Marker, det. Nav. Trng. Sta., Norfolk, Va. abt. 1 Oct.; to USS Griffin.

Ch. Elec. Charles B. Brinkley, det. Navy Yd., Charleston, S. C. abt. 30 Sept.; to c. f. o. USS Washington and on bd. when comm.

Pharm. Samuel H. Barboe, det. Nav. Hosp., Bkln., N. Y. in Sept.; to Nav. Med. Supply Depot, Bkln., N. Y.

Ch. Pharm. John H. Reed, det. Nav. Med. Supply Depot, Bkln., N. Y. in Sept.; to Nav. Hosp., Chelsea, Mass.

Ch. Pay Clk. Merwood R. Bishop, det. duty with Neutrality Patrol Disb. Officer, Norfolk, Va. in Oct.; to c. f. o. USS Albemarle and on bd. when comm.

Ch. Pay Clk. Horace B. Gould, det. USS Henderson in Oct.; to Nav. Air Sta., Jacksonville, Fla. Ors. 23 Aug. to Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla. revoked.

Ch. Pay Clk. George W. Moores, ors. modified. To Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla. instead Nav. Prov. Grnd., Dahlgren, Va.

Ens. A-V (N) detached instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., to assignments indicated opposite names:

David R. Berry, Bomb. Sqd. 5 (USS Yorktown).

George E. Bottjer, Torp. Sqd. 5 (USS Yorktown).

John G. Bright, Fight. Sqd. 4.

John J. Dean, Fight. Sqd. 3.

David R. Flynn, Fight. Sqd. 6 (USS Enterprise).

Herbert R. Hein, Jr., Torp. Sqd. 5 (USS Yorktown).

Arthur L. Walker, Jr., Torp. Sqd. 5 (USS Yorktown).

Everleigh D. Willems, Setg. Sqd. 2.

Walter M. Willis, Setg. Sqd. 6 (USS Enterprise).

200 More Vessels Ordered

Immediately upon signing of the Second Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Act of 1941 by President Roosevelt, 9 Sept., Acting Secretary of the Navy James Forrestal announced the awarding of contracts for construction of 200 combatant vessels.

The contracts, by far the greatest award ever made at one time in the history of the Navy, amount to \$3,861,053,312. This cost includes the cost of armor and armament, and in the case of submarines, includes government-furnished machinery.

Actually there was provided for the Navy in the 5.5-billion appropriation act but a fraction of this amount—\$703,643,860 in cash and \$502,740,000 in contractual authority, a total of \$1,206,383,860. The rest of the appropriations were for the Army, principally for equipment.

In addition to the vessels, final negotiations of contracts for approximately 2,400 airplanes at a cost of about \$108,000,000 are being undertaken. Actual execution of certain contracts, the Navy Department stated, is subject to final decisions on the manner of financing and amortizing plant expansion and additional facilities and is subject to the authorization, by the Secretary of the Navy, of negotiated contracts.

Included in the bill was the sum of \$31,653,500 for expansion of naval establishments.

In announcing the placing of the contracts, Acting Secretary Forrestal stated that: "Together with previous Congressional defense appropriations, the Navy is now able to move toward our authorized goal of 689 fighting ships and 15,000 aircraft." The "689 fighting ships" goal alluded to is explained by the table below, which shows 738 vessels now built and building. Subtraction from this of the 50 destroyers destined for England, leaves 688 ships. The other vessel was an aircraft carrier which did not appear in the tabulations.

The contracts awarded this week provided for construction of 7 battleships, 27 cruisers, 8 aircraft carriers, 115 destroyers, 43 submarines and one repair ship. The total of vessels built and building in the Navy is now as shown below:

Type	Built	Building	Total
Battleships	15	17	32
Carriers	6	12	18
Cruisers	37	48	85
Destroyers	247*	171	418*
Submarines	103	82	185
	408*	330	738*

*Including 50 over-age destroyers to be delivered to Canadian ports, and 46 ex-destroyers converted or being converted to other types.

Following were the contracts awarded this week:

- 4 Aircraft Carriers—Newport News SB&DD Co., Newport News, Va.
- 2 Cruisers—Newport News SB&DD Co.
- 4 Aircraft Carriers—Bethlehem Steel Co., Quincy, Mass.
- 6 Cruisers—Bethlehem Steel Co., Quincy.
- 4 Cruisers—Bethlehem Steel Co., San Francisco, Cal.
- 18 Destroyers—Bethlehem Steel Co., San Francisco.
- 6 Destroyers—Bethlehem Steel Co., Los Angeles, Cal.
- 10 Destroyers—Bethlehem Steel Co., New York, N. Y.
- 5 Cruisers—New York SB Corp., Camden, N. J.
- 5 Cruisers—Federal SB&DD Co., Kearny, N. J.
- 17 Destroyers—Federal SB&DD Co.
- 20 Destroyers—Seattle Tacoma SB Co., Seattle, Wash.
- 12 Destroyers—Consolidated Steel Corp., Ltd., Orange, Tex.
- 11 Destroyers—Bath Iron Works Corp., Bath, Me.
- 25 Submarines—Electric Boat Co., Groton, Conn.
- 10 Submarines—Manitowoc SB Co., Manitowoc, Wis.
- 1 Repair Ship—Los Angeles SB&DD Co., Los Angeles, Cal.
- 4 Destroyers—Gulf SB Corp., Chickasaw, Ala.
- 2 Battleships—New York Navy Yard.
- 3 Battleships—Philadelphia Navy Yard.
- 2 Battleships—Norfolk Navy Yard.
- 6 Destroyers—Boston Navy Yard.
- 5 Destroyers—Charleston Navy Yard.
- 5 Destroyers—Puget Sound Navy Yard.
- 6 Submarines—Portsmouth Navy Yard.
- 2 Submarines—Mare Island Navy Yard.

The Navy Department announced this week the names of the companies to whom

awards have been made for furnishing the propelling machinery for 43 submarines. These contracts are included in the total amount announced above for awards to private companies and allocations to Navy Yards.

Contracts were awarded to:
General Motors Corporation, Cleveland Diesel Engine Division, Cleveland, Ohio, for 24 complete sets of propelling machinery for the sum of \$19,800,000.

Fairbanks, Morse and Company, Chicago, Ill., for eleven complete sets of propelling machinery for submarines for the net sum of \$10,307,088.

The Hooven, Owens, Rentschler Company, Hamilton, Ohio, for eight complete sets of propelling machinery for the sum of \$7,617,048.

The War Situation

The intensive aerial bombardment to which London has been subjected during the week may have initiated the full air warfare which Hitler has threatened for so long. However, he claims that it is only a part of what he can do, if necessary. Churchill apparently concurs to a certain extent because he has warned the British that the worst is yet to come. He said that barges and other craft were being concentrated along the coasts in large numbers and that an invasion might be attempted at anytime. Goering is reported to be somewhere in France or the Low Countries for the purpose of directing operations. Undoubtedly Hitler will rely to a great extent on Goering's estimate of the war situation before making the decision to attempt the invasion. Both Hitler and Goering, like everyone else, are watching for signs of the breaking of the morale of the British people. Proponents of air power have predicted that the destructive and demoralizing effects of bombing are so great that only three days of full air warfare would be required to accomplish that purpose. However, the three days have passed and a climax has not been reached.

The havoc wrought has certainly been impressive. The pictures and despatches do not leave very much to the imagination as to the extent of the damage but there is no sign that the British are weakening in their determination to see it through. Their daily routine in London has been disrupted hour after hour. Their public utilities have been disorganized. Homes and offices have been wrecked. Many have been killed and wounded. The evacuation of London has begun. But Germany's mastery of the air over the North Sea has yet to be won. As Mr. Churchill said, an attempt at invasion without mastery of the air would be a "very hazardous undertaking."

This struggle for air mastery centers about London. The Germans have varied their forms of attack. There have been mass attacks by day and by night. The latest despatches report that the attacking squadrons have been approaching London from different directions to confuse the defense forces, also, that they have been alert to take advantage of the weather conditions. The fires which have been started by the bombings have made a mockery of the self-imposed darkness. A variety of bombs are being used, such as heavy bombs, incendiary bombs, light bombs, basket bombs and delayed-action bombs.

The British defense against the German effort has taken on renewed vigor but it is admitted that it will never be able to prevent some bombs from striking the London area. Hitler claims that it is only a question of time before London will be destroyed. But will that give Hitler the desired mastery of the air? Mr. Churchill's reply is that the Royal

Air Force is stronger than at the start and that Herr Hitler is using up his fighter force at a high rate, and that if he goes on for many more weeks he will wear down and ruin a vital part of his air force, which will give Great Britain a great advantage.

While fighting off the Hitler-Goering air attacks, the British have carried the air warfare to enemy territory, including Berlin. British bombs have had their effect on the Berlin population and Hitler claims that his attacks on London are in reprisal for British bombing of non-military objectives. With the nation in the war, or total war as it is sometimes called, it will be increasingly difficult to distinguish between non-military and military objectives. In the final struggle for mastery of the air, no quarter will be asked, none will be given.

The British air objectives have covered wide areas and have included port facilities, air bases, oil tanks, factories, wheat fields, troop concentrations and the barges and other water borne craft which are being assembled for the projected invasion. In these attacks the British have introduced a new missile of destruction, viz, the self-igniting leaf. It is reported to be a thin piece of cardboard about two inches square and impregnated with a substance which causes the leaf to burst into flames when exposed to heat. The purpose of the self-igniting leaf is start fires in forests where munitions are being concentrated, grain fields and other localities which are devoted to supporting the war. The Germans cry out that the cards are poisonous—which the British deny. Apparently some Germans got burned when they picked up the cards for souvenirs. The leaf appears to be an economical way of starting fires and more effective than incendiary bombs. The idea is that a large number of leaves can be dropped over the enemy's country.

Notwithstanding the numerous radio broadcasts, the thousands of printed words of the Press, and the war pictures the true situation in Germany and the occupied countries is not known, in fact, the same may be said of Great Britain.

Not until more facts are known can there be any reliable conclusion as to how much either Germany or Great Britain is suffering from the strain of the full air warfare of the current week.

Air power holds the center of attention over the British Isles but in other parts of the British Commonwealth of Nations it is sea power. It is reported that British re-enforcements are being sent to Egypt regularly through the Mediterranean with no effective opposition from Italy. If Italy's submarine and air power cannot stop the British transports to and from Egypt, it is not likely that the Italians can become a serious threat to the British hold in Suez and the near East.

While actual war has not spread to the Balkans, the forced abdication of King Carol is indicative of the unstable conditions. In this connection there have been reports that Hitler has a million men concentrated in East Germany to counter any hostile move of Russia either in the Baltic or the Balkans.

The aerial battles over London have diverted attention from the Far East where Japan appears to be making considerable headway in forcing concessions from the French in Indo-China. The withdrawal of the British from Shanghai has thrown additional responsibilities on the American Forces which they have assumed according to the traditions of the past.

The first batch of destroyers have been delivered to Great Britain and are now flying the White Ensign. Their appearance in British waters may be expected shortly, in fact, they may appear on the scene just in time to be an important factor in hurling back Hitler's invading armada.

Facilities for Nat. Guard Aviation

Representative Vincent F. Harrington, of Iowa, has introduced a bill, HR 10496, which would authorize an appropriation of \$750,000 for the construction of facilities at the new National Airport at Washington, D. C., to house the newly created National Guard Air Corps Squadron.

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NEAR HOYT STREET

MRS. George Marshall, wife of the Chief of Staff of the Army, has returned to Ft. Myer after a short stay at Mooshead Lake, Maine. With Mrs. Marshall were her daughter, Miss Molly Brown, Lt. Col. C. M. Adams, General Marshall's aide, and Mrs. Adams.

2nd Lt. Joe W. Leedom, Jr., CAC, who was graduated from West Point in June, has been confined in the post hospital at Fort Robinson, Nebr., for the past two months suffering from complications resulting from an appendectomy performed in July. He is on sick leave and will be unable to report for duty for another two months.

Many service representatives were among the guests at a dinner given in Washington 10 Sept. by Secretary of State Hull, in honor of the members of the Canadian section of the Joint Board of Defense of the United States and Canada.

The honor guests were Col. O. M. Biggar, K. C.; Brig. K. Stuart, D. S. O., M. C., deputy chief of the general staff; Capt. L. W. Murray, R. C. N., deputy chief of naval staff; Air Comdr. A. A. L. Cuffe, air staff, Royal Canadian Air Force, and Mr. Hugh Keenleyside, secretary of the Canadian section.

Others at the dinner were members of the United States section, Mayor La Guardia, Lt. Gen. Stanley D. Emick, USA; Capt. Harry W. Hill and Comdr. Forrest P. Sherman, USN; Lt. Col. Joseph T. McNamee, USA, and Mr. John D. Hickerson of the State Department, secretary of the United States section.

Other guests of the Secretary included the Canadian Minister, Mr. Loring C. Christie; Secretary of War Stimson; Acting Secretary of the Navy Andrew J. Forrestal; Assistant Secretary of War Robert P. Patterson; Assistant Secretary of the Navy Louis Compton; Chief of Staff, Gen. George C. Marshall; the Chief of Naval Operations, Adm. Harold L. Stark; Assistant Chief of Naval Operations, Rear Adm. Royal E. Ingersoll; Chief of the Air Corps, Maj. Gen. Henry H. Arnold; Chief of the Bureau of Aeronautics, Rear Adm. John H. Towers; Brig. Gen. William Bryden, and Brig. Gen. R. C. Moore, Deputy Chiefs of Staff, and Maj. C. K. Galley, USA.

Brig. Gen. Duncan K. Major, Jr., USA-Ret., and Mrs. Major after motoring through Canada and New England during the summer months have arrived in Washington and are at the Fairfax Hotel, 2100 Massachusetts Avenue for the winter.

Col. and Mrs. P. H. McAndrew (MC), USA-Ret., are stopping in Washington, D. C., at the Willard, on their way to Philadelphia, from San Francisco where they have spent the summer.

The McAndrews will make their home at the Wellington, Rittenhouse Square in Philadelphia.

Comdr. and Mrs. Ralph Riggs, USN, have returned to their home in Chevy

SERVICE SOCIAL NEWS

Chase after visiting friends and relatives the past month. The first two weeks of August were spent with Mrs. Riggs' mother, Mrs. R. C. Pew of Honolulu, in her cottage at Wequetonsing, Mich.

Comdr. and Mrs. Riggs spent the second weekend at Gull Lake, Mich., at the summer home of Mr. and Mrs. Donald Ordway.

From Gull Lake, Comdr. and Mrs. Riggs went to Toronto to visit Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Wheeler, and later they went to Lake Placid for a stay at the White Face Inn.

The third weekend Comdr. and Mrs. Riggs were guests of the latter's cousins, Mr. and Mrs. J. Howard Pew of Philadelphia, at the Mount Washington in Bretton Woods, N. H., and last week they spent in Scarsdale, N. Y., with Mr. and Mrs. Earl Wilson.

A scholarship to the Ogontz Junior College has been awarded to Helen Wall Evans, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. P. C. Bullard, Inf., USA.

Col. Bullard is Senior Instructor with the National Guard at Lansing, Mich.

Mrs. Cornelius C. Jadwin, wife of Maj. Cornelius C. Jadwin, Cav., USA, has leased an apartment at 3700 Massachusetts Ave., Washington, D. C., where she and her son, Edgar Jadwin, II, will spend the winter. Major Jadwin has just arrived in Rome, where he is assistant military attaché.

Miss Jeanne Battley, daughter of Maj. and Mrs. Joseph F. Battley, CWS, USA, left Thursday for Ft. Sill, Okla., to spend a fortnight with Lt. and Mrs. Urquhart P. Williams, FA, USA.

Capt. L. R. Dewey, Cav., USA, with Mrs. Dewey and their two sons, left Ft. Myer this past week for Ft. Benning, Ga. Lt. J. W. N. Schulz, Jr., Cav., USA, also left Ft. Myer this past week for Ft. Benning. He and Capt. Dewey will be assigned to the 2nd Armored Division.

Stackpole Sons of Harrisburg, Pa., has announced the publication of a new book just off the press by Maj. Gen. Paul B. Malone, USA-Ret. Says the announcement: "The creator of the famous 'Douglas Atwell Series' has reached down into his kit bag of experience and come up with a thrilling, provocative story of the first World War, 'Barbed Wire Entanglements.' * * * General Malone's fast-moving story packs its own punch. It preaches no moral, steers clear of embittered fault-finding. For grand entertainment, for a view of healthy American efficiency displayed under the most adverse conditions, for a mental cocktail which will awaken you to a realization of what we may face in the near future, 'Barbed Wire Entanglements' is the book!"

Visiting Washington recently and registered at the Martinique Hotel were Lt. and Mrs. G. R. Nelson of Ft. Monroe, Va., Commander and Mrs. L. W. Mueller of Norfolk, Va., and Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. A. L. Pleasants.

Maj. and Mrs. Arthur L. Shreve are also guests at the Martinique for several days.

Weddings and Engagements

COL. and Mrs. John D. Reardon of the Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., and formerly of Washington, D. C., announce the engagement of their daughter, Elizabeth Wilson, to Mr. Judson C. Rhode, son of Dr. and Mrs. Solon L. Rhode of Reading, Pa. Miss Reardon is a graduate of the Holton Arms School of Washington and attended Vassar College. The prospective bridegroom was an honor graduate of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology last June. The wedding will take place in December at the Presidio, after which the young couple will leave for Boston where they will make their home.

Mr. and Mrs. Rufus T. Amis of Birmingham, Ala., announce the engagement of their daughter, April, to 2nd Lt. Lo-



MRS. LEWIS P. ENSIGN
who before her marriage in June, to Lt. Lewis P. Ensign, USA, was Miss Lila Morehouse Chipman, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Albert D. Chipman, CAC, USA.

renzo Daw Adams, FA, USA.

Miss Amis is the niece of Mrs. Walter K. Wilson, Jr., and Captain Wilson, CE, USA.

Lt. Adams is a graduate of the United States Military Academy in the class of 1938. He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Alva Ray Adams of Hortense, Georgia.

Mr. James O'Neill Bruen of O'Neill Ranch, Sedan, Kans., and Mrs. Wilson Bruen of Kansas City, Mo., and Coronado, Calif., announce the engagement of their daughter, Peggy O'Neill Bruen, to Ens. Adolf Loring Siegner, USNR, son of Mrs. Friedrich Karl Siegner of Boston, Mass.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Stanley Woodman of Coronado, Calif., have announced the engagement of Miss Nancy May Blackwell, daughter of Mrs. Woodman and the late Comdr. J. M. Blackwell, USN, to Ens. Charles Harvey Crabill, Jr., USNR, son of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Crabill of Richmond, Va.

Ens. Crabill was graduated from Virginia Polytechnic Institute. He is attached to torpedo squadron 2 on the USS Lexington.

Due to uncertainty of ship movements, no date has been set for the wedding.

Announcement has been made of the engagement of Miss Elizabeth Waller Johnston, daughter of Capt. Rufus Z. Johnston, USN-Ret., and Mrs. Johnston, now of Newport, but formerly of Washington, to the Rev. Rudolph Roell, Mr. Roell, assistant rector of St. James' Episcopal Church in New York, is the son of Mrs. Clement Roell, of New York, and the late Mr. Roell.

The bride-elect has chosen 1 October as the date of her wedding. The ceremony will take place at St. James' Church, and will be followed afterwards by a small reception to be given at the New York home of Mrs. Walter Belknap James.

The marriage of Miss Norma Ruth Johnson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Wharton Johnson, to Lt. Merrill Marvin Day, U. S. Marine Corps, son of Mr. and Mrs. Omar H. Day, of Kansas City, took place 7 Sept. in the First Methodist Church, Norfolk, Va. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. T. J. Hawkins, pastor of the church, in the presence of a large assemblage of relatives and friends.

The Rev. and Mrs. Alvin Lamar Wills, of Washington, have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Lora Kathleen Wills, to Lt. William Loring Clay, USA, now stationed at Fortress

Monroe, son of Col. and Mrs. Wallace Clay. The wedding will take place on 5 Oct. Lieutenant Clay and his bride will sail on 18 October from New York on the U. S. Army transport, "Leonard Wood," for Hawaii and will make their home at Kanehamera.

A wedding of much interest took place 3 Sept. in Annapolis, Md., when Miss Mary Tyler Heiner, daughter of Capt. Robert G. Heiner, MC, USN-Ret., and Mrs. Heiner, became the bride of Lt. John Goode Urquhart, USN. The ceremony was performed at 4:30 o'clock in the chapel of the United States Naval Academy, and was followed by a reception at the Officers' Club.

The ceremony was performed by Chaplain Thomas, USN, and the wedding music was played by J. W. Crosley.

The bride, who was given in marriage by her father, wore a gown of white satin fashioned on princess lines and a veil of tulle. Her only ornaments were a pearl pin and bracelet, which belonged to her great-grandmother, and her flowers were an arm bouquet of Easter lilies.

Mrs. Donald Krick, wife of Lieutenant Krick, was the bride's matron of honor and only attendant.

James O. Urquhart, brother of the bridegroom, was his best man.

After a wedding trip through the mountains of Pennsylvania and Virginia, Lieut. and Mrs. Urquhart will reside at Virginia Beach. Lieut. Urquhart is attached to the USS Trenton.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward P. Brooke announce the engagement of their daughter, Betty, to 1st Lt. William C. Hall, CE, USA, son of Dr. and Mrs. Charles Antoine Hall, of St. Louis, Mo. Miss Brooke attended Western High School and the Felix Mahoney Art School.

Lieutenant Hall was graduated from the United States Military Academy, at West Point, in 1931.

No date has been set for the wedding.

The marriage of Miss Mae Hazel Polumbo, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Polumbo, to Ens. Lewis Michael D. Ford, USNR, took place Saturday at the chapel at the Naval Base, Norfolk, Va., with Chaplain William H. Edel officiating. The chapel was decorated with asparagus fern, white gladioli and clematis.

The bride was given in marriage by her father. She wore a white satin gown made on princess lines with a long train and she carried a colonial bouquet. Her only ornament was a strand of pearls. Mrs. Robert Boyd was matron of honor for her sister.

Ens. Robert Boyd acted as best man for Ens. Ford and the groomsmen included Ens. J. F. Rigg, E. R. Coffman, L. E. Whitney and J. C. Bower, Jr.

Following the marriage service a reception was held at the home of the bride's cousin, Mrs. W. C. Wilson.

After a wedding trip to New York City and Poughkeepsie, the couple will make their home in Norfolk. The bride's traveling costume was a brown faille suit.

Of interest to Army circles here is the recent announcement made by Prof. (Col.) Roger Gordon Alexander, USA, and Mrs. Alexander, of West Point, N. Y., of the engagement of their daughter, Miss Ruth Alexander, to Cadet Bradish Johnson Smith 2d, son of Lt. Col. George L. Smith, Inf., USA, and Mrs. Smith, of Swampscott, Mass.

Miss Alexander was graduated from the Shipley School, Bryn Mawr, Pa., in 1938, and made her debut the same year. She is now a senior at the Child Education Foundation in New York.

Cadet Smith was graduated from Shattuck Military Academy and is now a member of the class of 1941, U. S. Military Academy.

Announcement has been made of the engagement of Cadet Edwin Watson Brown, USMA, '40, and Miss Evelyn Marion Kline, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ira M. Kline, of Gibson Avenue, White Plains, N. Y. Miss Kline was graduated from the Greenburgh High School and attended the Katherine Gibbs School in New York.

(Please turn to Page 44)

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Posts and Stations

WEST POINT, N. Y.
10 September 1940

Brig. Gen. Edward L. Munson, USA-Ret. and Mrs. Munson, of San Francisco, have been visiting for several days at West Point with their son, Capt. E. L. Munson, Jr. Having spent the summer in Maine, General and Mrs. Munson will go from here to Ft. Belvoir, to visit their son-in-law and daughter, Capt. and Mrs. William A. Carter, Jr. before returning to California.

Mrs. William DuVal Brown of Washington is visiting for ten days with her son-in-law and daughter, Maj. and Mrs. William N. Leaf.

Mrs. Lee C. Miller, wife of Lt. Miller, is spending a few days this week in Baltimore, where she is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Horace Flack.

Lt. Col. Ralph E. Curti, of the Medical Corps, and Mrs. Curti, left on Monday the 9th, for Omaha, where they will stay for a while visiting Col. Curti's mother, Mrs. J. E. Curti. After visiting several other places, they will return to West Point in about three weeks.

Capt. and Mrs. Keith H. Ewbank have as guests the former's parents, Dr. and Mrs. E. E. Ewbank, and his sister, Miss Mary Ellen Ewbank, of Kingman, Ind.

Lt. Allen F. Clarke, Jr. and Mrs. Clarke, have been visiting them for about two months, the latter's mother, Mrs. John Thomas Saurtry of Tacoma, Wash.

Capt. and Mrs. Allison R. Hartman are entertaining as their guest for an extended visit, Capt. Hartman's mother, Mrs. Creighton A. Hartman of The Dalles, Oregon.

Mrs. Laurin Leonard Lawson of San Francisco has arrived at West Point and will remain here for a visit with her son-in-law and daughter, Lt. and Mrs. William W. Dick, Jr.

Mr. Alexander Maise, son of Mrs. Carroll Todd, of Washington, was a visitor here this weekend when he was with Lt. Col. and Mrs. Oscar J. Gatchell.

ANNAPOLIS, MD.
10 September 1940

Rear Adm. and Mrs. Wilson Brown returned to the Naval Academy Wednesday after spending the summer at their summer home at Waterford, Conn.

Mrs. Wright, wife of Comdr. Jerauld Wright returned this week after the summer spent with her parents on Long Island.

Miss Cynthia Olmstead, daughter of Mrs. Vossler, wife of Capt. F. A. L. Vossler, entertained at a luncheon Thursday for her house guest, Miss Mary Jane Jacobs, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Randall Jacobs, and Miss Louise Barker, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. G. N. Barker of Boston. Miss Helena Shafroth, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. J. F. Shafroth, came from Washington to be a guest at the luncheon.

The Naval Academy Garden Club held a meeting Thursday at the home of the President of the Club, Mrs. Charles L. Austin. A number of interesting plans were made for the coming year. Other officers for the coming year who were present were Mrs. D. B. Beary, vice-president, Mrs. B. S. Custer, Secretary and Mrs. William Sinton, Treasurer. Mrs. P. H. Talbot is chairman of the Program Committee.

Mrs. Owens, widow of Maj. Arthur B. Owens, USMC, entertained at her summer home, "The Hill," Saturday night in honor of Mrs. Nevil McDowell and Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel M. Terry.

Miss Patricia Crutcher, daughter of Comdr. and Mrs. Chauncey R. Crutcher, gave a luncheon Friday in honor of members of the young set who will soon return to school.

Mrs. Ziegler, widow of Adm. H. J. Ziegler, and her daughter have moved into a house on College Avenue and expect to spend the winter in Annapolis.

Among those leaving the Naval Academy for other stations are Lt. and Mrs. W. H. Brockman who left last Wednesday. Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. William S. Campbell went on Monday and Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. C. F. Eck left today.

NORFOLK, VA.
12 September 1940

Capt. and Mrs. Edwin Dillon were hosts Sunday evening at a dinner party given at their quarters in the Navy Yard. Captain and Mrs. Dillon had as their guests Capt. and Mrs. August Larson, Capt. and Mrs. J. E. Webster, Lt. and Mrs. W. H. Duplantis, Lt. and Mrs. H. Gillespie, Mrs. Guy H. Morrison, Mrs. Leo May, Mrs. R. R. Sampson, Mrs. Griffith, Mrs. Philip Berkeley, Maj. P. Conachy, Capt. James Wilbur, Lt. W. Glantz, Lt. Justin Puryea and Mr. Saltzer.

Capt. Glenn Burrell, USN, and Mrs. Burrell entertained Wednesday evening at a dinner party given at their quarters in the Naval Operating Base in honor of Capt. and Mrs. A. S. Farquhar who recently arrived for duty at the base. In addition to the honor guests at the party, were Comdr. and Mrs. W. A. S. Macklin, Comdr. and Mrs. John S. Roberts and Comdr. and Mrs. R. L. Porter.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. H. Nixon Coulter had as their dinner guests on Monday evening at their home in Lakewood, Comdr. and Mrs.

O. A. Sandquist and Lt. and Mrs. Richard McGlathery.

Mrs. Robert Yowell entertained Friday at a bridge luncheon given at her quarters at the St. Julien's Creek Ammunition Depot. Bridge was played at three tables and the guests included Mrs. Glenn S. Burrell, Mrs. Harry D. McHenry, Mrs. Robert B. Team, Mrs. George Eckert, Mrs. George A. Alden, Mrs. Arthur E. Bartlett, Mrs. Hugh E. Mauldin, Mrs. Robert Cofer, Mrs. Garlan A. Gray, Mrs. Edward B. Harp, Mrs. Frederick Spencer and Mrs. Granville I. Filer.

Lt. and Mrs. Walter E. Baranowski were hosts Sunday evening at their home in the Waterview Apartments, Portsmouth, in honor of Lt. Dale Heely, USMC, son of Dr. and Mrs. E. W. Heely of Craddock, who has recently reported for duty at the Philadelphia Navy Yard. The dinner guests in addition to Lieutenant Heely, were Lt. and Mrs. B. F. Bennett, Lt. and Mrs. Carl Erickson, Miss Edwina May Heely, Miss Margaret Williams and Lt. E. S. Bathke.

Capt. and Mrs. Frederick Ceres and family of Pensacola, Fla., arrived Wednesday, 11 Sept., to be guests of Mrs. Ceres' aunt, Mrs. Andrew L. Haas and Lt. Comdr. Haas at their quarters at the Naval Base. They will attend the marriage of Mrs. Ceres' sister, Miss Danna Miller of Washington and Pensacola, to Lt. Vincent F. McCormick, USN, which will be an interesting event of this week-end and will take place in the Naval Base Chapel.

SAN DIEGO-CORONADO, CALIF.
11 September 1940

Capt. William Chambers, USN (MC), and Mrs. Chambers who recently came here from Washington, D. C., are being fêted at a round of parties given in their honor. Capt. Chambers is the new commanding officer at the Naval Hospital.

A charming courtesy was extended the couple last Saturday night when Dr. and Mrs. Clarence J. Brown were hosts at the Commissioned Officers' mess at North Island. Dinner and dancing were enjoyed.

Mrs. William Graham, widow of Commander Graham, USN, was luncheon hostess in her San Diego home last week complimenting Mrs. J. M. Schelling, who is to leave this month for the Canal Zone to join Commander Schelling.

Mrs. E. Glenn Cooper, widow of Lieutenant Cooper, USN, has returned to Coronado after spending the summer months with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Martin L. Sigman, of Monticello, Arkansas.

Comdr. and Mrs. Robert B. Carney and children have returned from Bremerton and are again in their Coronado home. Robert, Jr., has left for Dartmouth College to resume his studies.

Rear Adm. Charles A. Blakely, commandant of the 11th Naval District, and Mrs. Blakely were honored guests last Saturday evening when Capt. and Mrs. Thomas M. Shock entertained 20 guests at a dinner party at the Commissioned Officers' mess, North Island.

Capt. William A. Willis, USMC, and Mrs. Willis have arrived from Quantico, Va. Captain Willis is with the Marine Aircraft group here.

Comdr. and Mrs. Charles B. Hunt were dinner hosts last Wednesday evening in Cafe del Rey More. Dining with them were Capt. and Mrs. H. F. Gearing, Capt. and Mrs. Griffith E. Thomas, Comdr. and Mrs. L. D. Schulten, Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Perry Wood, and Mrs. Hunt's father, Col. Edward P. O'Hern of Napa, Calif.

LONG BEACH, CALIF.
8 September 1940

Rear Adm. and Mrs. Sinclair Gannon are house guests this weekend of Col. and Mrs. Thomas Barton in their Coronado home and were honored at a dinner party last evening. The popular couple, who were stationed at San Diego when Rear Admiral Gannon was commandant of the 11th Naval District, will greet many of their old friends today at a gay luncheon arranged by their hosts beside the turquoise pool at the Coronado Beach and Tennis Club. Long Beach headquarters of the Gannons is at the Willmore Apartment Hotel.

Mrs. Isaac C. Kidd, wife of Rear Admiral Kidd, has been entertaining this summer her son, Midshipman Isaac C. Kidd, Jr., in her apartment at the Pacific Coast Club and they have taken several pleasant sightseeing trips. Midshipman Kidd is leaving today for the Naval Academy at Annapolis to resume his studies.

Comdr. Dallas C. Laizure, who has been

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called back to active duty to serve in San Pedro as assistant district material officer, and Mrs. Laizure had as recent house guests their daughter, Mrs. P. H. Torrey and small son Philip III, who came from Hawaii and went from here to Pensacola to rejoin Lieutenant Torrey, where he was ordered as flying instructor.

Motoring to Carmel with Mrs. Richmond K. Turner, wife of Captain Turner, Mrs. E. J. Riles will remain for several weeks in that picturesque section of California as the house guest of Mrs. Turner. While in Long Beach, Mrs. Riles resides with her daughter, Mrs. Elwin F. Cutts, wife of Captain Cutts.

Navy Doctors Wives Club is having a luncheon tomorrow in Lakewood Country Club, with Mmes. J. J. Dempsey, W. W. Hall, D. L. Cohen and F. L. McDaniel as co-hostesses.

Wives of officers attached to the West Virginia will dine together this evening in Pacific Coast Club, with 25 or more participating. Among these will be Mrs. Arnold Gladden, wife of Lieutenant Colonel Gladden, MC.

Welcomed from New York City by Mrs. Gordon B. Parks, wife of Lieutenant Commander Parks, are Mrs. Henry Freygang and daughter, Miss Caroline Freygang, who are making the Huntington Hotel headquarters.

QUANTICO, VA.
12 September 1940

This week several official visits were made. On Tuesday Maj. Gen. Louis McCarty Little was host to Brig. Gen. Seth Williams, General Williams, who is the Quartermaster of the Marine Corps, was here on a short visit to inspect the Department's activities on the post.

Brig. Gen. E. A. Osterman was here on Tuesday, also, on an official visit in connection with the meeting of the marine equipment board. Gen. Osterman, who is the Adjutant Inspector, was the overnight guest of Col. and Mrs. Benet Puryear.

Post activities and training were inspected, Wednesday, by Admiral Harold R. Stark, chief of Naval Operations. Admiral Stark and the official party from Washington, were rendered honors on their arrival at Quantico at two o'clock that afternoon. The Fleet Marine Force paraded on Lyman Field at five, in honor of the Chief of Naval Operations. The official party comprised Adm. R. E. Ingersoll, assistant Chief of operations, Lt. W. R. Smidberg III, aide to Adm. Stark, Adm. H. F. Leary, head of the division of fleet training, Adm. R. M. Brinard, chief of Ship Movements, Adm. Fred J. Horne, mem-

ber of the general board, and Col. W. C. James, of Marine Corps Headquarters.

Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Louis McCarty Little gave a small dinner at their quarters on Friday evening in honor of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Jacob M. Pearce.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. R. C. Kilmartin have had a visit from their brother and sister-in-law, Lt. and Mrs. Frank Kilmartin, who left their previous post at San Diego, Calif. They stopped on their way to Fort Monroe, where Lt. Kilmartin will report at the Army Coast Artillery School on 14 Sept.

Capt. and Mrs. Henry W. Buse, Jr. had a cocktail party on Friday afternoon at their quarters for a few of their friends.

Maj. and Mrs. William J. Whaling will be the guests of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Lee Brown Saturday night, at the Army Navy Country Club for dinner and dancing. They will return to the Browns' house for the night. Today they will be with Mr. and Mrs. Joe Marr at the football game, after which they will all go to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Allen Minix for cocktails and dinner.

Capt. and Mrs. Clavis Coffman are spending the weekend at Annapolis, Md., where they will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Stokes.

The Maj. Gen. Commandant Thomas Holcomb made an official visit at the Marine Barracks, Quantico on 6 Sept. and received the review at the Sunset Parade held that same evening by the Fifth Marines. The parade was the final one for any Fleet Marine Force organization here before the departure of the First Brigade for maneuvers in the Caribbean. General Holcomb inspected the training activities of several units of the Brigade earlier that afternoon.

The commanding General of the first Brigade, Brig. Gen. Holland M. Smith and Mrs. Smith, entertained with a buffet supper honoring General and Mrs. Holcomb that evening. Other guests were officers of the staff, the regimental and battalion commanders and their wives.

ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MD.
10 September 1940

A Red Cross unit of the Harford County Chapter has been organized at Aberdeen Proving Ground. Mrs. J. B. Rose is honorary chairman, Mrs. H. H. Zornig is executive chairman, and the instructors are Mrs. D. C. Cabell, Mrs. G. W. Outland, Mrs. G. G. Eddy, and Mrs. J. F. Kahle. There are afternoon and evening classes in surgical dressing, and in the near future sewing and knitting units will be organized.

(Continued on Next Page)

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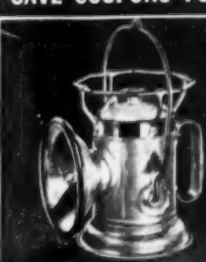


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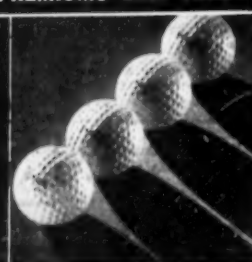
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Posts and Stations

ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MD. (Continued from Preceding Page)

The first Officers' Club Card Party of the year was held Saturday evening, 7 Sept., at the Club. A light supper was served after the games were finished, and there was also dancing, the music being furnished by the new phonograph.

Col. and Mrs. P. D. Mettler of Miami, Fla., passed through the Post last week on their way to New York and called on friends.

Col. and Mrs. H. H. Zornig had as their guests for a few days last week Mrs. Fayette Allport of Northampton, Mass., and Mr. and Mrs. William Brent of Baltimore, Md.

Mrs. J. B. Rose and her son, Keith, spent several days last week visiting relatives in Warrenton, Va. Before Mrs. Rose returned to the Post she drove with Keith to V.M.I., where he enrolled for the coming year.

The Aberdeen Proving Ground Dramatic Club is making plans for the coming season. Bulletins and questionnaires have been sent to all the Ladies and Officers of the Post so that the program for the year can be arranged. In the near future a meeting will be held and the year's work planned.

Col. and Mrs. W. B. Hardigg have visiting them Col. Hardigg's niece, Miss Anne Hardigg of Washington, D. C.

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The Defense Program

(Continued from First Page)

chute troop and air infantry project. Lt. Col. Thomas F. Taylor and Lt. Col. Ross Baldwin constitute the section.

Section II, the old tank section, is now being closed out. The remaining officer in the section, Maj. T. A. Pedley, Jr., in addition is handling some miscellaneous subjects and map substitutes and photographic maps. Major Pedley will gradually take over those subjects which Maj. S. T. Williams heretofore handled in Section V, in addition to duties as recorder of the board.

Lt. Col. M. L. Miller, in Section III, handles matters pertaining to heavy weapons and heavy infantry units, the manuals of such weapons and the tables of organization, equipment and allowances for heavy weapons units.

There are two officers in Section IV, Maj. J. L. Ready and Maj. G. L. Morrow. However, in practice, Major Ready specializes in transportation of all kinds, except air. Major Morrow specializes in all types of communication equipment. Both officers collaborate with Section I on training regulations and tables of organization in details affecting transportation and communications.

Section V, up to the present, has been charged with mobilization matters, chemical warfare equipment, studies on foreign armies, miscellaneous equipment, review of publications, clothing of all types for infantry other than parachutists, and other details. Major Williams, in addition to duty as recorder of the board, was in charge of the section, but Major Pedley, as stated above, will relieve Major Williams of all matters except studies of foreign armies.

The test section of the board is under Lt. Col. H. M. Melasky, who sits at all meetings of the board. Maj. E. A. Smith has tests of motors and transportation and is a member of the test section charged with the parachute and air infantry project. Maj. W. S. Triplett works with Major Smith on motor and transportation tests. Capt. E. A. Chazal specializes in weapons, primarily rifles and machine guns. Maj. H. C. Sydenham specializes in heavy weapons, primarily 37-mm guns and mortars. He also handles anti-aircraft tests. Capt. J. W. Hammond, communications specialist, handles tests of such equipment as well as chemical warfare equipment.

These sections of the board are by no means closed compartments. Each board member passes on each project submitted to the board by the Chief of Infantry, and if he has any criticisms, constructive or adverse, he is fully heard. In matters where all members of the board are not in agreement, the best judgment of the majority is submitted to the Chief of Infantry.

Prior to establishment of the board, needs of the Infantry were met by the creation of special boards, such as the Infantry Equipment Board which convened April 1909, two boards convened in France in 1919 to study war developments, and the Infantry and Cavalry Board convened 18 Nov. 1919. The Infantry School, too, had been kicked from pillar to post. This institution, which now supplies test facilities and troops for the board and contributes part of its membership, was first organized in 1907 at the Presidio of Monterey, under the name, School of Musketry. In 1913, the School of Musketry was moved to Ft. Sill. In 1918, the move to Camp Benning was made and the name changed to Infantry School of Arms. In 1920, the present name was adopted.

Since there was no chief of Infantry in 1919, the newly-formed Infantry Board was under the direction of the War Department which routed all communications through the commandant of the school. Today the board stands as the adviser to the chief of Infantry and the research agency of that officer. He assigns topics of study to the board which discusses them, tests them, reports back to him. He in turn may refer the report to his officers in Washington, to other Arms or Services concerned, to the General Staff. Finally the report may be adopted by him or may go to General Staff for formal approval, and the Chief of Staff

himself, initialing a recommendation replete with endorsements of a new type of gun breech, may mentally picture the long chain of studies back of the report—studies which go back to Maj. Joe Doakes, sweating under a broiling Georgia sun as he slams open a breech countless times, observes test troops slam open their breeches, dip them into mud, scrape them in dust, douse them into water, finally to sit down and describe results of his test precisely, unemotionally, dryly.

Weddings and Engagements

(Continued from Page 42)

The engagement of Miss Betty Baker, daughter of Maj. and Mrs. H. D. Baker, recently of Ft. Hoyle, to Lt. Misha N. Kadick, now stationed at Ft. Hoyle, has been announced.

The engagement of Miss Betty Brooke to Lt. William Charles Hall, CE, USA, has been announced by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward P. Brooke.

Mr. and Mrs. Christopher Bramwell, who were married Friday, 6 Sept., made a very brief wedding trip to New York City, returning to Washington last Monday.

The wedding was held at noon in the rectory of St. Matthew's Cathedral, Washington, D. C., with the Rev. Wilbur Wheeler officiating.

The British ambassador, Lord Lothian, was present.

Afterwards there was a wedding breakfast at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Charles E. Courtney, wife of Admiral Courtney, on California Street.

For her wedding the bride wore a dressmaker suit of soft wool in one of the new shades of brown with a slight olive-green cast. It buttoned straight up the front to the little turn-over collar and across the shoulders was a velvet yoke cut in scallops. Velvet circles were also applied on the full pleated skirt just above the hem.

On her brown curls the bride wore a tiny hat of nutria, nothing more than a bow-knot of the fur which had a feather sprouting from the back.

She carried a flat nutria muff and her flowers, pinned to her shoulder, were a cluster of orchids.

There were no attendants at the ceremony for the bride, and Mr. Bramwell had Robert Coe, of the State Department, for his best man.

Mrs. Bramwell is the daughter of the late Robert Roosevelt, a first cousin of the late President Theodore Roosevelt.

Mr. Bramwell has been in Washington two years. He is the son of Mrs. Frederick Charles Bramwell and the late Mr. Bramwell who was Clerk of The Journals in the House of Commons.

Mr. and Mrs. Bramwell expect to take a house in Georgetown for the winter.

Announcement has been made of the engagement of Miss Miriam Ann Campbell, daughter of Lt. Col. D. Earle Campbell, USMC, to Mr. Henry D. Seay, of Washington, D. C.

Historic St. Andrew's Cathedral, with the gold and white altar decorated with lilies, white gladioli and lighted candles, and the pews marked with ti-leaves and crown flower leis, was the scene of the marriage of Miss Cornelia Baird Hicks, daughter of Col. and Mrs. William W. Hicks, to Lt. (Jg) William Metcalfe Kaufman, son of Capt. and Mrs. John B. Kaufman, USN, 31 Aug., near the sunset hour. The Rev. Dr. E. Tanner Brown performed the ceremony, and the traditional wedding music was played.

The bride, who entered the church on the arm of her father, wore a lustrous white satin gown with a full skirt falling into a train, a sweetheart neckline and short puffed sleeves. Her long tulle veil was held by a coronet of heirloom duchesse lace. She carried a shower bouquet of white plumeria fastened by plumeria leis.

Mrs. John H. Daly of Schofield Barracks was the matron of honor, and Miss Bliss Schumann and Miss Margaret Earl Thomas were the bridesmaids.

The best man was Lt. (Jg) W. M. Stevens, USN. The ushers were Lt. (Jg)

J. R. Crutchfield, Lt. (Jg) D. C. Richardson, Lt. (Jg) J. J. Zuska, Lt. (Jg) R. H. Holmes, Lt. (Jg) S. S. Dannis, all of the Navy, and Lt. J. H. Daly of the Army.

After the marriage, a reception was held at the Fort Armstrong officers' club.

The young Mrs. Kaufman is a graduate of the University of Hawaii, and has attended Sweet Briar College. Lieutenant Kaufman graduated from Annapolis in 1936.

National Rifle Matches

With the second week of the National Matches drawing to a close, shooters at Camp Perry, Ohio, prepared to rest up tomorrow, 15 Sept., for the week of team matches which lies ahead—a week which will culminate 20 and 21 Sept. in the firing of the National Trophy Rifle Team Match.

This week was devoted to the firing of individual rifle and pistol matches, with the outstanding shooter a Marine officer, 1st Lt. Edwin L. Hamilton, who with a perfect score of 100 and 24 V's, won the Wimbledon Cup Match—the long range championship. Lieutenant Hamilton was also winner of the opening Crowell Trophy Match.

The schedule of this week's matches, together with winners to press time follows:

SATURDAY, 7 SEPTEMBER Official Reports

MEMBERS TROPHY—open to members of the National Rifle Association—service rifles—10 shots at 600 yards, prone. Won last year by Lieutenant Hamilton with record score—50 (14V's) 1634 entries.

1. Sgt. W. D. Reynolds, Cav., 50 (9V's).
 2. CBM. A. P. Minor, USCG, 50 (8V's).
 3. Sgt. Lynn H. Clement, Inf., 50 (7V's).
 4. 1st Lt. S. W. Trachta, USMC, 50 (7V's).
 5. Sgt. F. D. Maroon, USMC, 50 (7V's).
 6. 2nd Lt. W. A. Stiles, USMC, 50 (7V's).
 7. Sgt. A. J. Mutik, Inf., 50 (7V's).
 8. L. N. Phillips, AML team white, 50 (7V's).
 9. Cpl. T. A. Ferenc, Inf., 50 (7V's).
 10. Pl. Sgt. B. M. Bunn, USMC, 50 (7V's).
- CROWELL MATCH—10 shots at 600 yards, prone—any rifle, 1233 entries. Record Capt. David S. McDougal, USMC, 50 (15V's).
1. 1st Lt. E. L. Hamilton, USMC, 50 (10V's).
 2. 1st Lt. W. R. Walsh, USMC, 50 (10V's).
 3. Cpl. R. H. Huntington, Inf., 50 (9V's).
 4. Sgt. R. O. Brown, Inf., 50 (9V's).
 5. J. Irving, Cal. Civ. Tm., 50 (8V's).
 6. Cpl. R. W. Magill, Cav., 50 (8V's).
 7. Cpl. G. W. Howe, USMC, 50 (8V's).
 8. 1st Lt. F. J. Jury, Cav. Res., 50 (8V's).
 9. Sgt. L. F. Jenkins, Inf., 50 (8V's).
 10. Gy. Sgt. R. E. Schneeman, USMC, 50 (8V's).

NAVY CUP MATCH—20 shots at 200 yards, slow fire, Army standing. Service rifle, 1614 entries. Winner is fourth to tie for record.

1. Gy. Sgt. C. N. Harris, USMC, 98.
2. Sgt. O. L. Gallman, Inf., 96.
3. Sgt. R. R. Grider, Cav., 95.
4. Gun. W. Mitchell, USCG, 95.
5. E. A. Graven, Cal. Civ. Tm., 95.
6. Cpl. F. H. Butcher, Jr., USMC, 94.
7. J. B. Kelly, Pa. Civ. Tm., 94.
8. Gy. Sgt. R. E. Schneeman, USMC, 94.
9. Pl. Sgt. E. V. Seaser, USMC, 94.

MONDAY, 9 SEPTEMBER Preliminary Reports

LEECH CUP—20 shots at 1000 yards, prone, course changed since last year—Won by 1st Lt. Bogardus S. Cairns, Cav., 100 (15V's).

COAST GUARD TROPHY—20 shots rapid fire, kneeling or sitting from standing, 200 yards—Won by Sgt. William L. Jordan, Jr., USMC.

TUESDAY, 10 SEPTEMBER Preliminary Reports

THE WIMBLEDON CUP—20 shots at 1000 yards, prone, 1498 entries. Won last year by Pvt. 1st. Alfred L. Wolters, USMC, 100 (27V's), new record.

Won by 1st Lt. Edwin L. Hamilton, USMC, 100 (24V's).

SCHEDULES

Following is schedule of other important matches:

- 10 Sept. Scott Trophy.
- 11 Sept. Marine Corps Cup. Camp Perry.
- 12 Sept. The President's Match.
- 13 Sept. National Trophy Individual Pistol.
- 13-14 Sept. National Trophy Individual Rifle.
- 14 Sept. National Trophy Pistol Team.
- 17 Sept. National Trophy Infantry Team.
- 18 Sept. V. F. W. Trophy. Enlisted Men's Trophy.
- 19 Sept. Rumbold, A. E. F. Roumanian and Foreman Trophies.
- 20-21 Sept. National Trophy Rifle Team.

OBITUARIES

On 31 Aug. 1940, the final services with military honors were conducted at Arlington National Cemetery for Maj. Gen. Benjamin Andrew Poore, USA-Ret. The escort consisted of a battalion of the 12th Infantry, with the 3rd Cavalry Band, and the salute was fired by a battery of the 6th Field Artillery. Uniformed members of the Legion of Valor, several of whom were from General Poore's home state of Massachusetts and two of whom served in his brigade during the World War, were in attendance. Honorary pall-bearers included Maj. Gen. M. M. Patrick, USA-Ret., and Brig. Gen. T. H. Rees, USA-Ret., both of whom were classmates of the deceased at West Point. Lt. Col. Henry Terrell, Jr. and Lt. Col. C. H. Karlstad, who served with General Poore during the war, Lt. Col. C. S. Kilburn, and Maj. N. F. Twining, who was at one time his aide. The Chief of Staff took time from his busy desk to pay a last tribute to the distinguished soldier.

General Poore was born in Center, Ala., in 1863, but was taken to Fitchburg, Mass., as a child, and from there appointed to the United States Military Academy. He graduated in 1886, a classmate of General Pershing and many other distinguished officers whose devotion to the service of their country has proved a guide and inspiration to those who have followed them and served with them. Retiring from service in 1927, he closed an active career which had brought him from Indian stations in the West, through wartime service in Puerto Rico and jungle fighting in Negros and Samar in the Philippines, duty in Alaska and China, to command of the 7th Infantry Brigade, 4th Division, in France and Germany. His varied service, in command of troops, as a staff officer, a director at The Army War College, and on the War Department General Staff, all helped to qualify him as a loyal and capable servant to his country. Calm, steadfast, and purposeful, his conduct in peace and war has provided a pattern for soldiers of the future.

Besides his widow, General Poore leaves three daughters, Katherine, wife of Maj. Gen. J. O. Mauborgne, Chief Signal Officer of the Army, Priscilla, wife of Col. D. A. Robinson, Chief of Staff of the 1st Cavalry Division, and Adelaide, wife of Lt. Col. C. L. Bolte, instructor at The Army War College.

For his gallant and meritorious service, General Poore was awarded the Distinguished Service Medal, the Distinguished Service Cross, two War Department citations, Officer of the Legion of Honor, Croix de Guerre with palm, and Croce di Guerra al Merito.

Funeral services for Col. John A. Lundeen, USA-Ret., who died at Oceanside, Calif., 2 Sept., were held 9 Sept., from the Fort Myer Gate of Arlington National Cemetery. Chaplain Herman J. Kregel officiated. Interment was with full military honors in the eastern section of the cemetery.

Colonel Lundeen was born in Sweden, 6 March 1888. He was a graduate of the class of 1873 from West Point. He was commissioned a second lieutenant in the Coast Artillery Corps and served in this arm of the service throughout his military career.

Early in his military service Colonel Lundeen was an Assistant Professor of Mathematics at the U. S. Military Academy.

Colonel Lundeen retired 6 March 1912. In June, 1917, he was recalled to active duty by direction of the President and ordered to Fort Monroe, Va., as President of the Coast Artillery Board. He was Editor and Manager of the Journal of United States Artillery in March, 1919. During part of this time he was also in command of the Coast Defense of Chesapeake Bay and of the Coast Artillery School.

Colonel Lundeen is survived by a daughter, Mrs. Harry L. Steele of Oceanside, Calif.

Maj. Gen. William G. Obeir, former state adjutant general and for many years an outstanding figure in Georgia military life, died in an Augusta hospital 25 Aug. 1940, after a long illness. He was 75 years of age.

He mustered in a Georgia troop during the Spanish-American War, and served as adjutant general of Georgia prior to

the World War. During the World War, he served as a major in the Ordnance Department.

Surviving are two sons, William G., Jr. and Legare Bowles Obeir, both of Washington, D. C.; a daughter, Mrs. Walter S. Mayer, wife of a Navy Lieutenant commander now on duty in Hawaii; a sister, Miss Hermione Obeir, of Jacksonville, and three nephews, George S. Obeir, Jr. of Atlanta, F. C. Obeir of Birmingham and Eugene Zealy of Jacksonville.

Brig. Gen. Walter G. Kilner, USA-Ret., who died 30 Aug. was born at Shelby, New York, 8 July 1888. Appointed to the Military Academy from that state in 1907, he graduated in 1912, and was com-

missioned a second lieutenant of Infantry.

After two years of service at Madison Barracks, New York, with the 3d U. S. Infantry, General Kilner was detailed to the Aviation Section of the Signal Corps and qualified as a Junior Military Aviator at the Aviation School, San Diego, California, in June, 1915. He served in Texas and New Mexico with the 1st Aero Squadron and was a member of that squadron when it was attached to General Pershing's Punitive Expedition into Mexico in 1916.

Shortly after the entrance of the United States into the World War, General Kilner was placed in command of the Signal Corps Aviation School at Mineola, Long Island, on which duty he remained until October, 1917, when he sailed for France. From November, 1917 to May, 1918 he commanded the Third Aviation Instruction Center at Issoudun, He

was then transferred to Tours for duty at the Headquarters, Air Service, Service of Supply, where he remained until January, 1919, when he returned to the United States.

General Kilner was then stationed in Washington, D. C., in the Office of the Director of Air Service as a member of the Advisory Board. He remained on that duty until August, 1922, when he was ordered to Wright Field, Dayton, Ohio, as a student officer at the Air Service Engineering School. Upon graduation in 1923, he returned to Washington, D. C., for duty in the Office of the Chief of the Air Corps where he served as chief of the Training and War Plans Division and later as executive officer to the Chief of Air Service until the latter part of 1927.

After a two-year tour of duty as commanding officer at Nichols Field in the Philippine Islands, General Kilner returned to duty as (Please turn to Page 47)

Births • Marriages • Deaths

(No charge for service notices in this column. Please notify promptly.)

Born

BREDEN—Born at Cadet Hospital, West Point, N. Y., 10 Sept. 1940, to Capt. and Mrs. John Paul Breden, CAV, USA, a son, John Paul Breden, Jr.

CARR—Born at Lee County Hospital, Sanford, N. C., 29 Aug. 1940, to Lt. (jg) and Mrs. Chalmers R. Carr, USN, a son, William Alexander.

CASSIDY—Born at San Francisco, Calif., 9 Aug. 1940, to Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Cassidy, a daughter, Linda; granddaughter of Lt. Col. E. T. Conegys, FD, USA, and Mrs. Conegys, and the late Maj. William Cassidy, and Mrs. Cassidy of San Francisco.

CLAREY—Born at Queen's Hospital, Honolulu, T. H., 9 July 1940, to Lt. (jg) and Mrs. Bernard A. Clarey, USN, a son, Stephen Scott; grandson of Comdr. Leon B. Scott, USN, and Mr. and Mrs. Stephen B. Clarey.

DOLLE—Born on 7 Aug. 1940, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. Walter Charles Dolle, SC, USA, of Ft. Monmouth, N. J., a son, Arthur Walter.

GRISWOLD—Born at Jasper, Ala., 29 Aug. 1940, to Mr. and Mrs. George Griswold, a daughter, Patsy Matile; granddaughter of Col. and Mrs. O. W. Griswold, Inf., USA, and great granddaughter of the late General Leon A. Matile.

HILL—Born at Boston, Mass., 27 July 1940, to Mr. and Mrs. Horace Hill, a daughter, Tracy; granddaughter of Mr. Henry Tracy Whitney, and of Maj. and Mrs. G. Everett Hill, Jr., USA-Ret.

JENNA—Born at Post Hospital, Ft. Benning, Ga., 1 Sept. 1940, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Russell W. Jenna, Inf., USA, a daughter, Steve Peyton; granddaughter of Mrs. Margaret W. Jenna, and of Col. and Mrs. John S. Sullivan, Inf., USA.

LIBENOW—Born at Swedish Hospital, Seattle, Wash., 28 Aug. 1940, to Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Louis D. Libenow, USN, a son, John Milner.

MCELROY—Born at Norfolk General Hospital, Norfolk, Va., 27 Aug. 1940, to Lt. and Mrs. John H. McElroy, USN, a daughter, Kristine.

MARSHALL—Born at Bixby Knolls Maternity Hospital, Long Beach, Calif., 30 Aug. 1940, to Lt. and Mrs. Henry M. Marshall, USN, a son.

MAYO—Born at Norfolk General Hospital, 27 Aug. 1940, to Ens. and Mrs. George Leonard Mayo, USN, a daughter, Sandra Gail.

MILLER—Born at Honolulu, T. H., 5 Aug. 1940, to Lt. and Mrs. Donald Miller, USN, a son; grandson of Capt. and Mrs. John C. Parham, (MC), USN.

MILLER—Born at Presbyterian Hospital, Newark, N. J., 3 Sept. 1940, to Mr. and Mrs. Richard Chew Miller, a son, Richard Reil Miller; grandson of Mrs. Alexander Macomb Miller, Jr., and the late Colonel Miller, USA.

NELSON—Born at Station Hospital, Ft. Monmouth, N. J., 28 Aug. 1940, to Capt. and Mrs. Clyde R. Nelson, USMC, a daughter, Theodora.

PACKARD—Born at Garfield Memorial Hospital, Washington, D. C., 7 Sept. 1940, to Lt. (jg) and Mrs. Wyman H. Packard, USN, a daughter, Sara Howard Packard.

ROMBERG—Born at Mercy Hospital, Coronado, San Diego, Calif., 16 Aug. 1940, to Lt. and Mrs. H. A. Romberg, USN, a son.

STEWART—Born at Station Hospital, West Point, N. Y., 29 Aug. 1940, to Lt. and Mrs. Stanley R. Stewart, AC, USA, a son Alan Ray.

WATSON—Born at Mercy Hospital, San Diego, Calif., 30 Aug. 1940, to Mr. and Mrs. Theodore B. Watson, Jr., a daughter, Kathryn Ann; granddaughter of Lt. and Mrs. Theodore B. Watson, USN-Ret.

WILLIAMS—Born at Georgetown Uni-

versity Hospital, Washington, D. C., 23 Aug. 1940, to Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Morton D. Williams, (MC), USN, a daughter, Ann Elizabeth; granddaughter of Mrs. Anne Elizabeth Collins.

WILLIAMSON—Born at Fitzgerald Mercy Hospital, Philadelphia, Pa., 29 Aug. 1940, to Lt. and Mrs. T. F. Williamson, USN, a son.

ZUSKA—Born at Queens Hospital, Honolulu, T. H., 10 Aug. 1940, to Lt. (jg) and Mrs. Joseph J. Zuska, (MC), USN, a daughter, Martha Julia; granddaughter of Capt. and Mrs. John C. Parham, (MC), USN.

Married

ANDERSON-WESTFALL—Married at Walter Reed Memorial Chapel, Washington, D. C., 3 Sept. 1940, Miss Jean Elizabeth Westfall, daughter of Maj. and Mrs. Chester C. Westfall, Inf., USA, to Dr. William H. Anderson.

BERRY-CARRUTH—To be married at Ft. Belvoir, Va., 11 Sept. 1940, Miss May Richmond Carruth, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. John Hill Carruth, CE, USA, to Mr. Thomas Cornell Berry.

BRAMWELL-O'DONNELL—Married at Washington, D. C., 6 Sept. 1940, Mrs. Lillie O'Donnell, daughter of Mrs. Charles E. Courtney, wife of Rear Admiral Courtney, to Mr. Christopher Bramwell, of the British Embassy.

BUNTS-CARPENTER—Married at Highland Falls, N. Y., 30 Aug. 1940, Miss Lucille Elizabeth Carpenter, daughter of the late Col. Alden Carpenter, and Mrs. Carpenter, to Mr. Walter E. Bunts.

COLEMAN-GREEN—Married at Post Chapel, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., 26 Aug. 1940, Miss Norma Patricia Green, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Jesse Pleg Green, Inf., USA, to 2nd Lt. John R. Coleman, AC, USA, son of Col. and Mrs. Fred H. Coleman, AC, USA.

DAY-JOHNSON—Married at the First Methodist Church, Norfolk, Va., 7 Sept. 1940, Miss Norma Ruth Johnson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Wharton Johnson, to Lt. Merrill Marvin Day, USMC.

DONOHUE-BENTER—Married at the Shrine of the Most Blessed Sacrament, Wash., D. C., 11 Sept. 1940, Miss Anna Martha Benter, daughter of Lt. and Mrs. Charles Benter, USN, to Mr. Clarence Francis Donohue.

ECKHARDT-BELL—To be married at Lincoln, N. H., 29 Sept. 1940, Miss Virginia Lillian Bell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bell, to Ens. John Carl Eckhardt, Jr., USN.

EDGER-ERWURZEL—Married at Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., 21 Aug. 1940, Miss Elva Ekwurzel, daughter of Col. and Mrs. George Marcy Ekwurzel, USA-Ret., to 1st Lt. Herbert Downing Edger, MC, USA.

FORD-POLIMBO—Married at the Naval Base, Norfolk, Va., 31 Aug. 1940, Miss Mae Hazel Polimbo, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Polimbo, to Ensign Lewis Michael D. Ford, USNR.

HENDERSON-SEELBACH—Married at Bronxville, N. Y., 6 Sept. 1940, Miss Hilde Seelbach to Mr. Clark Henderson, son of Col. Paul Henderson, ORC.

MASON-BODEL—Married at St. Thomas Church, Wash., D. C., 21 Aug. 1940, Miss Eleanor Adella Bodel, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. John K. Bodel, ChC, USA, to Mr. Robert French Mason, Jr.

RECTOR-LYON—Married at Reno, Nevada, 17 Aug. 1940, Miss Dorothy Brinton Lyon, to Mr. James Alexander Rector, Jr., U. S. Naval Academy class of 1931.

ROELL-JOHNSTON—To be married at St. James Episcopal Church, N. Y., 1 Oct. 1940, Miss Elizabeth Waller Johnston, daughter of Capt. Rufus Z. Johnston, USN-Ret., to the

Rev. Rudolph Roell, son of Mrs. Clement Roell.

SAVAGE-GERMANY—Married in the Little Church of Roses, Chula Vista, Calif., 31 Aug. 1940, Miss Julia Germany, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Oscar L. Germany, to Lt. Robert Lee Savage, Jr., USN.

SMITH-PHILLIPS—Married 7 Sept. 1940, Miss Martha Louise Phillips, to Ensign Marvin Smith, USN.

STROCK-AMES—To be married in the Chapel, Ft. Myer, Va., 14 Sept. 1940, Miss Gene Patterson Ames, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Peck Ames, to 2nd Lt. Alan Martin Strock, USA, son of Maj. and Mrs. Glen T. Strock, Inf., USA.

STROUD-DYER—Married at Roanoke, Va., 31 Aug. 1940, Miss Carolyn Dyer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Marion Dyer, to Lt. Macon Graham Stroud, ORC.

URQUHART-HEINER—Married in the chapel of the United States Naval Academy, 3 Sept. 1940, Miss Mary Taylor Heiner, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Robert G. Heiner, (MC), USN-Ret., to Lt. John Goode Urquhart, USN.

VAN PATTEN-CICERO—Married at Fort Shafter Chapel, Honolulu, T. H., 21 Aug. 1940, Miss Irene Cicero, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Cicero, to Lt. Ellsworth Harper Van Patten, Jr., (SC), USN, son of Capt. Ellsworth H. Van Patten, (SC), USN.

Died

BORUP—Died at William Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex., 28 Aug. 1940, Mrs. Evelyn Williams Borup, wife of 1st Lt. Paul C. Borup, MAC, USA.

CARTER—Died as result of airplane crash near Cape Charles, Va., 5 Sept. 1940, C. A. Carter, AMM 1c.

CLARK—Died at Surry Court House, Va., 8 Sept. 1940, 1st Lt. William B. Clark, USA-Ret., husband of Mrs. Dorothy L. Clark, of Coral Gables, Fla.

DRISKILL—Died at Columbia, S. C., 30 Aug. 1940, 1st Lt. Kenneth W. Driskill, Inf., USA.

DUKES—Died at Atlantic City Hospital, Atlantic City, N. J., 3 Sept. 1940, Mrs. George Dukes, mother of Mrs. Hollett, wife of Capt. G. L. Hollett, USMC-Ret.

GILL—Died at Station Hospital, Ft. Jay, N. Y., 28 Aug. 1940, Maj. James Gill, USA-Ret.

GUGNARD—Died at Columbia, S. C., 21 Aug. 1940, Col. William S. Gugnard, USA-Ret.

HUNT—Died at East Lansing, Mich., 18 Aug. 1940, William Hunt, father of Mrs. Fogg, wife of Comdr. A. K. Fogg, (USC) USN.

KILNER—Died at Wash., D. C., 30 Aug. 1940, Brig. Gen. Walter G. Kilner, USA-Ret.

LUNDEEN—Died at St. Malo Beach, Oceanside, Calif., 2 Sept. 1940, Col. John A. Lundeen, USA-Ret., father of Mrs. Harry L. Steele, widow of Major General Steele, and Mrs. Sever R. Tupper, wife of Lieutenant Colonel Tupper.

NIYER—Died at Norfolk, Va., 11 Sept. 1940, Rev. Dr. Edwin Barnes Nyer, World War naval chaplain.

OBEIR—Died at Augusta, Ga., 25 Aug. 1940, Maj. Gen. William G. Obeir, former state adjutant general of the Georgia National Guard. Surviving are two sons, William G. Jr., and Legare Bowles Obeir; a daughter, Mrs. Walter S. Mayer, and a sister, Miss Hermione Obeir.

WEARNE—Died as result of airplane crash near Cape Charles, Va., 5 Sept. 1940, Ens. R. L. Wearne, USNR.

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Reorganize Nat. Gd. Tanks, Cavalry

A number of changes in organization of the National Guard have been planned, the chief of which are conversion of Cavalry Divisions to reconnaissance regiments and other units, and re-alignment of the tank companies of the Infantry Divisions.

The 16 Cavalry regiments attached to the four Cavalry Divisions will probably be converted to other uses. Seven of them, it is expected, will be transformed into corps reconnaissance regiments, while the other nine may become artillery, anti-aircraft and military police units.

The two regiments in Texas which form an independent brigade will remain as the sole Cavalry units in the National Guard, it is believed.

Brigadier and major generals of Cavalry will retain their rank in the National Guard of the United States. It is hoped to absorb them in some of the many posts which will require general officers when the Regular Army, National Guard and conscripts begin joint training.

The National Guard Bureau has taken the opportunity offered by the conversion of units of the four Cavalry Divisions to effect a number of changes which will result in better tactical control of units.

The 148th Field Artillery (75-mm gun) less the 1st Battalion is active in the State of Washington; the 1st Battalion in Idaho. The Washington units will be re-allocated to Idaho, and the personnel in Washington will be converted to missing elements of the 248th Coast Artillery (H), which is one of the units to be inducted into Federal service on 16 Sept.

The 103rd Antitank Battalion is being allotted to Washington, to be formed in part by redesignation of the 41st Tank Company.

Iowa has the 185th Field Artillery (155-mm howitzer), less the 3rd Battalion which is active in North Dakota. The 3rd Battalion is to be organized in Iowa, giving that State the entire regiment. North Dakota is being given authority to organize the 188th Field Artillery (155-mm howitzer), using the personnel of the battalion as a nucleus.

Tank Companies

The 18 Infantry Division tank companies have been removed from the division of the same number to which they were attached, and are being organized into four battalions—one for each army area. The companies, however, will be attached to the divisions for training while the divisions are under state control, but will not be inducted with the divisions. Instead they will go later into training as battalions—probably to Ft. Benning and Ft. Knox, where units of the Regular Army's armored force are training, with the Fourth Army battalion concentrating at Ft. Lewis, Wash.

Battalion headquarters and headquarters companies will not be organized prior to induction into Federal Service.

The new designations of the tank companies are:

First Army Area—191st Tank Bn.
Co. A—27th Tank Co., N. Y.
Co. B—26th Tank Co., Mass.
Co. C—29th Tank Co., Va.
Co. D—43rd Tank Co., Conn.
Second Army Area—192nd Tank Bn.
Co. A—32nd Tank Co., Wisc.
Co. B—33rd Tank Co., Ill.
Co. C—37th Tank Co., Ohio
Co. D—38th Tank Co., Ky.
Third Army Area—193rd Tank Bn.
Co. A—30th Tank Co., Ga.
Co. B—31st Tank Co., Ala.
Co. C—36th Tank Co., Tex.
Co. D—45th Tank Co., Colo.
Fourth Army Area—194th Tank Bn.
Co. A—34th Tank Co., Minn.
Co. B—35th Tank Co., Mont.
Co. C—40th Tank Co., Calif.
Co. D—41st Tank Co., Wash. (Inactive).

The 28th Tank Co., Pa., and the 44th Tank Co., N. J., are being converted or disbanded.

8th Inf. Becomes Artillery

The 8th Infantry, Ill. NG, is to be converted into a field artillery regiment as of 15 Sept. 1940.

The 8th Infantry, a colored regiment located in Chicago, will be designated the 184th Field Artillery (155 mm Howitzer, truck drawn) and assigned as a unit of the General Headquarters Troops. Its present strength is 62 officers, 1 warrant officer, and 604 enlisted men.

Honor General McIntyre

Brig. Gen. Augustine McIntyre, USA-Ret., was presented with the Distinguished Service Medal at ceremonies held 10 Sept. in the office of Maj. Gen. Robert M. Danford, USA, Chief of Field Artillery. The presentation was made by Maj. Gen. William J. Snow, USA-Ret., former chief of Field Artillery.

The citation accompanying the decoration is as follows:

"Augustine McIntyre, Colonel, Field Artillery, United States Army. For exceptionally meritorious and distinguished service in positions of great responsibility. By his leadership, high professional attainments, and executive ability, while serving as President of the Field Artillery Board and as Commandant of the Field Artillery School, Colonel McIntyre has made important contributions to the National Defense. His thorough tactical and technical knowledge of Field Artillery has forwarded the modernization of Field Artillery materiel, and has established sound doctrines for the training of Field Artillery officers of the Army of the United States. Denied by force of circumstances the increased rank appropriate to his position as Commandant of the Field Artillery School, the vigor and efficiency with which he has carried out the exacting and important duties of this assignment afford a fine example of the highest soldierly qualities."

General McIntyre held the rank of colonel when he was retired, but was made a brigadier general on the retired list under the provisions of the War Rank Act.

Flying Cadets Graduated

Following is the roster of the class of flying cadets who complete their course of flight training at Kelly Field, Tex., 30 Aug. All are now commissioned in the Air Corps reserve and will be given extended active duty with the Air Corps:

Louis M. Abernathy	Leslie W. Holman
Howard C. Allers	Geo. W. Holmquist
L. F. Armstrong, Jr.	E. W. Holstrom
Carl W. Barrow	Richard G. Horne
Richard P. Belden	Robert J. Hoss
Wm. W. Bennett, Jr.	Frank L. Houx
Elman J. Beth	Everett R. Howe
Raymond W. Boggs	K. K. Howenstine
Lloyd V. Bradbury	Jack W. Huttig
Joe C. Briley	Charles W. Inskip
Jimmie W. Britt	Donald C. Jamison
Robert R. Brunk	Harold H. Jessen
Chester Brown	La V. C. Jochim
John H. Brown, Jr.	James K. Johnson
George T. Burgard	Frank G. Jones
Robert F. Burnett	Richard G. Jones
A. Campbell, Jr.	William A. Jones
M. W. Campbell	Laurence R. Jordan
Wesley E. Carter	H. C. Junkermann
Alton R. Cary	C. R. Keller, Jr.
Lawson Clary, Jr.	James D. Kemp
Virgil M. Cloyd, Jr.	Robert G. Killam
Hiram F. Conant	Guy G. Kintner
John H. Conrad	Hugh F. Knoch
Gordon Curtis, Jr.	John Kokolus
C. C. Darby, Jr.	Joseph F. Kowack
Frank L. Davis	John J. Krammer
Thos. J. Davis, Jr.	John H. Kunkel, Jr.
Charles W. Dean	Arthur J. Kush
Wm. H. DeLacey	Gene D. Langan
Louis A. DeLapp	John C. Larson
F. W. DeLong, Jr.	Steve Latham
Sherman E. Denney	Brooks A. Lawhon
Daniel R. Depmore	Carroll A. L'Ecuyer
Ralph E. Dobrusky	Edward J. Leibolt
Wm. F. Duncan	David M. Lewy
B. J. Durham, Jr.	Robert L. Little
John S. Dymock, Jr.	Bert J. Lockwood
Hadley B. Elker	Robert F. Mallory
John W. Elliott	R. W. N. Martin
Otis L. Elliott	Joseph C. Matthews
Walter H. Ellis	S. E. Matthews
Wm. V. Ellis, 2nd	Edw. F. McGee, Jr.
Richard E. Evans	J. S. McIntosh, Jr.
Robert W. Fensler	James S. McKown, Jr.
Allen P. Forsyth	Max McNell
Clarence C. Fowler	C. C. McPherson
Chas. E. Franklin	W. A. McWhorter
George E. Franks	John N. Melcher
Henry W. Fuller	William J. Meng
Walter R. George	Fred W. Miller
Fletcher M. Glenn	Robert W. Miller
Charles G. Goff	Kirk R. Mitchell
Jamie Gough	Samuel A. Mitchell
Frank T. Griffith	R. B. Moore, Jr.
James J. Griffith, Jr.	William W. Moore
William F. Grund	Chester H. Morgan
James E. Gunner, Jr.	Dallas L. Morris
Maax C. Hammer, Jr.	Orville J. Moss
Stanley I. Hand	Thornton J. Mostyn
W. A. Hardesty	Renson N. Munro
F. S. Harlow	Robert W. Myers
David H. Harris	C. D. Nicholas, Jr.
Bruce H. Hinton	Archibald D. Odom
Joe K. Hinton	Bernard V. Ogas

Albert Orance
Jack N. Pack
P. L. M. Packard
Herman J. Pardey
Charles P. Paxson
Lowell D. Peach
Jerome A. Peschka
Malcolm E. Petersen
C. R. Plosser, Jr.
Richard L. Randolph
John V. Readey
Boardman C. Reed
G. A. Reeve, Jr.
Angus G. Reid
John C. Reid
John R. Reynolds
H. W. Richardson
Thomas M. Ridley
Frank A. Roberts
J. F. Roberts, Jr.
John L. Robinson
Louis W. Rohr
Sherwood R. Roper
Rolland H. Roe
Herman Rumsey
William T. Samways
Charles W. Sawyer
A. L. Schneider
Francis J. Schuck
Harold G. Seffert
Robert A. Smith
Robert E. Speer
Hubert L. Spence
Stacy Standley, Jr.
Wm. H. Stephens
James C. Stewart
John T. Stickney

John J. Surowiec
Robert F. Swisher
Ernest F. Talmage
R. G. Teborek
R. F. Templeton
Thomas F. Teorey
Robert N. Thayer
Gordon F. Thomas
Keith H. Thomas
Louis G. Thorup
Frank M. Tuttle
Robert A. Tyler
John A. Erick
Richard D. Vittek
Emery M. Ward
T. H. Watson
Richard J. White
C. A. Whittington
Rush H. Willard
Howard W. Williams
Willard W. Wilson
Robert W. Witly
John W. Wright
Lewis J. Wright
Jack Blackwell
Frederick W. Caton
Gove C. Cello, Jr.
Harland H. Foot
Charles A. Polansky
Robert J. Reed
John C. Ruse
J. Lawrence Smith
Robert H. Walroth
Harold F. Watson
Wilson R. Wood
H. L. Shingler
Robert F. Waugh

Defense Housing Program

The House of Representatives this week passed and sent to the Senate a bill, H.R. 10412, which authorizes the expenditure of \$150,000,000 for the construction, under the Federal Works Agency, of housing for defense workers called to areas where proper housing is not now available.

Under the terms of the measure dwellings would be built near military and naval reservations for enlisted men of the armed forces for whom quarters are not now available and for civilian employees working at the reservations and also for workers engaged in essential industries. Under the provisions of the Second Supplementary Defense appropriation bill there is also a fund of \$100,000,000 for the purchase of land and erection of housing units at locations on or near military or naval establishments. This fund, too, would be employed for the construction of dwellings for non-commissioned officers and enlisted men. It was stated at the War Department that the location of such construction projects will be announced when the awards are made. It is understood that the War and Navy Departments will have the bulk of this construction work off of government reservations done by the Federal Works Administration.

Under the measure which passed the House this week the Federal Works Administrator John M. Carmody, would be authorized to acquire land and engage in the necessary construction of housing in areas where the President determines a shortage exists. In reporting the measure, the House committee on Public Buildings and Grounds stated: "It is contemplated that the President's designation of areas in which such shortage exists will be based upon data available to him from time to time through the Advisory Commission to the Council on National Defense."

To speed the work, condemnation and declaration taking are authorized, with waiving of the statutory requirement for a prior opinion of the Attorney General. Also, other requirements, such as competitive bidding are waived. Cost-plus-a-percentage-of-cost contracts are forbidden, but cost-plus-fixed-fee contracts are permitted in the quest for speed. A limitation of \$2,500 average cost per family dwelling unit is imposed. It was stated that this average may be a little high, but it was also pointed out that dwellings in places such as Alaska, etc., will run higher than ordinary construction. Under the provisions of the bill, housing for enlisted men of the naval or military services, employees of the United States in the Navy or War Departments assigned to duty at naval or military bases and posts or bases, or workers engaged or to be engaged in industries connected with and essential to the national defense, will be provided.

The legislation would become inoperative upon the expiration of the national emergency declared by the President.

Disposition of the government owned property upon termination of the emergency is authorized.

It is provided that funds allocated the War or Navy Departments for housing may be diverted to and administered by the Federal Works Agency.

Policy on Reserve Resignations

The War Department announced this week that, in conformity with the provisions of S. J. Res. 286, as passed by the 76th Congress, any member of the reserve components of the Army of the United States below the grade of captain who has no means of support other than the wages, salary, or other compensation for personal services, may offer to resign his commission, or, in the case of enlisted reserves, may ask to be discharged from his enlistment, upon individual requests made prior to or within 20 days after the date of entry into active military service.

In its announcement the War Department stated:

"If they do not submit their resignations, they will be inducted for one year's active duty. In all other instances members of the Officers' Reserve Corps who offer their resignations during the present emergency will have them accepted only in such instances as the Secretary of War may specially authorize.

"The War Department points out that a Reserve officer is under no compulsion at the time he takes his oath of office. He freely agrees to serve his country in time of need and it is with such understanding that the Government spends money on his military training. There is no agreement on the part of the Government to release him at any time during the five years of his current appointment. When resignations are accepted they are at the convenience of the Government and not for the convenience of the Reserve officer concerned.

"The War Department, however, in administering the Act, which authorizes ordering members of the Officers' Reserve Corps to extended active duty without their consent during the current limited emergency, intends to reduce the inconvenience and sacrifice of Reserve officers to the very minimum. Instructions are being issued to Corps Area commanders and other assignment authorities to attach great weight to the requests of Reserve officers who desire deferment of their active duty, and to consider the personal financial obligations of Reserve officers in determining the order in which they should be ordered to extended active duty. All members of the Active Officers' Reserve Corps are currently being circularized in order that such personnel information may be available to assignment authorities for consideration in establishing the sequence in which Reserve officers will be selected for active duty. The War Department regrets that in some cases personal financial sacrifices may result from ordering members of the Officers' Reserve Corps to extended active duty without their consent, but it would be impossible for the War Department to execute its military training program for the fiscal year 1941 without the assistance of a large number of Reserve officers.

Planes for Armored Divisions

Six Stinson O-54 airplanes have been delivered for service test in connection with mechanized units of the Army to determine their suitability as short range liaison airplanes. They will be used by the Armored Divisions at Ft. Knox, Ky., and at Ft. Benning, Ga.

The O-54 is a military adaption of the standard commercial model Stinson 105. It is a two-place, high-wing, strut-braced, fabric-covered cabin monoplane with a gross weight of 1,580 pounds. The wing span is 34 feet, and chord 57 inches. The power plant is a Continental A-80 engine which develops 80 h.p. at 2700 r.p.m.

Materials to Leased Bases

An amendment to the Neutrality Act, to permit the transportation by American vessels of articles and materials to the naval and air bases in the Western Hemisphere recently leased from Great Britain, was introduced this week by Senator Mead.

Obituaries

(Continued from Page 45)

executive officer in the office of the Chief of Air Corps, serving in that capacity until May, 1931, when he was assigned as executive in the office of the Assistant Secretary of War for Air, the Honorable F. Trubee Davidson. He remained on that duty until August, 1933.

General Kilner graduated from the Army Industrial College, Washington, D. C., in 1934, from the Air Corps Tactical School, Maxwell Field, Alabama, in 1935, and from the Army War College, Washington, D. C., in 1936. He was then ordered to Langley Field, Virginia, for duty as Chief of Staff of the General Headquarters Air Force, where he remained until 30 September 1938, when he assumed the duties of Assistant to Chief of Air Corps. He served in this capacity until 30 November 1939, the date of his retirement.

General Kilner has been awarded the Distinguished Service Medal and also the Order of St. Michael and St. George (British) and Officer of the Legion of Honor (French).

Concerning the death of Brig. Gen. W. G. Kilner, USA, the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL is in receipt of the following letter:

Editor, ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

"I the mother of Brig. Gen. W. G. Kilner have a number of names without addresses who so kindly expressed their sympathy in sending flowers to his funeral. Will you please publish the list of names, thanking them for their kind sympathy expressed in the beautiful flowers."

Mary E. Kilner
Charles W. Kilner
Glen Kilner

The names are as follows:

Col. and Mrs. Porter Adams
Maj. and Mrs. A. W. Martinstein
Maj. and Mrs. Channey
Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Frances
Harry Gantz
Lycoming and Valtier
Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Fecht
Col. and Mrs. Spaatz
Mr. and Mrs. Henry Berhner
Robert L. Earle
Mr. M. B. Gordon
Miss Regina Sullivan
Mrs. K. H. W. Griffin
Maj. Townsend Griffin
Maj. W. B. Persons
Mr. and Mrs. William Crosswell
The Early Birds
Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Mosely
Mr. and Mrs. Robert Shorter
Maj. and Mrs. Ned Schramm
Al Williams
Jack and Gus Jonett
Maj. and Mrs. C. P. Shaw
Mr. and Mrs. Larry Bell
Lt. Col. and Mrs. Fleckinger
Col. and Mrs. Walter P. Wenner
G. H. Kendeberger
Merrian C. Cooper
Helen and Don Berlin
Clayton Knight
NAP
Grover Loening
Ted Night
Order of Daedalus

Col. John A. Lundeen, USA-Ret., died 2 Sept. 1940, at St. Malo Beach, Oceanside, Calif.

Colonel Lundeen was born in Sweden, 6 March 1848 and came to this country at the age of five years.

He was appointed to the Military Academy from Minnesota and was graduated number 5 in the Class of 1873. He was appointed 2nd Lieutenant, 4th Artillery with station at the Presidio of San Francisco, served at Fort Wrangell and Sitka, Alaska. Promoted to 1st Lieutenant in 1874 and served as Professor of Military Science and Tactics at the University of Minnesota.

Honor graduate of the Artillery School, 1882 and Assistant Professor of Mathematics at West Point from 1887 to 1892.

Promoted to Captain, 8 March 1898, and assigned to the 7th Artillery.

In 1903 Colonel Lundeen was made a member of the Board of Revises Coast Artillery Drill Regulations.

He was detailed in the Inspector General's Department as Lieutenant Colonel, March, 1906, with station in San Francisco during and after the fire and earthquake, and made an inspection of Alaska the following summer.

Promoted to Colonel, Coast Artillery Corps, 2 October 1906, and assigned command of the Presidio and Artillery District of San Francisco. From 5 February 1911, he commanded Fort Mills and Artillery District of Manila Bay until his retirement, 6 March 1912.

During the World War, Colonel Lundeen was on active duty as President of Coast Artillery Board, Fort Monroe, Editor of the Coast Artillery Journal and, for a time, commanding officer of the Coast Defenses of Chesapeake Bay and of the Coast Artillery School, until 7 March 1919.

In 1879 Colonel Lundeen married Miss Mary C. Johnson of Minneapolis, who died in 1936.

He is survived by their two daughters, Mrs. Harry L. Steele, widow of the late Maj. Gen. Harry L. Steele, and Mrs. Sevier R. Tupper, wife of Lt. Col. Sevier R. Tupper, Inf.

Also seven grandchildren, including Lt. John C. Steele, CAC, Mrs. Donald C. Cubbison, Jr., wife of Lt. Donald C. Cubbison, Jr., FA, and Mrs. James W. Davis, wife of Lt. James W. Davis, USN, and eleven great-grandchildren.

Interment will be in Arlington National Cemetery.

Calling of Army Reserves

Plans were announced this week concerning the calling of Reserve Officers of the Army to extended active duty under the provisions of the new law which also authorizes the induction of the National Guard.

Under the plan each corps area commander will canvass all the Reserve officers under his jurisdiction and make up rosters arranged in the order which it is desired to call them to active duty.

Text of the letter to Corps Area Commanders setting forth the plan and policies to be pursued follows:

Letter to Corps Commanders

1. Public Resolution No. 96, 76th Congress, approved August 27, 1940, authorizes the President to order Reserve officers to extended active duty, with or without their consent. Each assignment jurisdiction will immediately initiate the preparation of rosters for the purpose of establishing priority in which Reserve officers will be ordered to extended active duty.

2. A separate roster will be prepared for Medical Department Reserve officers, and the preparation of this roster will have precedence over the roster for other Reserve officers.

3. The following policies will govern the preparation of these priority rosters:

a. Officers will be arranged on the roster in the order in which it is desired to call them to active duty, considering factors in the following priority:

(1) Extent of deferment proposed by officer and reasons therefor.
(2) Personal obligation as to dependents.
(3) Professional attainments and value to service; consider in this connection age and physical aptitude.

(4) Need for his individual services to the community in his civilian status.

b. (1) A separate roster, corresponding to that prescribed above in paragraph 3a for eligible Reserve officers, will be prepared for ineligible Reserve officers.

(2) It is contemplated that ineligible Reserve officers will be ordered to active duty in exceptional cases only.

c. These rosters will be confidential.

d. So far as Medical Department Reserve officers are concerned, preparation of rosters directed in this paragraph will be made under the supervision of the corps area surgeon for each military area and subdivision thereof, based upon the recommendations of the Regular Army medical instructors and Reserve medical unit commanders after conference with other ranking Medical Department Reserve officers and the officials of local and state medical societies.

e. For arms and services other than the Medical Department, priority rosters should likewise be based upon recommendations of Regular Army unit instructors and Reserve organization commanders.

4. The requirements of paragraph 3 above necessitate the canvassing of all Reserve officers in each assignment jurisdiction not at present on extended active duty with the Army. For this purpose a letter in substantial agreement with Inclosure No. 1 (reproduced below) will be used.

5. In the preparation of priority rosters, use should be made of the classification questionnaires of Reserve officers (AGO Form No. 178) and, where applicable, supplementary questionnaires for Medical Department Reserve officers (AGO Form No. 178-2). However, the preparation of priority rosters will not be delayed if this classification project has not been completed.

6. Instructions herein with respect to priority rosters of Medical Department Reserve officers are included merely to confirm instructions contained in War Department radio of August 16th on that subject.

7. Each assignment jurisdiction is authorized to select Reserve officers for extended active duty from these rosters, in accordance with the following provisions:

a. Unless there are cogent reasons for contrary action, preference in filling positions will be given to eligible Reserve officers who have no urgent reasons for deferment of active duty.

b. Insofar as practicable, Reserve officers will be selected for active duty in the sequence indicated by their arrangement on

priority rosters (as determined by instructions referred to in paragraph 1 above).

c. Ineligible Reserve officers will be considered for active duty only in exceptional cases where suitable individuals cannot be obtained from the rosters of eligible Reserve officers.

d. Reserve officers of the Inactive Reserve will not be ordered to active duty under this authority.

e. (1) Except for the Medical Department, no officer will be ordered to extended active duty whose age is more than five years greater than the maximum specified for the appointment of an officer of his grade and arm or service in paragraph 13c AR 140-5.

(2) Age restrictions are not applicable to officers of the Medical Department.

f. Only those Medical Corps officers who have completed one year's service as internes or who have one year's experience in the practice of medicine will be eligible for active duty.

g. Reserve officers of the Sanitary Corps and Medical Administrative Corps will not be ordered to extended active duty except by The Adjutant General.

h. The consent of the individual is not a factor in active duty under this authority, for which reason the words, "with his (their) own consent," will not be used in the issuance of active duty orders under this authority. Orders will contain the wording "By direction of the President under the authority contained in Public Resolution No. 96, 76th Congress, approved August 27, 1940."

8. You are now authorized to fill the following requirements for Medical Reserve officers:

*Medical Corps Reserve:
Captains Lieutenants
*Dental Reserve:
Captains Lieutenants
*Veterinary Reserve:
Captains Lieutenants

*Figures for each corps area taken from inclosed table (as follows):

All voluntary applications previously forwarded to this office will be used here to provide for the War Department overhead in Medical Department Reserves.

9. You are also authorized to order to active duty the necessary number of Reserve officers of branches other than the Medical Department to fill allotments for which funds have heretofore been allotted.

10. Other than authorized in paragraphs 8 and 9 above Reserve officers will not be ordered to active duty without their consent in excess of previously allotted quotas, pending further instructions and where necessary the allotment of additional funds.

By order of the Secretary of War:
(signed) W. W. Dick,
Adjutant General.

1 Incl.

Corps Area Quotas

MEDICAL CORPS RESERVE:

1st Corps—15 Cpts.	1st Corps—35 Lts.
2nd Corps—40 Cpts.	2nd Corps—83 Lts.
3rd Corps—25 Cpts.	3rd Corps—50 Lts.
4th Corps—70 Cpts.	4th Corps—130 Lts.
5th Corps—20 Cpts.	5th Corps—40 Lts.
6th Corps—25 Cpts.	6th Corps—50 Lts.
7th Corps—15 Cpts.	7th Corps—40 Lts.
8th Corps—30 Cpts.	8th Corps—70 Lts.
9th Corps—70 Cpts.	9th Corps—130 Lts.

DENTAL RESERVE:

1st Corps—10 Cpts.	1st Corps—25 Lts.
2nd Corps—10 Cpts.	2nd Corps—20 Lts.
3rd Corps—6 Cpts.	3rd Corps—14 Lts.
4th Corps—15 Cpts.	4th Corps—35 Lts.
5th Corps—3 Cpts.	5th Corps—7 Lts.
6th Corps—6 Cpts.	6th Corps—14 Lts.
7th Corps—6 Cpts.	7th Corps—14 Lts.
8th Corps—15 Cpts.	8th Corps—35 Lts.
9th Corps—15 Cpts.	9th Corps—35 Lts.

VETERINARY RESERVE:

1st Corps—3 Cpts.	1st Corps—7 Lts.
2nd Corps—3 Cpts.	2nd Corps—7 Lts.
3rd Corps—5 Cpts.	3rd Corps—10 Lts.
4th Corps—8 Cpts.	4th Corps—17 Lts.
5th Corps—3 Cpts.	5th Corps—7 Lts.
6th Corps—5 Cpts.	6th Corps—10 Lts.
7th Corps—9 Cpts.	7th Corps—18 Lts.
8th Corps—6 Cpts.	8th Corps—12 Lts.
9th Corps—6 Cpts.	9th Corps—12 Lts.

Form of Letter to Reserves

1. There is now pending before Congress a bill to institute a system of selective military training and service.

2. Public Resolution No. 96, 76th Congress, approved August 27, 1940, authorizes the President to order into the active military service, for a period of not to exceed one year, any or all reserve components of the Army of the United States, for the strengthening of the national defense.

3. The War Department considers some form of compulsory selective service and training as essential to our system of national defense at this time, and believes it equally essential that the National Guard and a large number of Reserve officers be given additional training and assist the Regular Army in training men inducted under a selective service law, if such a law is enacted.

4. The present plans of the War Department include:

a. The ordering of the National Guard into the federal service by successive increments.

b. The ordering of Reserve officers to extended active duty as required.

c. The prompt registration of all men between 21 and 30, inclusive, followed by the selection and induction of about four hundred thousand men for training and service commencing this fall (contingent upon the enactment of a selective service law).

5. These plans require a (large) number of (insert here the applicable arm or service) Reserve officers. In general, those qualified Reserve officers who can accept extended active duty without undue personal hardship will be the first to be ordered to such duty.

6. You are requested, therefore, to immediately advise the office from which you received this letter whether there are any important reasons why you should not be ordered to extended active duty immediately. If so, please state your reasons for deferment of service, and the amount of delay considered necessary. A form for this purpose and a return envelope are inclosed.

General Pershing's Radio Address

The text of the radio address made by General Pershing yesterday follows:

"Commander Kelly, Comrades of the American Legion, and all other Veterans and Friends:

"It would be impossible to describe the emotion I feel at hearing the generous words of praise from National Commander Kelly and at receiving the hundreds of messages that have come to me today from Legion posts, from other organizations, from individual veterans and friends throughout the country. But I can now say without hesitation that there is nothing that could give me more heartfelt pleasure than that which has come to me through the expressions of good will and esteem you have showered upon me today. For some years I have felt that these birthdays were coming all too frequently, but never before has there been a greater measure of consolation than your kindness has given me.

"I am glad to have this opportunity to express to each and every one of you my sincerest gratitude for this unforgettable day, and to extend to all, in return, my renewed assurance of affectionate regard and hearty good wishes. I have always felt and shall always retain a keen interest in the welfare of our veterans. Their glorious achievements have earned them the eternal gratitude of their countrymen.

"One word more. Twenty-two years ago none of us dreamed that the calamity of war would come again to the world so soon and in such hideous and devastating form. But we must face the facts of today. Their warning call to America is shrill and imperative. The danger is imminent. The call comes not only to us who fought in the World War and to those who stood ready, but it comes to every patriotic citizen living under the protection of our great government. To meet it we must pledge ourselves anew to fulfill our obligations to the nation, and again avow eternal devotion to the principles of liberty and justice upon which this nation rests.

"I thank you."

1940 USNA Football Schedule

28 Sept.—William and Mary College.
5 Oct.—Univ. of Cincinnati.
12 Oct.—Princeton University (at Princeton).
19 Oct.—Drake University.
26 Oct.—Yale University (at New Haven).
2 Nov.—Univ. of Pa. (at Philadelphia).
9 Nov.—Univ. of Notre Dame (at Baltimore).
16 Nov.—Columbia University (at New York).
30 Nov.—U. S. Military Academy (at Philadelphia).

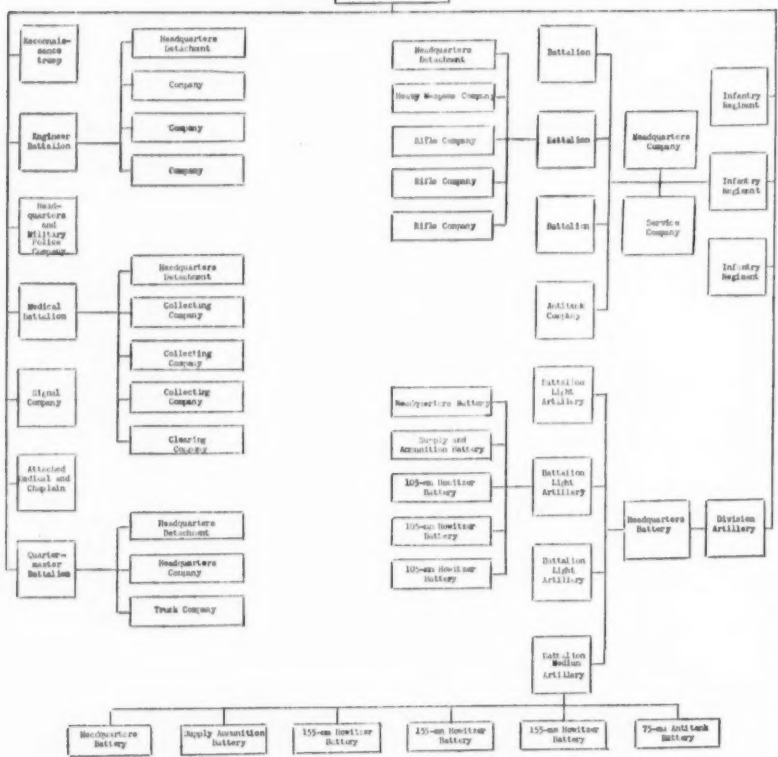
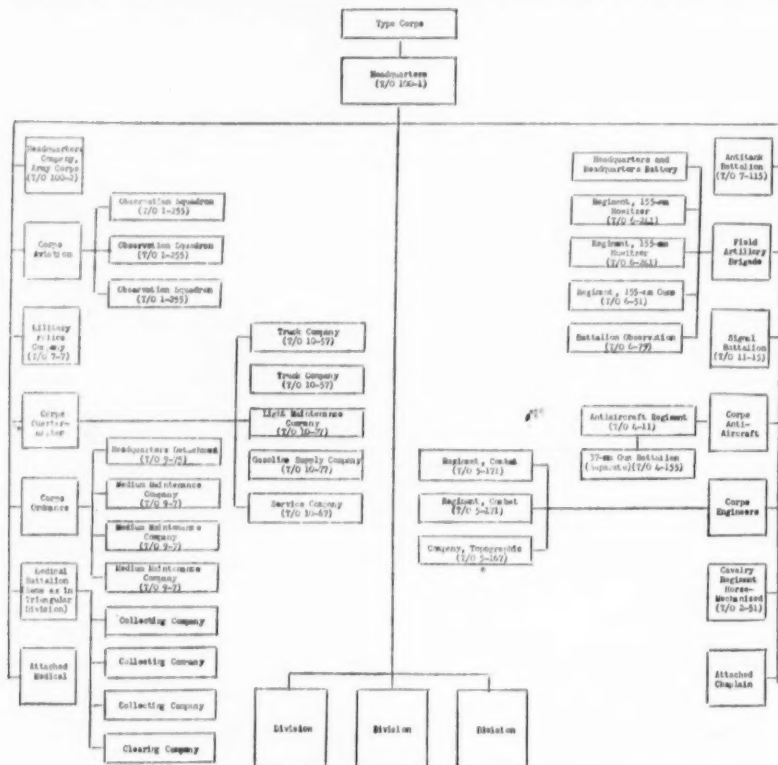
Games at Annapolis unless otherwise stated.

Funeral Expenses for Regulars

The Committee on Pensions of the Senate this week reported favorably the bill, H.R. 7731, passed by the House, which would provide for the burial and funeral expenses of deceased veterans of the Regular Establishment who were discharged for disability incurred in the service in line of duty, or who were receiving pensions for service connected disability.

Army, Corps and Division Organization

FOLLOWING are shown the set-up for the type Army, Corps and Infantry Division (triangular) as sent to commanders in the field this week by the War Department.



Type Army

Army Troops for the "Type Army" are: Headquarters, Field Army (T/O 200-1).

Miscellaneous	T/O
Headquarters Company Field Army	200-2
1 Military Police Battalion	7-55
1 Chemical Field Laboratory	217
1 Chemical Depot Company	215
1 Chemical Maintenance Company	216
3 Chemical Decontamination Companies	3-217
1 Chemical Impregnating Company	3-227
3 Antitank Battalions	7-115
Signal	
2 Signal Battalions	11-25
1 Radio Intelligence Company	11-77
1 Pigeon Company	11-39

1 Photo Company	11-37
1 Depot Company	11-107
Aviation	
1 Squadron, Army Reconnaissance	1-215
Antiaircraft	
1 AA Brigade (3 regiments)	4-10
Quartermaster	
3 Battalions, Light Maintenance	10-25
1 Regiment, Truck	10-51
1 Company, Car	10-57
1 Battalion, Gas Supply	10-75
2 Regiments, Service	10-61
1 Company, Depot	10-227
1 Company, Depot (MTC)	10-48
1 Battalion, Sterilization and Bath	10-155
Engineers	
3 Regiments, General Service	5-21

6 Battalions, Separate	5-35
2 Companies, Dump Truck	5-88
2 Battalions, Heavy Ponton	200-4W
4 Companies, Light Ponton	5-87
1 Battalion, Topographic	263
1 Battalion, Camouflage	5-95
1 Battalion, Water Supply	5-65
1 Company, Shop	5-157
1 Company, Depot	5-47

Medical	
3 Medical Regiments	8-11
10 Evacuation Hospitals	283W
8 Surgical Hospitals	284W
1 Convalescent Hospital	285W
1 Supply Depot	287W
1 Veterinary Company, Separate	8-99
1 Medical Laboratory	286W

Ordnance	
1 Depot Company	9-18
1 Maintenance Battalion	9-7
2 Medium Maintenance Companies	9-9
1 Heavy Maintenance Company	9-17
2 Ammunition Battalions (each 6 ammunition companies)	

Army Promotion Forecast

An even more rapid rate of promotion of Army officers under the new service-in-grade system than that forecast on page 1285 of the 24 Aug issue of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL now seems likely.

Promotions of majors to lieutenant colonels during October and through 31 Oct. will go down to No. 2047 on the list of majors—Maj. Edward H. Connor, jr., Inf. These nominations will probably go to the Senate within a few days. These October promotions were correctly predicted in this paper on 24 Aug. However, the predictions for November carried promotions through No. 2175 on the list of majors, and between 3 Dec. and 13 Dec., it was predicted promotions would be made through No. 2237. It is now learned that a junior officer will carry up this entire group on 29 Nov., and the following promotions to lieutenant colonel are now anticipated:

29 Nov. Nos. 2049 to 2238.
12 Dec. Nos. 2239 to 2247.
13 Dec. Nos. 2248 and 2249.
15 Dec. No. 2250.
21 Dec. No. 2251.

During the calendar year 1941, majors from No. 2252 through No. 2742 will be promoted.

During the calendar year 1942 majors from No. 2743 through No. 725 on the list of captains will be promoted. (These captains, of course, were recently promoted to major).

During the calendar year 1943, captains from No. 726 (Maj. Charles H. Hart, jr., Inf.) through No. 956 (Maj. George H. Bare, Inf.) will be promoted to lieutenant colonel.

During the calendar year 1944, promotions will be made from No. 957 through No. 1121.

During the calendar year 1945, promotions will be made from No. 1121 through No. 1208.

During the calendar year 1946, to 30 June 1946, promotions will be made from No. 1208 through No. 1434.

After 30 June 1946, no officer will earn constructive service but will be promoted on straight service of 17 and 23 years.

Colonels

With the number of colonels restricted to 705, too many factors enter into the creation of vacancies to make accurate predictions possible. However, it is estimated that by 1 Oct. lieutenant colonels down to and including No. 64, Lt. Col. Livingston Watrous, will have been promoted to colonel.

Service credits in grade of lieutenant colonel are sufficient to permit promotion to colonel of all lieutenant colonels by the time vacancies are created for them, provided the requirement of 28 years' total service is satisfied, either personally or by reason of a junior's longer service.

Status of Promotion

ARMY PROMOTION STATUS

Promotions and Vacancies on the Promotion List (Cumulative) since 6 September 1940.

Last promotion to the grade of Col.—Lindsay M. Silvester, Inf., No. 43. Last nomination to the grade of Col.—Ford Richardson, Inf., No. 57. Vacancies—None. Senior Lt. Col.—Henry L. C. Jones, FA, No. 58. Last promotion to the grade of Lt. Col.—Harry M. Gwynn, Inf., No. 1359. Senior Major—Lennel P. Crim, Ord. Dept., No. 1360. Last promotion to the grade of Major—

Charles G. Pearcey, AC, No. 1495. Senior Captain—Ernest T. Owen, FA, No. 1496.

Last promotion to the grade of Captain—Elvin F. Maughan, AC, No. 232.

Last promotion to the grade of 1st Lt.—Joe S. Lawrie, Inf., No. 332.

Non-Promotion List

No change.

Warrant Officers

492 on the eligible list to be Warrant Officers. Appointments have been made through Norris McL. L'Abbe.

4 on the eligible list to be Band Leaders. Appointments have been made through Gregorie A. Dias.

1 appointed Warrant Officer, Army Mine Planter Service, Regular Army.

NAVY PROMOTION STATUS

Changes in Junior Line Officers of the Navy 1 Sept. 1940

Rear Adm.—Robert A. Theobald.

Capt.—Albert H. Rooks.

Comdr.—Walter F. Boone.

Lt. Comdr.—William R. Hollingsworth.

Lt.—Carter L. Bennett.

Lt. (jg)—Roger N. Currier.

MARINE PROMOTION STATUS

Last commissioned in grade Last to make number in grade

Maj. Gen. W. P. Upshur Maj. Gen. W. P. Upshur

Brig. Gen. A. A. Vandegrift Brig. Gen. A. A. Vandegrift

Col. Alfred H. Noble Col. Alfred H. Noble

Lt. Col. Harry B. Liveredged Lt. Col. Harry B. Liveredged

Maj. Lee N. Utz Maj. Kenneth W. Ben-

Capt. J. E. Weber Capt. J. E. Weber

1st Lt. O. A. Chambers 1st Lt. F. W. Williams

ENLISTED PROMOTION STATUS

There are published below promotions made during the period 7 Aug. 1940 and 11 Sept. 1940 in the grades and branches in which promotions are made by the chiefs of the Arms and Services concerned, EXCLUSIVE of those promotions incident to increase of grades and ratings which were printed during the month.

Quartermaster Corps

MAJ. GEN. E. B. GREGORY, The QMG Promoted to master sergeant—Theodore H. Ginsburg (8).

Promoted to technical sergeant—Ernest A. Nord (8). (In addition to promotions published 21 Aug.).

Medical Department

MAJ. GEN. JAMES C. MAGEE, The SG. (No promotions since those published 10 Aug. Warrants are now being issued by field commanders making temporary promotions to staff sergeant. Temporary promotions to master and technical sergeant will soon be made by the Surgeon General).

Finance Department

MAJ. GEN. H. K. LOUGHRAN, The C. of F. (No promotions since those published 10 Aug.).

Corps of Engineers

MAJ. GEN. J. L. SCHLEY, The C. of E. Promoted to master sergeant—Homer E. Thomas.

Promoted to technical sergeant—William F. Reese and John Lewis. (Mass promotions were published 17 Aug.).

Ordnance Department

MAJ. GEN. C. M. WESSON, The C. of O. Promoted to master sergeant—Frank R. Bushey, George Gallagher, Clyde Whitlatch, Dana Wier, Frank V. Perrietti, Alfred H. Hall, George J. Hogan and Charles S. Kennedy, and those published on 21 Aug.

Promoted to technical sergeant—Jesse S. Browder and Thomas O. Murphy (Murphy temporary) and those published on 31 Aug.

Promoted to staff sergeant—Published 7 Sept. issue. Names of those given temporary warrants as staff sergeant to be available later.

Signal Corps

MAJ. GEN. J. O. MAUBORGNE, The CSO (Promotion orders listed, first, of all eligibles printed in 6 July issue; then list printed 17 Aug. then list printed 21 Aug. Additional list due in a few days).

Chemical Warfare Service

MAJ. GEN. W. C. BAKER, The C. of CWS Promoted to staff sergeant—Clyde B. Ride-nour.

(Additional promotions due in few days).

Coast Artillery Corps

MAJ. GEN. J. A. GREEN, The C. of CAC (In addition to previously announced promotions).

Promoted to master sergeant—Paul F. Fisher and Louis T. Choquette.

Promoted to technical sergeant—John S. Smith, John M. Seitz and Howard G. Hatch.

Air Corps

MAJ. GEN. H. H. ARNOLD, The C. of AC Promoted to master sergeant—Anthony J. Gorges and Harry K. Johnson.

Promoted to technical sergeant—William A. Gilmore and Gustav Schafer. (Bulk of promotions due in few days).

Reorganize Infantry Divisions

(Continued from First Page)

and eliminating the inactive .30 caliber machine guns.

"(c) Providing three active 60 mm mortars in each rifle company.

"(2) Regimental anti-tank companies will be constituted at the same station as the present regimental headquarters companies. Additional 81 mm mortars, and .50 caliber machine gun sections will be constituted at the present stations of the heavy weapons companies. The additional 60 mm mortar squads will be constituted at the present stations of rifle companies.

Field Artillery

"(1) The field artillery of the division will be reorganized as a group consisting of a Headquarters and Headquarters Battery and four self-contained battalions. Three (direct support) battalions will be 105 mm howitzers (75 mm guns will be substituted until 105 mm howitzers become available). The remaining (general support) battalion is 155 mm howitzers. Each battalion will include a headquarters battery, a service and ammunition battery, and three howitzer batteries. The general support battalion also contains an anti-tank battery with eight 75 mm guns.

"(2) As far as practicable, the personnel now assigned to the Artillery Section of Division Headquarters and to the 155 mm regiment will be utilized to form the Division Artillery Headquarters and Headquarters Battery and the 155 mm Battalion. The personnel now assigned to the light regiment, except in the 7th and 8th Divisions which have horse-drawn regiments, will be utilized to form the three 105 mm battalions. The 76th and 83rd Field Artillery Regiments will retain their present organizations until further orders.

"(3) Instructions will be issued later regarding the dispositions of Field Artillery bands.

Engineer Battalion

"There is no essential change in the organization of the engineer battalion.

Quartermaster Battalion

"There is no essential change in the organization of the quartermaster battalion.

Medical Battalion

"(1) The medical battalion has been reorganized to a battalion consisting of a Headquarters Detachment, a Clearing Company, and three Collecting Companies.

"(2) The Headquarters Detachment and the Clearing Company will be organized from the present headquarters company.

"(3) The two additional collecting companies will be organized from the present collecting company."

Greetings to the General

(Continued from Page 27)

his illustrious career of service to the Nation.

"R. R. Waesche,
"Rear Admiral, U. S. Coast Guard,
"Commandant."

Maj. Gen. James G. Harbord, USA-Ret.
"My love and best wishes to General Pershing, the greatest living American."

Senator Sheppard

"Dear Colonel O'Laughlin,
"Publisher, ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL;

"On behalf of myself and the members of the Senate Committee on Military Affairs, it gives me great pleasure to extend to General John J. Pershing, General of the Armies of the United States, the warmest congratulations on the occasion of his 80th birthday anniversary.

"During this time of increasingly grave international problems, the nation is fortunate to have available the experienced judgment of an officer who has contributed so greatly to insuring the security of the United States.

"Yours very sincerely,

"Morris Sheppard, Chairman."

Representative May

"It is with great pleasure that I and the members of the House Military Affairs Committee take this opportunity to extend our warmest congratulations to

General John J. Pershing, General of the Armies of the United States, on the occasion of his 80th birthday.

"Throughout a career marked with outstanding achievements, General Pershing has constantly grown in the esteem and affection of the American people. As the United States rearms herself in preparation for any eventuality it is comforting to know that this fine soldier, with his wealth of personal experience, stands ready, as always, to aid in securing the United States against all dangers.

"A. J. May, Chairman,
"House Committee on
"Military Affairs."

National Guard Association

"The National Guard Association of the United States extends congratulations to General Pershing and every possible good wish for many, many more happy, healthful years.

"Walter A. DeLamater,
"Major General, NYNG., Retd.
"President National Guard
"Association of the United States."

Reserve Officers Association

"The Reserve Officers Association of the United States takes great pleasure in publicly extending its greetings to General John J. Pershing on his birthday, and to express its gratification that the United States is so fortunate in having the advice and counsel of the officer who led the American Forces in the World War.

"E. L. White,
"Lt. Col., Ord.-Res.,
"National President."

Military Order of the World War

"My dear General Pershing:

"We, who have served with and under you, as Officers of the World War, join with those millions of your comrades in bringing cordial good wishes on your 80th Birthday. We cherish the honor and high privilege that was ours in having served with you in those days of strife, and in having continued under your guiding influence in days of peace.

"We bring you that love, honor and respect which the great leaders of history have instilled in their fellow men.

"May your influence continue through many more birthdays.

"Most sincerely,

"Charles A. Mills,

"Lieut.-Commander,

"Commander-in-Chief,
"Military Order of the World War."

Veterans of Foreign War

"General John J. Pershing,

"Dear Sir:

"On this your Eightieth Birthday, it gives me great pleasure to extend to you, who has served his country so nobly and gallantly, both in times of war and peace, a most cordial greeting.

"May God spare you many more years.

"Sincerely,

"Jos. C. Menendez,

"Commander-in-Chief"

The American Legion

"My dear General:

"In behalf of the National Organization of The American Legion, may I convey to you, our honorary National Commander, the most earnest and cordial greetings upon the happy occasion of your eightieth birthday.

"You were our leader in days of war. In two decades of peace, your notable greatness as a patriot and citizen has still further endeared you to The American Legion.

"We of the Legion furthermore feel that the measure of your accomplishment as a soldier which resulted in a successful culmination of a great conflict is being still further enhanced during these critical days by the demonstration of great military potency on the part of those who went down to defeat before your leadership.

"With men like you in command there can be no questioning doubt of the safety of our American Nation and its free institutions.

"Respectfully yours,

"Raymond J. Kelly,

"National Commander."

Disabled American Veterans of the World War

"General John J. Pershing,

"General of the Armies of the United States:

"It is with deep and sincere pleasure that we salute and congratulate you on the occasion of the 80th anniversary of your date of birth.

"Disabled American Veterans of the World War,
"By Vincent E. Schoeck,
"National Commander."

Chamber of Commerce of the United States

"My dear General:

"On behalf of businessmen and business organizations located in all parts of the country, I send you heartfelt congratulations and affectionate greetings on the occasion of your eightieth birthday.

"We all owe you a real debt of gratitude for the outstanding leadership you gave our Armies in the World War. It is to be hoped that America will not become involved in the present European conflict but if that great calamity should befall us, we only can hope that it will be our good fortune again to have a leader with your ability, patience and resourcefulness.

"I am sure that all of our members join with me in wishing you a wonderful birthday and many more years of health and happiness.

"Sincerely,

"James Scott Kemper,
"President."

"To the Editor:

"You may never have heard of Prairie Mound School District, Linn County, Mo. Unless you are from Missouri you probably didn't. Very well, every aspiring young school teacher in four counties is and has been for years pointing for it.

"One of my cousins went after it almost before she got her diploma from the Normal school.

"She called on the president of the district school board. He was elderly, kindly and courteous, but bafflingly interrogative. His long white beard enhanced his paternal kindness as he persistently searched out the applicant's qualifications.

"On giving her diploma another prolonged look, his eyes sparkled. 'Cum laude, eh?' he said. 'That's fine. You see our standards are very high here. Have been ever since I hired Johnny Pershing to teach this school. Now if I hire you will you try to be as good a teacher as Johnny was?'

"Do you mean as good as General John J. Pershing, the greatest hero in the whole world? Oh, that is impossible. Please let me withdraw my application."

"No, my child. I'll hold on to this application because you sure do know the history of the world. You're hired, magna cum laude."

"And that is how a little O'Shaughnessy girl from a Missouri farm succeeded to the first official rank and title of the man who won the First World War.

"James O'Shaughnessy,

"Advertising Counselor."

Selective Service Act Raises Pay

The selective service bill cleared conference late this week, with Senate and House conferees coming to agreement on differences between the House and Senate versions of the legislation to draft the nation's manpower to meet the emergency.

As agreed to in conference, the bill calls for the registration of 16,500,000 citizens between the ages of 21 and 35, from which 400,000 will be immediately called for training. The training period has been left at one year. Subsequently, additional groups will be called in April and October of 1941.

The conferees agreed to a "draft industry" provision which permits the Government to commandeer non-cooperating plants for defense work under the present national emergency. The conferees decided that the President should have this power, "if the public necessity is immediate and the emergency in the public service is imperative."

Senator Sheppard described this latest

change in language as "designed to meet world conditions."

Pay

In another change, the conferees made permanent the increase from 21 to 30 dollars a month in initial enlisted men's pay. As passed by the Senate and the House, this pay increase was effective for only five years, but the conferees deemed that the increase should be permanent and modified the language accordingly.

Strength of the Army

Enlisted strength of the Army on 31 Aug. was 302,272. The immediate goal of the Recruiting Service is 342,262, which at the present rate of enlistments should be reached in about a month.

Authorized strength of the Army is 375,000, but many of the enlisted men destined for the Air Corps are not desired immediately due to lack of accommodations for them.

CLASSIFIED

Rate: 5 cents per word; minimum \$1.00. Forms close 5 p.m. Thursdays. Payment must be made before publication. Phone Hobart 6477.

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OFFICER'S LONG OVERCOAT SIZE 40. Must be first class condition. State cash price. Address CRS, c/o Army-Navy Journal.

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418 QUE ST., N. W. Beautiful eight room home in Foxhall Village. \$115.00. Owner, Col. Floyd Kramer. Write or call Lt. Ivan C. Rumsey, 4057 Hurst Terrace, N. W.

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Former Naval Reserve Officer, ex-Chief Yeoman, USN, wants position as assistant to Supply Officer or as Military Property Custodian with ROTC Unit at College or University. Excellent education, including LL.B. Degree. Capable office man; executive ability. A-1 typist. Age 49. Married. Available immediately. Write WILLIAM FITZ-GIBBONS, POSTOFFICE BOX 708, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

WANTED

Good, strong solo cornet for sergeant's vacancy. Need one good trombone. Men doubling piano given preference. No boozers. All letters answered. C. Cercone, Band Leader, First Infantry, Ft. Warren, Wyoming.

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FINANCE

Financial Digest

With heavy industries enjoying something of a boom, with continued favorable business reports, with an initial stiffening of prices, and with employment rising, it would seem that the country could look forward to full industrial activity to the benefit of National Defense and better times. There is another side of the picture, however, which concerns Capital, and that is the attitude of the Government as expressed by the President and by legislation pending in Congress. In his speech before the International Brotherhood of Teamsters on Wednesday night, the President, speaking in a dual role of his office and a candidate for reelection, stressed the right of the Government to requisition the services of men and industries whenever an occasion requires. Of course, this is true, but it is connected up with various previous developments—Mrs. Roosevelt's conscription of wealth, the charge Solicitor General Biddle made that business is indisposed to cooperate in national defense unless promised large profits, and the passage by the Senate of the draft industry amendment whereby any plant or facility that refused to accept a contract under terms laid down by the Secretary of War or Navy, could be taken over permanently by the Government. There was also the bill taxing the excess profits, and including an amortization proposal, passed by the House, which it was charged would destroy small business and prevent new enterprises. Fortunately, the draft industry amendment was modified by the House and later in conference, and, as reported, grants the power of seizure in case of recalcitrance much along the lines of that in the National Defense Act and in decisions of the Supreme Court. The excess profits bill also has been modified by the Senate, and, for example, will not repeal the policy under which the aircraft industry can be retarded. The promise, therefore, is that the legislation will be more satisfactory to business than it is to the New Dealers. Many of them, who have been strenuously advocating supreme power to the President, are opposed to the principles of private enterprise, and industry has apprehended that they would use a loose provision of law to im-

pose permanent government control and even operation upon it. That danger seems to have passed, and industry less trammelled than feared will be able to respond whole heartedly to government requirements.

Of importance, too, in connection with the business situation is the passage by the Senate of the bill which would provide the Export-Import Bank with \$500,000,000 for economic defense in the Western Hemisphere. A similar bill was recently passed by the House, and attached to it was an authorization for loans in the total amount of \$1,500,000,000 by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation. That authorization the Senate rejected. According to the Department of Commerce, Canada and Latin America took 35% of our exports in 1939, which has increased to 50%. Europe took 40% of our exports last year, but the trade with that continent, saving Great Britain, is practically negligible. It is the aim of the Administration to use the loans the Export-Import Bank will be able to make, to control Latin American surpluses and even take them off the market. Such procedure is regarded as necessary in order to stimulate Hemispherical trade but especially to prevent want and suffering in the southern Republics, which would precipitate revolution. Critics of the loans say the only effect of them will be to pour money down a rathole, and that once we start granting them we must continue until the American Treasury will be bankrupt.

Merchant Marine

The interests of private shipping lines in competition with government lines were under consideration by the Maritime Commission this week as its Division of Regulation warned the Panama Canal (War Department controlled in large part) that its requirements that shipments to the Canal from New York must move by the Panama Line (also government controlled) must be cancelled.

The commission also requested cancellation as soon as possible of preferential rates on cement and other cargo consigned to the Panama Canal or to other government departments, agencies and contractors there.

Upon failure to accede to either re-

MERCHANT MARINE

quest the commission "will consider the institution of a formal proceeding of investigation upon its own motion."

Between 1 Jan. 1938 and 15 Feb. 1940 there were transported by Atlantic Conference lines to the Canal Zone for the Panama Canal and other government departments 52,846 tons of cement to Cristobal and 6,166 tons to Balboa. Of this, the Panama Line carried 49,445 tons to Cristobal and 713 tons to Balboa, leaving 3,401 tons to Cristobal and 5,453 tons to Balboa for the other four members of the conference. No cement was transported from California during that period.

Bidders for materials were required by the Panama Canal to deliver such materials "by steamer of American Registry (Panama Line, if shipped from New York, and if permitted on passenger vessels.)"

Such invitations violate the Merchant Marine Act of 1920, the commission said, particularly that provision that "No rule or regulations shall be established which in any manner gives vessels owned by the United States any preference or favor over those vessels documented under the laws of the United States and owned by persons who are citizens of the United States."

Report Vickery Bill

The Senate Commerce Committee has reported favorably the joint resolution 292 which would authorize Comdr. Howard L. Vickery, USN, to hold office as a member of the Maritime Commission succeeding Commissioner E. C. Moran, Jr., resigned, and to receive the difference between his pay and allowances as a naval officer and the \$10,000 salary paid to members of the commission.

The House of Representatives this week passed a similar resolution.

Commander Vickery has been with the Maritime Commission since its organization and is now senior assistant to the chairman, in charge of all shipbuilding, design and construction work.

Charter Order Issued

The Maritime Commission this week promulgated General Order No. 24, governing charters to non-citizens of vessels documented under the laws of the United States.

Seven Launchings Scheduled

The following tentative schedule of

launchings of vessels being built by the Maritime Commission was released this week:

15 Sept. C-3 cargo vessel Excelsior, at Ingalls SB Corp., Pascagoula, Miss., for American Export Lines.

20 Sept. Cargo vessel Robin Locksley, at Bethlehem's Sparrows Point, Md., plant for Seas Shipping Co.

28 Sept. C-1 cargo vessel Cape Flattery at Seattle-Tacoma SB Corp., Seattle, Wash.

1 Oct. C-1 cargo vessel Cape May at Bethlehem's Staten Island yards.

4 Oct. C-3 combination vessel President Hayes at Newport News SB & DD Co., for American President Lines. C-1 cargo vessel Alcoa Pioneer at Bethlehem's San Francisco plant for Ocean Dominion SS Co.

5 Oct. C-1 cargo vessel Zoella Lykes at Federal SB & DD Co., Kearny, N. J., for Lykes Bros. SS Co.

The C-1 cargo ship Lipscomb Lykes was launched 7 Sept. at Bethlehem's Sparrows Point yards for Lykes Brothers, with Miss Elizabeth Lewis Lykes as sponsor. On 9 Sept. the Howell Lykes, tenth C-3 cargo ship to be placed in service, was delivered to Lykes at the Kearny, N. J., plant of Federal SB & DD Co. The vessel will operate between Gulf ports and Far East ports.

The Maritime Commission this week approved application of Merchants and Miners Transportation Co., Baltimore, Md., for sale of the passenger liner Essex to a Panama company. The Essex, built in 1890, was of 3,018 gross tons.

One Bid on Liners

The Maritime Commission announced receipt of a single bid for construction of two trans-Pacific luxury liners for operation from San Francisco to the Orient.

Seattle-Tacoma SB Corp., Seattle, Wash., asked on a fixed price basis, \$28,458,000 for each of two, and on an adjusted price basis \$23,715,000 for each of two. Time for construction of first ship, 1080 days; second ship, 1445 days.

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First Corps Area

Boston, Mass.

Lt. Col. John C. Mullenix has returned from a survey of New England's airports.

The Flying Cadet Travelling Examining Board examined candidates Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday at Manchester, N. H., and Thursday and Friday at Portland, Maine. The Board is headed by Capt. Clarence A. Tinsman (MC), Flight Surgeon, and is composed of Capt. Eli Hastings, Jr., AC-Res., Capt. William J. McCracken, AC-Res., and 2nd Lt. Joseph A. Kelly, AC.

One of the high lights of the early winter social program was the dance given last night by the Consolidated Headquarters Detachment. More than 300 persons attended. Music was furnished by a 22-piece orchestra. Novel entertainment was supplied by two young women who read palms, one dressed as a gypsy, and the other as an Indian maiden. Ample refreshments were served.

Ft. Ethan Allen, Vt.

The 7th FA has settled down into a period of intensive training in service firing. Two battalions on the range every day and training is being conducted in firing problems by the officers, both regular and reserve, and in gun crew duties by the enlisted men. Accuracy is stressed first, and speed second, both of which have improved within the last week.

Aggressive recruiting will continue until the quota allotted the 7th FA has been filled. The class of men enlisting has been setting a higher standard recently, but nevertheless, the school of the soldier and close order drill is given as much time and attention as formerly.

Three reserve officers, who have been recently assigned to duty with the 7th FA have left for Ft. Sill, Okla., to take the three months' Battery Officers Course. They are: 1st Lts. James C. Haurahan and Hugh G. Brown, and 2nd Lt. M. Dudley Buck.

Westover Field, Mass.

Orders have been received from the War Department to proceed with plan to construct additional temporary buildings. The directive provides for 79 buildings at an estimated cost of \$725,760. With this construction, housing will be available for 320 officers and 2772 men, in addition to buildings for administrative purposes, Air Corps operations, hospital, storehouses, schools, Post Exchange, and other structures essential to the operation of an Air Base. Plans and specifications are being prepared and invitations for bids will be issued in the near future.

Ft. Devens, Mass.

Size of the reception center will be increased from 1,000-man capacity to 1,500-man capacity. The additional facilities will include one receiving building and warehouse, ten barracks, one consolidated mess hall, and various necessary utilities, telephones, etc. The barracks will house 63 men each, and there will be five barracks per 250-man company, with the first floor of each being used for company administration and supply.

Ft. McKinley, Me.

The 68th CA (AA) has commenced an intensive training schedule of outdoor and classroom instruction. The 68th CA band will play every Monday and Thursday during drills, guard-mountings and parades.

Battery F, 68th CA (AA) is now at its new station at the Massachusetts Military Reservation, Falmouth.

Ft. Adams, R. I.

Plans are in preparation for the housing of the 243rd Coast Artillery, Rhode Island National Guard. Colonel Webster, its regimental commander, visited the post recently for consultation on temporary quarters for the regiment.

Col. J. J. Reddy, Corps Area Surgeon, visited the post recently and discussed with the Commanding Officer, plans for the construction of hospitals at Forts Adams and Wetherill.

Col. Mark Ireland, Corps Area Quartermaster, visited the post recently.

A dance in honor of Col. and Mrs. R. T. Pendleton was held at the Officers' Club with approximately 200 in attendance.

Industry and Defense

Award of a contract on a cost-plus-fixed-fee basis to the Savage Arms Corporation, Utica, N. Y., for the equipping of a machine gun plant at an approximate cost of \$17,600,000.00, was announced this week.

The Savage Arms Corporation will purchase or produce and then install in existing buildings now owned by that firm, the equipment necessary for the quantity production of machine guns. Title to this equipment will remain with the Government.

Upon completion of the tooling, which is to be accomplished within 15 months, the Savage Arms Corporation will operate the facilities for the War Department under production orders to be announced at a later date.

The contract was cleared by the Advisory Commission to the Council of National Defense.

Edward R. Stettinius, Jr., member of the National Defense Advisory Commission in charge of the Industrial Materials Division, has announced the following appointments to his staff:

Mr. D. C. Everest, President of the Marathen Paper Mills Company of Rothschild, Wis., and former President of the American Paper and Pulp Association, as Group Executive of the Pulp and Paper Section; and

Mr. Charles W. Boyce, Vice-President of the Northwest Paper Company, Cloquet, Minn., as Assistant Group Executive of the Pulp and Paper Section.

The War Department announced the award of a contract to the Bell Aircraft Corporation, Buffalo, N. Y., for 120 pursuit airplanes with spare parts at a cost of \$4,962,220.00. This contract was cleared through the National Defense Advisory Commission.

This award brings the total under the 1940-41 appropriations to 2,797 out of 4,247 airplanes authorized. Of the 2,797 airplanes, 963 are of combat type.

"Potential supplies of toluene used in the highly important explosive TNT are adequate for all anticipated United States requirements," E. R. Stettinius, Jr., in charge of the Industrial Materials Division of the National Defense Advisory Commission, stated in making public the result of a study just completed in conjunction with the Army and Navy. The report showed present commercial needs of toluene for paints, lacquers, and other materials can be met by recovery from by-product coke-ovens. Experimental production of toluene from petroleum indicates this is an entirely practical source of supply. Large volumes can be made available in a relatively short time by the installation of additional recovery equipment. Plans are being made to provide stock piles of toluene to prevent a temporary shortage.

Seizing Machine Tools

The Senate Military Affairs Committee has reported favorably the bill H.R. 10339, which authorizes the President to requisition for military or naval use such machine tools, equipment and other supplies necessary to the defense program as have been prepared or are being prepared for export or are ready for export, for which no export license has been granted. The bill provides that a fair market value should be paid.

In connection with the legislation, Secretary of War Henry L. Stimson addressed a letter to the Senate committee, in which he said in part:

"There are on hand at our seaboard considerable quantities of articles of the character described in the act of 2 July 1940, notably metal-working machinery, applications for the export of which have been denied under authority of that act. In numerous instances title to this property has passed to foreign owners who refuse to sell or relinquish control of it. In many cases these articles are needed by the United States or its contractors for use in fabricating items required for the national defense. Because similar articles cannot be obtained without delay our defense preparedness efforts are being retarded. This proposed legislation will remedy this situation by legalizing the seizure of such articles in proper cases with just compensation to their owners."

Limit Foreign Agents

Representative Izac, of Calif., this week introduced a bill H.R. 10492, which would limit the total number of diplomatic or consular officers or attaches accredited to and maintained in the United States by any foreign power to the number of such officers or attaches accredited by the United States to and maintained in any foreign country.

Mr. Izac stated that the bill is designed to prevent any foreign power from padding its diplomatic roster in the United States with men who are ostensibly legitimate representatives but who are actually an important cadre in un-American activities. The measure has been referred to the Foreign Affairs Committee of the House, where early consideration is forecast.

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